

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 361/W168 - PRO-NETIC WATER BASED MAGNETIC CHALKBOARD PAINT - BLACK

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking			
1.1. Product identifier			
Product name	361/W168 - PRO-NETIC WATER BASED MAGNETIC CHALKBOARD PAINT - BLACK		
Product number	361/W168/2		
1.2. Relevant identified uses o	of the substance or mixture and uses ad	vised against	
Identified uses	Paint.		
Uses advised against	No specific uses advised against are	identified.	
1.3. Details of the supplier of t	he safety data sheet		
Supplier	COO-VAR Lockwood Street Hull HU2 0HN UK +441482328053 (T) +441482219266 (F) info@coo-var.co.uk	TEAL & MACKRILL EU B.V. Queens Towers Deflandlaan 1 1062 EA Amsterdam The Netherlands +31 (0)208 004828 (T) +441482219266 (F) info@coo-var.co.uk	
Contact person	Technical Department -, 08.30 - 16.30	) hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri, as above	
1.4. Emergency telephone nur	1.4. Emergency telephone number		
Emergency telephone	 +44 (0) 1482 328053 Coo-Var (08.30 - 16.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri)		
National emergency telephone number	<b>9</b> 0344 892 0111		
SDS No.	20409		
SECTION 2: Hazards identific	ation		
2.1. Classification of the subst	ance or mixture		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)			
Physical hazards	Not Classified		
Health hazards	Not Classified		
Environmental hazards	Not Classified		
Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) 2.2. Label elements	-		
Hazard statements	NC Not Classified		

Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P102 Keep out of reach of children.</li> <li>P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.</li> <li>P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.</li> <li>P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.</li> <li>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label information	Contains a biocidal product Contains CMIT/MIT (3:1) and BIT. May produce an allergic reaction.

### 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures		
Magnetite Iron Oxide		60-100%
CAS number: 1332-37-2	EC number: 215-570-8	
Classification		
Not Classified		
Monopropylene glycol		<1%
CAS number: 57-55-6	EC number: 200-338-0	REACH registration number: 01-
		2119456809-23-xxxx
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Not Classified	-	
BRONOPOL (INN)		<0.025%
CAS number: 52-51-7	EC number: 200-143-0	
M factor (Acute) = 10	M factor (Chronic) = 1	
Classification		
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
Acute Tox. 4 - H312		
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		
Eye Dam. 1 - H318		
STOT SE 3 - H335		
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400		
Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410		

1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE		<0.008%
CAS number: 2634-33-5	EC number: 220-120-9	REACH registration number: 01- 2120761540-60-XXXX
M factor (Acute) = 1		
Classification	Classification (67/	548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
Acute Tox, 4 - H302	Xn;R22 R43 Xi;R3	-
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		
Eye Dam. 1 - H318		
Skin Sens. 1 - H317		
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400		
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H- 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) CAS number: 55965-84-9	-isothiazol-3-one and	<0.0015%
M factor (Acute) = 100	M factor (Chronic) = 100	
Classification Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 2 - H310 Acute Tox. 2 - H330 Skin Corr. 1 - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1B - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410		

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.	
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.	
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.	
Skin contact	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water.	
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.	
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		
General information	Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.	
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Notes for the doctor	No specific recommendations.	

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures		
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.	
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	om the substance or mixture	
Specific hazards	The product is non-combustible. Toxic and corrosive gases or vapours.	
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.	
SECTION 6: Accidental release	e measures	
6.1. Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures	
Personal precautions	Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.	
6.2. Environmental precaution	<u>S</u>	
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.	
6.3. Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up	
Methods for cleaning up	Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. For waste disposal, see Section 13.	
6.4. Reference to other section	ns	
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8.	
SECTION 7: Handling and sto	rage	
7.1. Precautions for safe hand	ling	
Usage precautions	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash hands and any other contaminated areas of the body with soap and water before leaving the work site. The Manual Handling Operations Regulations may apply to the handling of containers of this product. To assist employers, the following method of calculating the weight for any pack size is given. Take the pack size volume in litres and multiply this figure by the specific gravity value given in section 9. This will give the net weight of the coating in kilograms. Allowance will then have to be made for the immediate packaging to give an approximate gross weight.	
7.2. Conditions for safe storag	e, including any incompatibilities	
Storage precautions	Store in closed original container at temperatures between 5°C and 25°C. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Protect from freezing and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Keep containers upright. Store away from the following materials: Oxidising materials. Alkalis. Acids.	

