Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2016/918



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Elastaseal Z Embedment Coat

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: Elastaseal Z Embedment Coat
Product description	: Coating.
Product type	: Liquid.
UFI	: Y9VU-N55J-Y99S-4EGR

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses				
Industrial uses Professional uses				
Uses advised against Reason				
Consumer use	Product is not intended for consumer use.			

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Tor Coatings Limited** Portobello Industrial Estate Birtley County Durham United Kingdom DH3 2RE Telephone no.: +44 (0) 191 4106611 Fax no.: +44 (0) 191 4920125 enquiries@tor-coatings.com

e-mail address of person : rpmeurohas@rustoleum.eu responsible for this SDS

### **1.4 Emergency telephone number**

<u>Supplier</u>	
Telephone (	number

Hours of operation

: +44 (0) 207 858 1228 : 24/7

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** 

### : Mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 14/0	020 Date of previous issue	: 14/09/2020	Version	:4	1/18
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# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements



Signal word	:	Warning
Hazard statements	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	P280 - Wear protective gloves: nitrile rubber gloves.
Response	1	P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	;	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	1,6-hexanediyl-bis(2-(2-(1-ethylpentyl)-3-oxazolidinyl)ethyl)carbamate; hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate oligomer (type uretdione); polyhexamethylene diisocyanate and 3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers
Supplemental label elements	1	Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	en	<u>ts</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

**3.2 Mixtures** 

: Mixture

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

			<b>Classification</b>		
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре	
1,6-hexanediyl-bis(2- (2-(1-ethylpentyl) -3-oxazolidinyl)ethyl) carbamate	REACH #: 01-0000015906-63 EC: 411-700-4 CAS: 140921-24-0 Index: 616-079-00-5	≤10	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]	
2-ethylhexyl (3-isocyanatomethylphenyl) -carbamate	EC: 261-180-6 CAS: 58240-57-6	≤5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315	[1]	
propylene carbonate	EC: 203-572-1 CAS: 108-32-7 Index: 607-194-00-1	≤5	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]	
hexamethylene- 1,6-diisocyanate oligomer (type uretdione)	REACH #: 01-2119488177-26 EC: 931-288-4 CAS: 28182-81-2	≤3	Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]	
polyhexamethylene diisocyanate	REACH #: 01-2119485796-17 EC: 931-274-8 CAS: 28182-81-2	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]	
3-lsocyanatomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	REACH #: 01-2119488734-24 EC: 500-125-5 CAS: 53880-05-0	≤3	Skin Sens. 1B, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]	
(bis(isopropyl) naphthalene)	REACH #: 01-2119565150-48 EC: 254-052-6 CAS: 38640-62-9	≤3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]	
tris(2-methoxyethoxy) vinylsilane	EC: 213-934-0 CAS: 1067-53-4	≤0,3	Repr. 2, H361f	[1]	
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

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General	<ul> <li>In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.</li> </ul>
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in nonallergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitisation of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitised persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Repeated or prolonged contact with irritants may cause dermatitis.

Contains 1,6-hexanediyl-bis(2-(2-(1-ethylpentyl)-3-oxazolidinyl)ethyl)carbamate, hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate oligomer (type uretdione), polyhexamethylene diisocyanate, 3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.<br/>The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO <sub>2</sub> , powders, water spray or mist.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising	from	the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters		Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
Additional information	:	No unusual hazard if involved in a fire.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for	СС	ntainment and cleaning up
Omell en ill		Oten lask if without rick. Meus containers from anill and Dilute with water and rear

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop<br/>up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry<br/>material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a<br/>licensed waste disposal contractor.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

# Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

#### Examination of lung function should be carried out on a regular basis on persons spraying this mixture.

<ul> <li>7.1 Precautions for safe handling</li> <li>Care should be taken when re-opening partly-used containers. Precautions should be taken to minimise exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO<sub>2</sub> will be form which, in closed containers, could result in pressurisation. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.</li> </ul>	ormed, at, ray or
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### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

### Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

#### Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed.

Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.

pecific : Not available.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate oligomer (type uretdione)	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Inhalation sensitiser.
	STEL: 0,07 mg/m³, (as NCO) 15 minutes. TWA: 0,02 mg/m³, (as NCO) 8 hours.
polyhexamethylene diisocyanate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Inhalation sensitiser.
	STEL: 0,07 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as NCO) 15 minutes. TWA: 0,02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as NCO) 8 hours.
3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Inhalation sensitiser.
	STEL: 0,07 mg/m³, (as NCO) 15 minutes. TWA: 0,02 mg/m³, (as NCO) 8 hours.
procedures atmosphere or of the ventilation protective equip	ontains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness n or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory oment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as suropean Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for

of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate oligomer (type uretdione)	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0,7 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0,35 mg/m³	Workers	Local
polyhexamethylene diisocyanate	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0,5 mg/m³	Workers	Local
(bis(isopropyl)naphthalene)	DNEL	Long term Oral	2,1 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2,1 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	7,4 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4,3 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	30 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic

### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	<b>Compartment Detail</b>	Value	Method Detail
hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate oligomer (type uretdione)	Fresh water	>0,05 mg/l	-
	Marine	>0,005 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	>1,33 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	>0,133 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	>0,066 mg/kg dwt	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	55,6 mg/l	-
polyhexamethylene diisocyanate	Fresh water	0,127 mg/l	-
	Marine	0,0127 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	266700 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	26670 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	53182 mg/kg dwt	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	38,28 mg/l	-
(bis(isopropyl)naphthalene)	Sewage Treatment Plant	0,15 mg/l	-
	Fresh water	0,26 µg/l	-
	Marine	0,026 µg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0,94 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0,094 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0,19 mg/kg dwt	-

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. Air-fed protective respiratory equipment must be worn by the spray operator, even when good ventilation is provided. In other operations, if local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. (See Occupational exposure controls.)

### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields.

### Skin protection

### Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Gloves	For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:	
	Recommended: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber (0.5mm)	
	The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling the product is based on information from the following source:	S
	EN 374	
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for hand product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditi use, as included in the user's risk assessment.	
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a special before handling this product. Recommended: Wear overalls or long sleever EN 467)	alist
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and sho approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meappropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to espiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other in aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate fil [41]	o a nportant
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to hey comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. I cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1 Information on basic physica	l a	nd chemical properties
<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	1	Liquid.
Colour	1	Various
Odour	4	Odourless.
Odour threshold	4	Not available.
рН	4	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	4	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	Not available.
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 102°C
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Not available.
Vapour pressure	1	Not available.
Vapour density	1	Not available.
Relative density	1	1,42 to 1,45
Solubility(ies)	1	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Viscosity	1	Dynamic (room temperature): 7000 mPa⋅s
Explosive properties	1	Not available.
Oxidising properties	:	Not available.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1	4/09/2020 Date of previous issue : 14/09/2020 Version : 4 9/18

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity				
10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.		
10.2 Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).		
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:			
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced.		
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.		
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. If involved in a fire, toxic gases including CO, CO2 and smoke can be generated.		

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
propylene carbonate	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
hexamethylene-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	158 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
1,6-diisocyanate oligomer (type uretdione)	mists			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
polyhexamethylene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	18500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1 hours
diisocyanate	mists			
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat - Female	0,39 mg/m³	4 hours
	mists		-	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
3-Isocyanatomethyl-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>5,01 mg/l	4 hours
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl	mists			
isocyanate, oligomers				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
(bis(isopropyl)naphthalene)	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	5,64 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>4500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>4000 mg/kg	-
tris(2-methoxyethoxy) vinylsilane	LD50 Oral	Rat	2960 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

light arom. 2-ethylhexyl (3-isocyanatomethylphenyl)- carbamate propylene carbonate	Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 microliters 24 hours 100	-
2-ethylhexyl [ (3-isocyanatomethylphenyl)- carbamate propylene carbonate [		Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	1
propylene carbonate	Eves - Moderate irritant			microliters	-
	Lycs - mousials initialit	Rabbit	-	60 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Human	-	72 hours 100 milligrams Intermittent	-
\$	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
nexamethylene- 1,6-diisocyanate oligomer (type uretdione)	Skin - Oedema	Rabbit	1	4 hours	-
	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	1	-	-
bolyhexamethylene	Skin - Oedema	Rabbit	1	4 hours	-
	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	1	-	-
E	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
S	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
3-Isocyanatomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl socyanate, oligomers	Skin - Oedema	Rabbit	0	-	-
	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	1	-	-
	Skin - Oedema	Rabbit	0	-	-
	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	0	-	-
ris(2-methoxyethoxy) \$	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Conclusion/Summary					

