Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758



SAFETY DATA SHEET

3369AE & 3380AE CombiPrimer Primers

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: 3369AE & 3380AE CombiPrimer Primers
Product description	: Aerosol. Paint
Product type	: Aerosol.
UFI	: HM31-30Q0-U00T-EUWU

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses		
Consumer Industrial Professional		
Uses advised against Reason		

None identified.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

RUST-OLEUM EUROPE Martin Mathys NV, Kolenbergstraat 23, B-3545 Zelem, Belgium Telephone no.: +32 (0) 13 460 200 Fax no.: +32 (0) 13 460 201

Tor Coatings Limited Unit 21, White Rose Way, Follingsby Park, Gateshead, Tyne & Wear, NE10 8YX United Kingdom Telephone no.: +44 (0) 191 4106611 Fax no.: +44 (0) 191 4920125 enquiries@tor-coatings.com

e-mail address of person : rpmeurohas@rustoleum.eu responsible for this SDS

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre	
<u>Supplier</u>	
Telephone number United Kingdom: Great Britain	: +44 870 8200418 / +44 2038073798
Hours of operation	: 24/7

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# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aerosol 1, H222, H229

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

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See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms

Signal word	Danger	
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H222, H229 - Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst i heated.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>	
Precautionary statements		
General	<ul><li>P103 - Read carefully and follow all instructions.</li><li>P102 - Keep out of reach of children.</li><li>P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.</li></ul>	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignit sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.</li> <li>P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapour or spray.</li> <li>P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.</li> </ul>	tion
Response	P391 - Collect spillage.	
Storage	P410 + P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding °C.	j 50
Disposal	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	,
Hazardous ingredients	Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene xylene (mixture of isomeres)	
Supplemental label elements	EUH211 - Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when spray Do not breathe spray or mist.	ed.
Supplemental label elements : Detergents - Regulation (EC) No 907/2006	Not applicable.	

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

 Annex XVII - Restrictions
 : Not applicable.

 on the manufacture,
 placing on the market and

 placing on the market and
 use of certain dangerous

 substances, mixtures and
 articles

 Special packaging requirements
 Containers to be fitted

 with child-resistant
 : Not applicable.

 fastenings
 Tactile warning of danger
 : Yes, applicable.

### 2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2 Mixtures

### : Mixture

11	12	
United	Kingdom:	Great Britain

Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
REACH #: 01-2119472128-37 EC: 204-065-8 CAS: 115-10-6	≥50 - ≤75	Flam. Gas 1A, H220	-	[2]
REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 List #: 905-588-0	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6	≤5	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
REACH #: 01-2119489370-35	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 17 mg/	[1] [2]
	REACH #: 01-2119472128-37 EC: 204-065-8 CAS: 115-10-6 REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 List #: 905-588-0 REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6 REACH #:	REACH #: 01-2119472128-37 EC: 204-065-8 CAS: 115-10-6 $\geq 50 - \leq 75$ REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 List #: 905-588-0 $\geq 10 - \leq 25$ REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 $\leq 10$ REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6 $\leq 5$	REACH #: 01-2119472128-37 EC: 204-065-8 CAS: 115-10-6       ≥50 - ≤75       Flam. Gas 1A, H220         REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 List #: 905-588-0       ≥10 - ≤25       Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304         REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7       ≤10       Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H314 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H316 Bye Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304         REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6       ≤5       Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410         REACH #: CAS: 7779-90-0       ≤3       Flam. Liq. 2, H225	Identitiers       %       Classification       Limits, M-factors and ATEs         REACH #: 01-2119472128-37 EC: 204-065-8 CAS: 115-10-6       ≥50 - ≤75       Flam. Gas 1A, H220       -         REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 List #: 905-588-0       ≥10 - ≤25       Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315       ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg         REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7       ≤10       Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H310 ATE [Inhalation] Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute

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SECTION 3: C	omposition/informat	ion or	n ingredients		
	EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4		STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≤1	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

List numbers have no legal significance.