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.Usage descriptionCollect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the<br/>containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon<br/>as possible.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

#### Magnetite Iron Oxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 5 as Fe mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 10 as mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 as Fe

#### Monopropylene glycol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 150 ppm 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

### Cellulose, 2 - hydroxyethyl ether, retarded

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m3 total dust Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 4 mg/m3 resp.dust WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

### Monopropylene glycol (CAS: 57-55-6)

DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 168 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Consumer - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
PNEC	- Fresh water; 260 mg/l - marine water; 26 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 572 mg/l - Sediment (Marinewater); 57.2 mg/l - Soil; 50 mg/kg - STP; 20000 mg/l

- Intermittent release; 183 mg/l

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Protective equipment





Appropriate engineering controls

Eye/face protection

Hand protection

Provide adequate ventilation. Observe Occupational Exposure Limits and minimise the risk of inhalation of vapours.

Wear approved, tight fitting safety glasses where splashing is probable.

To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standards EN388 and 374. As a general principle, exposure should be managed by means other than the provision of protective gloves. Manufacturers' performance data suggest that the optimum glove for use should be: Neoprene, nitrile, polyethylene or PVC. Barrier cream applied before work may make it easier to clean the skin after exposure, but does not prevent absorption through the skin. It should be noted that liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent changes are recommended. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material.

Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent reasonably probable skin contact.
Hygiene measures	No specific hygiene procedures recommended but good personal hygiene practices should always be observed when working with chemical products.
Respiratory protection	Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the airborne concentration exceeds 10 mg/m3. In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of dust, use suitable respiratory equipment with particle filter (type P2).

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Appearance	Coloured liquid.	
Colour	Black.	
Odour	Mild.	
Odour threshold	Not determined.	
рН	pH (concentrated solution): 7.5 - 9.0	
Melting point	Not relevant.	
Initial boiling point and range	>100°C @ 760 mm Hg	
Flash point	Not applicable.	
Evaporation rate	Not determined.	
Evaporation factor	Not determined.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not applicable.	
Vapour pressure	Not determined.	
Vapour density	Not determined.	
Relative density	~ 2.25 @ 20°C	
Bulk density	Not applicable.	
Solubility(ies)	Miscible with water	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.	
Viscosity	9 - 12 Rotothinner P @ 25°C 0.9 - 1.0 Cone and plate P @ 25°C	
Explosive properties	Not applicable.	
Explosive under the influence of a flame	Not considered to be explosive.	
Oxidising properties	The mixture itself has not been tested but none of the ingredient substances meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.	
9.2. Other information		
Volatile organic compound	EU: (cat A/i): 140 g/l 2010. This product contains a maximum VOC content of 30 g/l.	
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity		

## 10.1. Reactivity

mg/kg)

Species

# 361/W168 - PRO-NETIC WATER BASED MAGNETIC CHALKBOARD PAINT - BLACK

Reactivity		There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.	
10.2. Chemi	cal stability		
Stability		Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.	
10.3. Possib	ility of hazardous re	eactions	
Possibility of reactions	f hazardous	Not determined.	
10.4. Condit	ions to avoid		
Conditions to	o avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with the following materials: Acids. Oxidising agents.	
10.5. Incom	patible materials		
Materials to	avoid	Strong alkalis. Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents.	
10.6. Hazaro	dous decompositior	n products	
Hazardous of products	lecomposition	Oxides of carbon. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours.	
SECTION 1	1: Toxicological info	ormation	
11.1. Inform	ation on toxicologic	al effects	
Toxicologica	I effects	No data recorded.	
General info	rmation	No specific health hazards known.	
Inhalation		No specific health hazards known.	
Ingestion		No harmful effects expected from quantities likely to be ingested by accident.	
Skin contact		Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.	
Eye contact		May cause temporary eye irritation.	
Acute and cl hazards	hronic health	This product has low toxicity. Only large quantities are likely to have adverse effects on human health.	
Route of exp	osure	Skin absorption. Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact.	
Medical con	siderations	Skin disorders and allergies.	
Toxicologica	I information on ing	gredients.	
		Monopropylene glycol	
	Acute toxicity - ora	al	
	Acute toxicity oral mg/kg)	<b>(LD₅</b> 20,000.0	
	Species	Rat	
	ATE oral (mg/kg)	20,000.0	
	Acute toxicity - de	rmal	
	Acute toxicity derr	nal (LD∞ 2,100.0	

Rabbit

ATE dermal (mg/kg)	2,100.0
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not irritating.
Serious eye damage/irritati	on
Serious eye damage/irritation	Not irritating.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	Not sensitising.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Not sensitising.
	Cellulose, 2 - hydroxyethyl ether, retarded
Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	2,100.0
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	2,100.0
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not irritating.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	There is no evidence that the product can cause respiratory hypersensitivity.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Not sensitising.
	1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE
Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	1,193.0
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	1,193.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	4,115.0
Species	Rat
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	4,115.0
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	
Acute toxicity - oral	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	100.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	

ATE dermal (mg/kg)50.0Acute toxicity - inhalationATE inhalation (vapours<br/>mg/l)0.5

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### Ecotoxicity

There are no data on the ecotoxicity of this product.