Eyes

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Respiratory **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
1,6-hexanediyl-bis(2-(2- (1-ethylpentyl) -3-oxazolidinyl)ethyl) carbamate	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitising
hexamethylene- 1,6-diisocyanate oligomer (type uretdione)	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitising
polyhexamethylene diisocyanate	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitising
	Respiratory skin	Guinea pig Mouse	Not sensitizing Sensitising
3-Isocyanatomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	skin	Rabbit	Sensitising
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	skin	Mouse	Sensitising
	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitising
(bis(isopropyl)naphthalene)	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

Skin Respiratory : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

: 14/09/2020

Date of issue/Date of revision

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### **Mutagenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
hexamethylene- 1,6-diisocyanate oligomer (type uretdione)	OECD 476	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Positive
	OECD 471	Subject: Bacteria	Negative
polyhexamethylene diisocyanate	OECD 471	Subject: Bacteria	Negative
,	OECD 476	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative
3-lsocyanatomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	OECD 471	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative
	OECD 473	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative
(bis(isopropyl)naphthalene)	OECD 471	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative
	OECD 473+476	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
(bis(isopropyl)naphthalene)	Negative - Route of exposure unreported - TD	Rat	-	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification crit	eria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification crit	eria are not met.	
Teratogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.			
Specific target organ toxicit	v (sinale exposure)			

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate oligomer (type uretdione)	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
polyhexamethylene diisocyanate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Product/	ngredient name	Res	Result		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (bis(isopropyl)naphthalene)		ASPIRATION HAZARD - ASPIRATION HAZARD -			
Delayed and immediate effect	ts as well as chronic effe	ects from short and long-term expo	<u>osure</u>		
<u>Short term exposure</u>					
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.				
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.				
Long term exposure					
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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

: Not available.

#### effects

**Potential immediate** 

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure		
hexamethylene- 1,6-diisocyanate oligomer (type uretdione)	Sub-acute NOAEL Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0,41 mg/m³	6 hours; 5 days per week Intermittent		
polyhexamethylene diisocyanate	Chronic NOAEL Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3,3 mg/m³	6 hours; 5 days per week Intermittent		
	Sub-acute LCLo Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	4,3 mg/m³	6 hours; 5 days per week Intermittent		
	Sub-chronic LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	14,7 mg/m³	6 hours; 5 days per week Intermittent		
	Sub-acute LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	89,9 mg/m³	6 hours; 5 days per week Intermittent		
(bis(isopropyl)naphthalene)	Chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat	170 mg/kg	6 months		
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	e classification o	riteria are not met.			
General	: Once sensitized, a severe a to very low levels.	Ilergic reaction	may occur when sul	osequently exposed		
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.					
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects	or critical haza	rds.			

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Other information**

: Not available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
hexamethylene- 1,6-diisocyanate oligomer (type uretdione)	Acute EC50 5560 mg/l	Bacteria	3 hours
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	48 hours
	Acute IC50 >1000 mg/l	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
polyhexamethylene diisocyanate	Acute EC50 >10000 mg/l	Bacteria	3 hours
-	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	48 hours
	Acute IC50 >1000 mg/l	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
(bis(isopropyl)naphthalene)	Acute EC10 >0,15 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC10 >0,16 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	48 hours
	Acute LC10 >0,5 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
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### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Acute NOEC >0,013 mg/l

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Daphnia spec.