This mixture contains  $\geq$  1% of titanium dioxide. The Annex VI classification of titanium dioxide does not apply to this mixture according to Note 10.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

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# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

<b>Over-exposure</b>	signs/s	<u>ymptoms</u>

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of any imm	nediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large
	quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
Additional information	:	Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not puncture, incinerate or store the container at temperatures above 49°C (120°F) or in direct sunlight. Container explosion may occur under fire conditions or when heated. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
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## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergen	cy procedures
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For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
6.3 Methods and material for	со	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and
Advice on general occupational hygiene	<ul> <li>and the second of the</li></ul>

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store above the following temperature: 35°C (95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

### Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P3a	150 tonne	500 tonne
E2	200 tonne	500 tonne

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

Not available.Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

### **Occupational exposure limits**

### **United Kingdom: Great Britain**

Exposure limit values
EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
STEL: 958 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 766 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-,
p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.
STEL: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-,
p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.
STEL: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
through skin.
STEL: 552 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
TWA: 44 mig/m 6 hours.

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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
xylene		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	-		
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	Ū		
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ũ		,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		Ŭ	bw/day		,
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation	Ũ	population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	<b>J</b>	population	,
	DNEL	Long term	65,3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation	,- <b>J</b> .	population	
	DNEL	Long term	65,3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	ee,eg,	population	- )
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		Long toni Donia	bw/day	population	eyetenne
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12,5 mg/	General	Systemic
	DIVEL	Long term ordi	kg bw/day	population	Cysternio
xylene (mixture of isomeres)	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DIVEL	Inhalation	442 mg/m	Wonters	Loodi
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DITE	Inhalation	22 i mg/m	TT ON TO T	Loodi
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DINEL	Long term Derma	bw/day	WORKERS	Oysterine
	DNEL	Long term	65,3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
	DIVEL	Inhalation	00,0 mg/m	population	Cysternio
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DINCL	Long term Derma	bw/day	population	Oysternic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DINCL	Long term Oral	bw/day	population	Oysternic
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	DNEL	Long term	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DINLL	Inhalation	5 mg/m	VUREIS	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	2,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
	DINLL		2,5 mg/m		Systemic
		Inhalation		population [Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DINEL		bw/day	VVUINCIS	Systemic
	DNEL	Long form Dormal		General	Svetomia
	DINEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg		Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0,83 mg/	[Consumers]	Systemic
		u ond term ural	LU X3 ma/	General	ovstemic
		Long term oral	0,00 mg/	Conora	Cyclonic

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

			kg bw/day	population [Consumers]	
ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	15 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1,6 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
zinc oxide	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2,5 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0,83 mg/ kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic

### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	<b>Compartment Detail</b>	Value	Method Detail
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Fresh water	0,327 mg/l	-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Marine water	0,327 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	12,46 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	12,46 mg/kg	-
	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	6,58 mg/l	-
xylene (mixture of isomeres)	Fresh water	0,327 mg/l	Sensitivity Distributior
	Marine water	0,327 mg/l	Sensitivity Distributior
	Fresh water sediment	12,46 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitionir
	Marine water sediment	12,46 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitionir
	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitionir
	Sewage Treatment Plant	6,58 mg/l	-
titanium dioxide	Fresh water	0,127 mg/l	-
	Marine	>1 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	>100 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	>1000 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	>100 mg/kg	-
	Soil	100 mg/kg	-
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Fresh water	48,1 µg/l	-
	Marine	14,2 µg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	550,2 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	263,9 mg/kg	-
	Soil	249,4 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	121,4 µg/l	-
ethylbenzene	Fresh water	0,1 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0,01 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	13,7 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	1,37 mg/kg	-
	Soil	2,68 mg/kg	-
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	Sewage Treatment	9,6 mg/l	-
	Plant		
zinc oxide	Fresh water	25,6 µg/l	-
	Marine	7,6 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	64,7 µg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	146 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	70,3 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	44,3 mg/kg dwt	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Fresh water	0,635 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	3,29 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0,329 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0,29 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	100 mg/l	-
	Plant		
Isopropyl alcohol	Fresh water	140,9 mg/l	-
	Marine	140,9 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	552 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	552 mg/kg	-
	Soil	28 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	2251 mg/l	-

### **8.2 Exposure controls**

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
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#### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Use eye protection according to EN 166. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

### **Skin protection**

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber (0.5mm)
		The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source: EN374. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. Recommended: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter (EN 141)
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid. [Aerosol.]			
Colour	: Grey. Red.			
Odour	: Hydrocarbon.			
Odour threshold	: Not available.			
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.			
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not available.			
Ingredient name	°C	°F		

Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method
dimethyl ether		-24,82	-12,7	
Flammability (solid, gas)	flames, Slightly shocks In use,	sparks and static flammable in the p and mechanical im may form flammab	discharge and heat presence of the follo ppacts.	owing materials or conditions: r-air mixture. Vapour may travel a

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Lower and upper explosion limit	: Lower: 3% Upper: 18%
Flash point Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature	<ul> <li>Closed cup: -40°C (-40°F) [Literature]</li> <li>350°C (662°F) [Literature]</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>
рН	: Not applicable.
pH : Justification	: Product is non-soluble (in water).
Viscosity	: Not available.

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### Solubility(ies)

Media		Result
cold water hot water		Not soluble Not soluble
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	:	420 kPa (3150,26 mm Hg) [calculated.]
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Density	:	0,86 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)] [DIN 53217]
Vapour density	:	>1 [Air = 1]
Explosive properties	:	Highly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat and shocks and mechanical impacts. Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not puncture, incinerate or store the container at temperatures above 49°C (120°F) or in direct sunlight. Container explosion may occur under fire conditions or when heated. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Oxidising properties	:	Not available.
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	÷	Not applicable.
.2 Other information		
Heat of combustion	:	18,42 kJ/g
Aerosol product		
Type of aerosol	:	Spray

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
10.5 Incompatible materials	: No specific data.

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# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dimethyl ether	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Mouse	386 ppm	0,5 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	308000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	164000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	309 g/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
Reaction mass of	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	27124 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
ethylbenzene and xylene			Ŭ	
,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12126 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3523 mg/kg	-
xylene (mixture of isomeres)	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
,	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6670 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	29091 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	4,2 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5,7 mg/l	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	50000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17 mg/l	4 hours
	LCLo Inhalation Vapour	Rat	4000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Mouse	2500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	mists		Ŭ	
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	mists		Ŭ	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15 g/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	
dimethyl ether	N/A	N/A	164000	309	N/A
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	3523	1100	N/A	11	N/A
xylene (mixture of isomeres)	4300	1100	N/A	11	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	N/A	N/A	17	N/A

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams	-
Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-
Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Eyes - Mild irritantRabbitEyes - Moderate irritantRabbitEyes - Severe irritantRabbitSkin - Mild irritantRatSkin - Moderate irritantRabbitSkin - Moderate irritantRabbit	Eyes - Mild irritantRabbit-Eyes - Moderate irritantRabbit-Eyes - Severe irritantRabbit-Skin - Mild irritantRat-Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit-Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit-Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit-Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit-	Eyes - Mild irritantRabbit-87 milligramsEyes - Moderate irritantRabbitEyes - Severe irritantRabbitSkin - Mild irritantRat-24 hours 5Skin - Moderate irritantRat-8 hours 60Skin - Moderate irritantRabbit-100 PercentSkin - Moderate irritantRabbit-24 hours 500Skin - Severe irritantRabbit-500

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ECTION 11: Toxic	ological informatio	n		
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		urs 15  -
			millig	
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit		urs 500 -
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	- milligi - 24 ho	urs 500 -
		T CLODIN	milligi	
Conclusion/Summary			1	I
Skin	: Causes skin irritation.			
Eyes	: Causes serious eye in	ritation.		
Respiratory	: May cause respiratory repeated exposure if i		damage to orga	ns through prolonged o
<u>Sensitisation</u>				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: Based on available da	ta, the classification of	criteria are not m	et.
Respiratory	: Based on available da	ta, the classification of	criteria are not m	et.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>				
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available da	ta, the classification	criteria are not m	et.
Carcinogenicity				
	he carcinogenic hazard of thi ment of particle clearance m			is inhaled in quantities
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available da	ta, the classification of	criteria are not m	et.
Reproductive toxicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available da	ta, the classification of	criteria are not m	et.
Teratogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available da	ta, the classification of	criteria are not m	et.
<u>Specific target organ toxi</u>	<u>icity (single exposure)</u>			
Product/ir	ngredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Reaction mass of ethylben	zene and xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene (mixture of isomeres)		Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Specific target organ toxi	city (repeated exposure)			
Product/ir	ngredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Reaction mass of ethylben	zene and xylene	Category 2	-	-
		and inhalation	_	
xylene (mixture of isomere ethylbenzene	es)	Category 2 Category 2	oral, inhalation	hearing organs

**Aspiration hazard** 

Product/ingredient name	Result
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
xylene (mixture of isomeres)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation. Routes of entry not anticipated: Oral.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	May cause respiratory irritation.

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	logical information
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Deleved and immediate office	to as well as shrenis offects from short and long term experies
<u>Short term exposure</u>	ts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary General Carcinogenicity	<ul> <li>Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.</li> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> </ul>
Mutagenicity Reproductive toxicity	<ul> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> </ul>

### **11.2 Information on other hazards**

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting propertiesNot available.11.2.2 Other informationNot available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	NOEC 0,44 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
, ,	NOEC 0,96 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	7 days
	NOEC 1,3 mg/l	Fish	56 days
xylene (mixture of isomeres)	Acute EC50 1,3 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours
<b>,</b> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Acute LC50 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia spec.	24 hours
	Acute NOEC 0,44 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0,96 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia spec.	21 days
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute EC50 5,7 mg/l	Daphnia spec ceriodaphnia	48 hours
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# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

		dubia	
	Acute IC50 1,87 mg/l	Algae - selenastrum	72 hours
		capricornutum	
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	96 hours
,	10	subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 9,46 to 6530 µg/l Fresh	Crustaceans - Artemia sp	48 hours
	water	Nauplii	
	Acute EC50 4,4 to 2970 µg/l Fresh	Daphnia spec Daphnia	48 hours
	water	magna - Neonate	
	Acute LC50 5200 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis	48 hours
	10	bahia	
	Acute LC50 13,7 to 8780 µg/l Fresh	Crustaceans - Artemia sp	48 hours
	water	Nauplii	
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 11 to 9090 µg/l Fresh	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	water		
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	96 hours
		subcapitata	
zinc oxide	Acute EC50 0,024 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0,137 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0,413 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0,481 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia spec Daphnia	48 hours
		magna - Neonate	
	Acute IC50 46 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
		subcapitata - Exponential	
		growth phase	
	Acute LC50 98 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia spec Daphnia	48 hours
		magna - Neonate	
	Acute LC50 0,33 to 0,78 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0,019 mg/l	Algae	7 days
	Chronic NOEC 0,037 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0,082 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	7 days
	Chronic NOEC 0,199 mg/l	Fish	30 days

**Conclusion/Summary** : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
xylene (mixture of isomeres)	- OECD 301F	90 % - Readily - 5 d 87,8 % - 28 days	lays	-	-
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b> : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. This product has not been tested for biodegradation.					
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life P		Photolysis	5	Biodegradability
xylene (mixture of isomeres) ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily Readily

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
dimethyl ether	0,07	-	low
xylene (mixture of isomeres)	3,12	8.1 to 25.9	low
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	60960	high
ethylbenzene	3,6	79,43	low
zinc oxide	-	177	low

### **12.4 Mobility in soil**

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc) Mobility : Volatile.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

### **13.1 Waste treatment methods**

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation				
20 01 27*	paint, inks, adhesives and resins containing hazardous substances				
	This material and its container must be dispessed of in a sofe way. Empty containers				

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers Special precautions or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS, flammable. Marine pollutant (trizinc bis (orthophosphate))	AEROSOLS, flammable
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	2		2.1	2.1
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
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#### **SECTION 14: Transport information** 14.5 Yes. Yes. Yes. Yes. The **Environmental** environmentally hazardous substance hazards mark is not required. Additional The environmentally The environmentally The marine pollutant The environmentally hazardous substance information hazardous substance mark is not required hazardous substance mark is not required mark is not required when transported in mark may appear if when transported in when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 \text{ L}$ or $\leq 5 \text{ kg}$ . required by other sizes of $\leq 5 \text{ L}$ or $\leq 5 \text{ kg}$ . sizes of $\leq 5 \text{ L}$ or $\leq 5 \text{ kg}$ . Emergency transportation Limited quantity : < regulations. schedules F-D, S-U Quantity limitation 1L **Remarks** : < 1L: Tunnel code (D) Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity -Aircraft: 75 kg. IMDG 3.4 Packaging instructions: 203. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: 203. Limited Quantities -Passenger Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions: Y203.

14.6 Special precautions for user	:	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
14.7 Transport in bulk	÷	Not available.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **Other EU regulations**

according to IMO instruments

VOC	:
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	: Exempt
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed
United Kingdom: Great Bri	itain
<u>UK (GB) /REACH</u>	
Annex XIV - List of substar	nces subject to authorisation
Annex XIV	
None of the components a	re listed.
Substances of very high of	<u>concern</u>
None of the components a	re listed.

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		tion	
SECTION 15: Regulato	-	tion	
Ozone depleting substances			
Not listed.			
Prior Informed Consent (PIC)	L		
Not listed.			
Persistent Organic Pollutants	5		
Not listed.	-		
Aerosol dispensers :			
	UK		
	CA		
Souce Directive			
Seveso Directive This product is controlled under	r the Seveso Dire	ective	
Danger criteria			
Category			
P3a			
E2			
	Not applicable.		
on the manufacture, placing on the market			
and use of certain			
dangerous substances,			
mixtures and articles			
International regulations			
Stockholm Convention on Pe	ersistent Organi		
List name		Ingredient name	Status
Not listed.			
Rotterdam Convention on Pr	ior Informed Co	nsent (PIC)	
Not listed.			
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on F	OPs and Heavy	<u>r Metals</u>	
List name		Ingredient name	Status
Not listed.			
<b>CN code</b> : 3208 10 90 0	0		
Inventory list			
Australia	: At least one co	omponent is not listed.	
Canada	: At least one co	omponent is not listed.	
		omponent is not listed.	
		eration inventory: Not determined.	
Japan		<b>bry (CSCL)</b> : At least one component is not listed. <b>bry (ISHL)</b> : At least one component is not listed.	
New Zealand	: At least one co	omponent is not listed.	
Philippines	: Not determine	d.	
Republic of Korea	: At least one co	omponent is not listed.	
Taiwan	: At least one co	omponent is not listed.	
Thailand	: Not determine	d.	
Turkey	: Not determine	d.	

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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

United States	: Not determined.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	<ul> <li>This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.</li> </ul>

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

	<b>o i j</b>
Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative</li> </ul>

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Aerosol 1, H222, H229	Expert judgment
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Expert judgment
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Expert judgment
STOT SE 3, H335	Expert judgment
STOT RE 2, H373	Expert judgment
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Expert judgment

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

United Kingdom: Great Britain	
United Kingdom: Great Britain Full text of abbreviated H statements	<ul> <li>H220 Extremely flammable gas.</li> <li>H222, Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if</li> <li>H229 heated.</li> <li>H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>H312 Harmful in contact with skin.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H319 Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H332 Harmful if inhaled.</li> <li>H335 May cause respiratory irritation.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.</li> <li>H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> <li>H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	Acute Tox. 4ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4Aerosol 1AEROSOLS - Category 1Aquatic Acute 1SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1AquaticLONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1Chronic 1AquaticAquaticLONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2Chronic 2Chronic 2
	Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 Flam. Gas 1A FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1A
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SECTION 16: Other information				
	Flam. Liq. Flam. Liq.	3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3		
	Skin Irrit. 2 STOT RE	5,		
	STOT SE :	<b>o</b> ,		
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Date of previous issue	: 30/06/2022			
Version	: 6			
Notice to reader				

#### Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates. Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

MANUFACTURER'S DISCLAIMER: the conditions, methods and factors affecting the handling, storage, application, use and disposal of the product are not under the control and knowledge of the manufacturer. Therefore the manufacturer does not assume responsibility for any adverse events which may occur in the handling, storage, application, use, misuse or disposal of the product and, so far as permitted by applicable law, the manufacturer expressly disclaims liability for any and all loss, damages and/or expenses arising out of or in any way connected to the storage, handling, use or disposal of the product. Safe handling, storage, use and disposal are the responsibility of the users. Users must comply with all applicable health and safety laws.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.