## 12.1. Toxicity

Ecological information on ingredients.

## Monopropylene glycol

Acute aquatic toxicity	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC50, 96 hours: 40613 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, > 48 hours: 43500 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 96 hours: 19000 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus EC₅₀, 96 hours: 19000 mg/l, Freshwater algae
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	NOEC, 18 hours: 20000 mg/l, Activated sludge
	Cellulose, 2 - hydroxyethyl ether, retarded
Acute aquatic toxicity	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC50, 96 hours: >500 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish)
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC₅₀, : >1000 mg/l,
	BRONOPOL (INN)
Acute aquatic toxicity	
LE(C) <sub>50</sub>	$0.01 < L(E)C50 \le 0.1$
M factor (Acute)	10
Chronic aquatic toxicity	
M factor (Chronic)	1
	1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE
Acute aquatic toxicity	
LE(C)₅₀	$0.1 < L(E)C50 \le 1$
M factor (Acute)	1
Acute toxicity - fish	$LC_{50}$ , 96 hours: 2.18 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 2.94 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	EC₅₀, 72 hours: 0.11 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

## Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)

Acute aquatic toxicity		
LE(C)₅₀	$0.001 < L(E)C50 \le 0.01$	
M factor (Acute)	100	
Chronic aquatic toxicity		
M factor (Chronic)	100	
12.2. Persistence and degradability		
Persistence and degradability The pro	oduct is expected to be biodegradable.	
Ecological information on ingredients.		
	Monopropylene glycol	
Persistence and degradability	The product is readily biodegradable.	
Biodegradation	- Degradation 81%: > 28 days	
	- Degradation 96%: 64 days	
Cellulose, 2 - hydroxyethyl ether, retarded		
Persistence and degradability	The product is biodegradable.	
Chemical oxygen demand	< 1.5 g O₂/g substance	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
Bioaccumulative potential No data	a available on bioaccumulation.	
Ecological information on ingredients.		
	Monopropylene glycol	
Bioaccumulative potential	The product is not bioaccumulating. BCF: < 100,	
Partition coefficient	log Pow: 1.07	
Cellulose, 2 - hydroxyethyl ether, retarded		
Bioaccumulative potential	The product is not bioaccumulating.	
Partition coefficient	log Pow: < 1%	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
Mobility The pro	oduct contains substances, which are water soluble and may spread in water systems.	
Ecological information on ingredients.		
	Monopropylene glycol	
Mobility	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.	
Henry's law constant	0.00566 atm m3/mol @ @ 12 °C°C	
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment		

**Results of PBT and vPvB** This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. assessment

### Ecological information on ingredients.

### Monopropylene glycol

**Results of PBT and vPvB** This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. assessment

### Cellulose, 2 - hydroxyethyl ether, retarded

**Results of PBT and vPvB** This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. assessment

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not determined.

Ecological information on ingredients.

### Cellulose, 2 - hydroxyethyl ether, retarded

Other adverse effects Not known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information	Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Waste should be treated as controlled waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.
Disposal methods	Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.
Waste class	When this coating, in its liquid state, as supplied, becomes a waste, it is categorised as non-hazardous waste, with code 08 01 12 (WATER BASED LIQUID WASTE). Part used containers, not drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dry residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as non-hazardous waste, with code 08 01 12 (WATER BASED LIQUID WASTE). If mixed with other wastes, the above waste code may not be applicable. Used containers, drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dry residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as non-hazardous waste, with code 15 01 02 (plastic packaging) or 15 01 04 (metal packaging).

### SECTION 14: Transport information

### General

The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

### 14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

No information required.

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

### Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No. 2677) (as amended).
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).
Guidance	Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Abbreviations and acronyms	ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.
used in the safety data sheet	ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by
	Road.
	CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.
	DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.
	GHS: Globally Harmonized System.
	ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.
	IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
	LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).
	PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.
	REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation
	(EC) No 1907/2006.
	PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
	RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by
	Rail.
	SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern.
	vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
	cATpE: Converted Acute Toxicity Point Estimate.
	EC₅o: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) Asp. Tox. = Aspiration hazard Carc. = Carcinogenicity Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation Resp. Sens. = Respiratory sensitisation Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure
Revision comments	Issued in new format for Reach compliance in accordance with EC 1272/2008 Issued in accordance with Annex II to REACH, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 Addition of EU supplier information
Issued by	Technical Dept. (N.O.)
Revision date	13/12/2021
Revision	2.0
Supersedes date	02/07/2020
SDS number	20409
SDS status	Approved.
Hazard statements in full	<ul> <li>H301 Toxic if swallowed.</li> <li>H302 Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>H310 Fatal in contact with skin.</li> <li>H312 Harmful in contact with skin.</li> <li>H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H318 Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H330 Fatal if inhaled.</li> <li>H335 May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.</li> <li>H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Signature	Initials

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.