21 days

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
propylene carbonate	OECD 301B	83,5 to 87,7 % - 29 days	-	-
hexamethylene- 1,6-diisocyanate oligomer (type uretdione)	OECD 302C	18 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	-
	OECD 301C	1 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	-
	-	1 % - Not readily - 21 days	-	-
polyhexamethylene diisocyanate	OECD 301C	2 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	-
3-Isocyanatomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate, oligomers	OECD 301F	0 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	-

<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
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Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	-	-	Readily
light arom.			
hexamethylene-	Fresh water 0,25 days, 23°C	50%; 0.03 day(s)	Not readily
1,6-diisocyanate oligomer			
(type uretdione)			
polyhexamethylene	Fresh water 0,32 days, 23°C	50%; 0.49 day(s)	Not readily
diisocyanate			
3-Isocyanatomethyl-	-	-	Not readily
3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl			
isocyanate, oligomers			
(bis(isopropyl)naphthalene)	Fresh water 2,5 days, 20°C	>70%; < 28 day(s)	Readily

### **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	10 to 2500	high
2-ethylhexyl (3-isocyanatomethylphenyl)- carbamate	5,6	-	high
propylene carbonate hexamethylene- 1,6-diisocyanate oligomer (type uretdione)	-0,41 5,54	- 367,7	low low
polyhexamethylene diisocyanate	5,54	367,7	low
(bis(isopropyl)naphthalene) tris(2-methoxyethoxy) vinylsilane	6,081 0,26	1800 to 6400 -	high Iow

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Non-volatile.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

### **13.1 Waste treatment methods**

Product		
Methods of disposal	D w a re d	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- ecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be lisposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Y	/es.
Disposal considerations	b D If Ic	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Residues in empty containers should be neutralised with a decontaminant (see section 6). Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no onger apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

### European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation			
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances			
Packaging				
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.			
Disposal considerations	<ul> <li>Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.</li> </ul>			
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.			

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-

SECTION 14: Transport information					
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	
Additional information	-	-	-	-	

user

**14.6 Special precautions for** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and envir	onmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
EU Regulation (EC) No. 190	<u>)7/2006 (REACH)</u>
Annex XIV - List of substa	nces subject to authorisation
Annex XIV	
None of the components a	re listed.
Substances of very high	<u>concern</u>
None of the components a	re listed.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Other EU regulations	
VOC	The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	: 2004/42/EC - IIA/i: 500g/l (2010). <= 220g/l VOC.
Europe inventory	: All components are listed or exempted.
Black List Chemicals (76/464/EEC)	:

•	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
tris(2-methoxyethoxy) vinylsilane	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported	Not supported

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

### **Seveso Directive**

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

### **National regulations**

- Industrial use
- : The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

SECTION 15: Regu	ulatory information
References	: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2016/918
International regulations	<u>i</u>
Chemical Weapon Conve	ention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.	
Montreal Protocol	
Not listed.	
Stockholm Convention of	on Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.	
Rotterdam Convention o	on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
Not listed.	
	on DODe and Heavy Metale
Not listed.	on POPs and Heavy Metals
<b>CN code</b> : 3208 90	91
International lists	
National inventory	
Australia	: At least one component is not listed.
Canada	: Not determined.
China	: At least one component is not listed.
Japan	<ul> <li>Japan inventory (ENCS): At least one component is not listed.</li> <li>Japan inventory (ISHL): At least one component is not listed.</li> </ul>
Malaysia	: Not determined
New Zealand	: At least one component is not listed.
Philippines	: At least one component is not listed.
Republic of Korea	: At least one component is not listed.
Taiwan	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: Not determined.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
	Not available.
Procedure used to deriv	ve the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification		Justification	
Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412		Expert judgment Expert judgment	
Full text of H-phrases referr	ed to in sections 2 and	<u>13</u>	
Full text of abbreviated H statements	: H226 H304 H315 H317 H319 H331 H332 H335 H336 H361f H410 H411 H412	Flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging fertility. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	: Acute Tox. 3 Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 Asp. Tox. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Repr. 2 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1B STOT SE 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3	
Date of printing	: 14/09/2020		
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Version	: 4		

#### Notice to reader

The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The product should not be used for purposes other than those shown in Section 1 without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with. The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation.