

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878 - United Kingdom: Northern Ireland

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name :	Hempel's Silvium
Product identity :	5157019000
Product type :	aluminium paint

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Field of application :	buildings , metal industry, ships and shipyards.
Identified uses :	Industrial applications, Professional applications, Used by spraying.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company details :	Hempel UK Ltd Berwyn House, The Pavilions Llantarnam Park Cwmbran South Wales NP44 3FD Telephone: 01633 833600 hempel@hempel.com	Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) 01633 833600 (08.00 - 17.00) See Section 4 of the safety data sheet (first aid measures).
Date of issue :	15 December 2021	
Date of previous issue :	No previous validation.	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition :

Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226FLAMMABLE LIQUIDSCarc. 1B, H350CARCINOGENICITYSTOT SE 3, H336SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects)STOT RE 1, H372SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSUREAquatic Chronic 2, H411LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word :	Danger
Hazard statements :	H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H350 - May cause cancer. H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements :	
Prevention :	Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray.
Response :	Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
Hazardous ingredients :	hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) white spirit 2-butanone oxime
Supplemental label elements :	Contains 2-butanone oxime and cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate). May produce an allergic reaction. Restricted to professional users.
Special packaging requirements	6



SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Containers to be fitted with child- resistant fastenings :	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger :	Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result None known.

in classification :

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [C	:LP]	Туре
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	REACH #: 01-2119458049-33 EC: 919-446-0 CAS: 64742-82-1 Index: 649-405-00-X	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
white spirit	REACH #: 01-2119458049-33 EC: 265-191-7 CAS: 64742-88-7 Index: 649-405-00-X	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1] [2]
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6	≥5 - ≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Ρ	[1] [2]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6	≥1 - ≤3	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Ρ	[1] [2]
styrene	REACH #: 01-2119457861-32 EC: 202-851-5 CAS: 100-42-5	<1	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 1, H372 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	D	[1]
2-butanone oxime	REACH #: 01-2119539477-28 EC: 202-496-6 CAS: 96-29-7 Index: 616-014-00-0	<1	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 1, H370 (upper respiratory tract) STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 (blood system)	-	[1]
naphthalene	EC: 202-049-5 CAS: 91-20-3	≤0.3	Flam. Sol. 2, H228 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)		[1] [2]
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	REACH #: 01-2119524678-29 EC: 205-250-6 CAS: 136-52-7	<0.1	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 1B, H360F Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements above.	- declared	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре



SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit, see section 8.
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General :	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
	If breathing is irregular, drowsiness, loss of consciousness or cramps: Call 112 and give immediate treatment (first aid).
Eye contact :	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
Inhalation :	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Give nothing by mouth. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Skin contact :	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion :	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Lower the head so that vomit will not re-enter the mouth and throat.
Protection of first-aiders :	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Skin contact :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Ingestion :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		
Eye contact :	No specific data.	
Inhalation :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	
Skin contact :	No specific data.	
Ingestion :	No specific data.	

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician :	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments :	No specific treatment.



SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media :	Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray.
	Not to be used : waterjet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture :	Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products :	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid all direct contact with the spilled material. Exclude sources of ignition and be aware of explosion hazard. Ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapors in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should be used only in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. To dissipate static electricity during transfer, ground drum and connect to receiving container with bonding strap. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid inhalation of vapour, dust and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Appropriate personal protective equipment: see Section 8. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)



SECTION 7: Handling and storage

See separate Product Data Sheet for recommendations or industrial sector specific solutions.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	EU OEL (Europe, 2000). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
white spirit	TWA: 145 mg/m ³ 8 hours. EU OEL (Europe). (ACGIH) TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	(ACGIH) TWA: 145 mg/m ³ 8 hours. EU OEL (Europe). TWA: 120 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Tentativ TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. Form: Tentativ
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	EU OEL (Europe). TWA: 120 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Tentativ TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. Form: Tentativ
styrene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 430 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 1080 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
naphthalene	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Derived effect levels

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	DNEL	Long term Dermal	21 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
,	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	330 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
white spirit	DNEL	Long term Dermal	21 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	330 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	DNEL	Long term Dermal	25 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	150 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	DNEL	Long term Dermal	25 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	150 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
styrene	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	85 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
,	DNEL	Long term Dermal	406 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
2-butanone oxime	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	9 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.3 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic

Predicted effect concentrations

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
styrene	Fresh water	0.028 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.014 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.614 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.307 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	5 mg/l	-
	Soil	0.2 mg/kg	-
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Sewage Treatment Plant	0.37 mg/l	-
	Fresh water	0.62 µg/l	-
	Marine water	2.36 µg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	53.8 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	69.8 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	10.9 mg/kg dwt	-



SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Arrange sufficient ventilation by local exhaust ventilation and good general ventilation to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors or dust lowest possible and below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Individual protection measures	
General :	Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. Safety eyewear should be used when there is a likelihood of exposure.
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking, using lavatory, and at the end of day.
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Hand protection :	Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training. The quality of the chemical-resistant protective gloves must be chosen as a function of the specific workplace concentrations and quantity of hazardous substances.
	Since the actual work situation is unknown. Supplier of gloves should be contacted in order to find the appropriate type. Below listed glove(s) should be regarded as generic advice:
	Recommended: Silver Shield / Barrier / 4H gloves, nitrile rubber, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® Short term exposure: neoprene rubber, butyl rubber, natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl chloride (PVC)
Body protection :	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved handling this product. Wear suitable protective clothing. Always wear protective clothing when spraying.
Respiratory protection :	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If working areas have insufficient ventilation: When the product is applied by means that will not generate an aerosol such as, brush or roller wear half or totally covering mask equipped with gas filter of type A, when grinding use particle filter of type P. When the product is applied by spraying and for continuous or prolonged work always wear an air-fed respirator e.g. hood with supply of fresh or compressed air or a full face, powered air purifying filter. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state :	Liquid.
Colour :	Grey.
Odour :	Solvent-like
pH :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Melting point/freezing point :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Boiling point/boiling range :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Flash point :	Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°F)
Evaporation rate :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Flammability :	Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat and oxidising materials. Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: reducing materials and alkalis.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits :	0.6 - 7.6 vol %
Vapour pressure :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Vapour density :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.



SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Specific gravity :	0.935 g/cm³
Solubility(ies) :	Partially soluble in the following materials: diethyl ether. Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient (LogKow) :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Auto-ignition temperature :	Lowest known value: >220°C (>428°F) (white spirit).
Decomposition temperature :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Viscosity :	Aspiration hazard (H304) Not classified. Testing not relevant due to nature of the product.
Explosive properties :	Explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat and oxidising materials. Slightly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: reducing materials and moisture.
Oxidising properties :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
9.2 Other information	
Solvent(s) % by weight :	Weighted average: 54 %
Water % by weight :	Weighted average: 0 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

VOC content :

Solvent Gas :

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

478 g/l (Measured)

Weighted average: 0.098 m3/l

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials and acids. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials, organic materials and moisture.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures (i.e. in case of fire) harmful decomposition products may be formed:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headaches, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Accidental swallowing may cause stomach pain. Chemical lung inflammation may occur if the product is taken into the lungs via vomiting.

Acute toxicity



SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	6193 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3160 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	6193 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3160 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3492 mg/kg	-
styrene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	2770 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11800 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2650 mg/kg	-
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1001 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
naphthalene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3129 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral mg/kg	Dermal mg/kg	Inhalation (gases) ppm	Inhalation (vapours) mg/l	Inhalation (dusts and mists) mg/l
Hempel's Silvium solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. styrene 2-butanone oxime naphthalene cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	33368.6 8400 3492 2650 100 490 3129	3160 3160 1100		11.8	

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 microliters
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 microliters
arom.				
	Respiratory - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-
styrene	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams
	Skin - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-
2-butanone oxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters
naphthalene	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 0.05 Mililiters

Sensitiser

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	skin	Mouse	Sensitising

Mutagenic effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Reproductive toxicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenic effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)



SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Category 3		Narcotic effects
white spirit	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
styrene	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
2-butanone oxime	Category 1		upper respiratory tract
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Category 1	inhalation	central nervous system (CNS)
white spirit	Category 1	inhalation	central nervous system (CNS)
styrene	Category 1	-	hearing organs
2-butanone oxime	Category 2	-	blood system

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
white spirit Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
styrene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential chronic health effects

Contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties :No known data avaliable in our database.Other information :No additional known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Sensitisation :

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Chronic EC50 4.6 - 10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Chronic EC50 10 - 20 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Chronic EC50 10 - 30 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
white spirit	Acute EC50 4.6 - 10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 10 - 20 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute EC50 10 - 30 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Acute EC50 19 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.14 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 9.22 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Acute EC50 2.6 mg/l	Algaé - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)	96 hours
	Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 9.22 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	96 hours
styrene	Chronic NOEC 63 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
naphthalene	Acute EC50 1600 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2350 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 213 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Melanotaenia fluviatilis - Larvae	96 hours
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Acute LC50 0.1 - 1 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

12.2 Persistence and degradability



SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	74.7 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
white spirit	301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	7 - 74 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	>70 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	78 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
	-	>70 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
styrene	-	>60 % - Readily - 28 days >60 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biode	gradability
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	-	-	Readily	
white spirit solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	-	-	Readily Readily	
arom. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	-	Readily	
styrene	-	-	Readily	

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	-	10 - 2500	high
white spirit	3 - 7.3	-	high
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	10 - 2500	high
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	10 - 2500	high
styrene	2.96	13.49	low
2-butanone oxime	0.63	2.5 - 5.8	low
naphthalene	3.4	36.5 - 168	low
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	-	15600	high

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient
(Koc) :No known data avaliable in our database.Mobility :No known data avaliable in our database.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	Т	vPvB	vP	vB		
This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.									

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No known data avaliable in our database.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Residues of the product is listed as hazardous waste. Dispose of according to all state and local applicable regulations. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Spillage, remains, discarded clothes and similar should be discarded in a fireproof container.

European waste catalogue no. (EWC) is given below.

European waste catalogue (EWC) : 08 01 11*

Packaging



SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport may take place according to national regulation or ADR for transport by road, RID for transport by train, IMDG for transport by sea, IATA for transport by air.

	14.1 UN / ID no.	14.2 Proper shipping name	14.3 Trans	sport hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env*	Additional information
ADR/RID Class	UN1263	PAINT	3		III	Yes.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg. <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)
IMDG Class	UN1263	PAINT. (hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%))	3		III	Yes.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, S-E
IATA Class	UN1263	PAINT	3		III	Yes.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

PG* : Packing group

Env.* : Environmental hazards

14.6 Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation - Substances of very high concern Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Restricted to professional users.

Other EU regulations

Seveso category

This product is controlled under the Seveso III Directive.

Seveso category P5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b E2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic 2

National regulations Non-GHS

List name	Product/ingredient name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
UK Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL	cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	cobalt and cobalt compounds as Co	Carc.	-

15.2 Chemical safety assessment



SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms :	EUH statement = CL RRN = REACH Regi DNEL = Derived No	, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] .P-specific Hazard statement istration Number
Full text of abbreviated H statements :	H226 H228 H301 H302 H304 H312 H315 H315 H317 H318 H319 H332 H335 H336 H350 H351 H360F H361d H370 H372 H373 H400 H411 H412 EUH066	Flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable solid. Toxic if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS] :	Acute Tox. 3 Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 Asp. Tox. 1 Carc. 1B Carc. 2 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Flam. Sol. 2 Repr. 1B Repr. 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1A STOT RE 1 STOT RE 2 STOT SE 1 STOT SE 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 2 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
CARCINOGENICITY SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

Notice to reader

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and EU and national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects for handling the product in a safe way and should not be construed as any guarantee of the technical preformance or suitability for particular applications.

It is always the duty of the user/employer to ascertain that the work is planned and carried out in accordance with the national regulations.

Safe Use of Mixture Information Hempel's Silvium

for further advise.



This document is intended to communicate the conditions of safe use for the product and should always be read in combination with the product's Safety Data Sheet and labels.

General description of the process covered

Indoor or outdoor spray painting by professionals for specialist applications, with good general room ventilation plus respiratory protection

This safe use information is linked to	: Profes Priorit	ssional spray painting, near-industrial setting y
Sector(s) of use	: Indust	rial uses - Professional uses
Product category(ies)	: Coatir	ngs and paints, thinners, paint removers
Operational conditions Place of use	: Indooi	or outdoor use
Range of application/Process conditions	Assun	nes a good standard of occupational hygiene and safety management has been implemented. nes that activities are undertaken with appropriate and well maintained equipment by trained nnel operating under supervision.
Others	: Deper	nding on actual conditions of application. Please consult your local HEMPEL representative

Risk management measures (RMM)

Contributing activity	Process category	Maximum duration	Ventilation		Respiratory	Eye	Hands
activity	(ies)	Guration	Type and air changes per hour				
Preparation of material for application	PROC05	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with an assigned protection factor of at least 10.	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training.
Loading of application equipment and handling of coated parts before curing	PROC08b	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with an assigned protection factor of at least 10.	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training.
Industrial application of coatings by spraying	PROC07	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	Use a properly fitted, air- purifying or air-fed respirator. EN 14594 with an assigned protection factor of at least 20.	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training.
Film formation - force drying, stoving and other technologies	PROC04	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	None	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Cleaning	PROC05	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with an assigned protection factor of at least 10.	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training.
Waste management	PROC08b	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with an assigned protection factor of at least 10.	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training.

See chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet for specifications.



The information in this Safe Use of Mixture Information (SUMI) sheet is based on the data provided by the substance supplier for the substances in the product for which a chemical safety assessment has been carried out at the time of issue. It does not guarantee safe use of the product and does not replace any occupational risk assessment required by legislation. When developing workplace instructions for employees, SUMI sheets should always be considered in combination with the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and the label of the product. No liability is accepted for any damage, no matter of what kind, which is a direct or indirect consequence of acts and/or decisions based on the contents of this document.