AkzoNobel

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830. - United Kingdom (UK)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Interlac 668 Fluorescent Orange

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name

Product code

: Interlac 668 Fluorescent Orange

: HXA127

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses		
Professional application of coatings and inks		
Uses advised against	Reason	
All Other Uses		

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

	-
International Paint Ltd.	
Stoneygate Lane	
Felling	
Gateshead	
Tyne and Wear	
NE10 0JY UK	
Tel: +44 (0)191 469 6111	Fax: +44 (0)191 438 3711
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com
National contact	

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/	Poison Centre (For use only by lice	ensed medical professionals.)
Telephone number	: +44 (0)344 892 0111 (UK)	+353 (0)1 809 2566 (Eire)
<u>Supplier</u>		
Telephone number	: +44 (0)191 469 6111 (24H)	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms



05/03/2019

1/14

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Signal word	:	Warning
Hazard statements	:	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Response	:	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
Storage	:	Keep cool.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	:	Contains neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt. May produce an allergic reaction. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
		Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.

X.International.

AkzoNobel

2.3 Other hazards		
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

			Classification		
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% by weight	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Nota (s)	Туре
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	REACH #: 01-2119486659-16 EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≥25 - ≤50	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	P	[1] [2]
Reaction mass of Ethylbenzene and M- Xylene and P-Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 905-562-9	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	С	[1] [2]
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	EC: 248-373-0 CAS: 27253-31-2	≤0.3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361f (Fertility) (oral) Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	-	[1] [2]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

XInternational

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General	 In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Seek medical attention.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Seek medical attention if irritation persists. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	toms
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo muscle weakness unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of any immedia	ate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

3/14



SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising	from the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	 Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	······································
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and material for o	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product.



SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.4 Reference to other	
sections	

- : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 - See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

KInternational

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

information on hygiene measures.

7.3 Specific end use(s)Recommendations: Not available.Industrial sector specific: Not available.solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	EU OEL (Europe). TWA: 1200 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 197 ppm 8 hours.
Reaction mass of Ethylbenzene and M-Xylene and P-Xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.

05/03/2019



X International R

HXA127 Interlac 668 Fluorescent	Orange	
SECTION 8: Exposure	e controls/personal protection	
Recommended monitoring procedures	: If this product contains ingredients with expo atmosphere or biological monitoring may be of the ventilation or other control measures a protective equipment. Reference should be the following: European Standard EN 689 (V the assessment of exposure by inhalation to limit values and measurement strategy) Eur atmospheres - Guide for the application and of exposure to chemical and biological agent (Workplace atmospheres - General requiren for the measurement of chemical agents) R documents for methods for the determination required.	required to determine the effectiveness and/or the necessity to use respiratory made to monitoring standards, such as Norkplace atmospheres - Guidance for chemical agents for comparison with opean Standard EN 14042 (Workplace use of procedures for the assessment ts) European Standard EN 482 nents for the performance of procedures eference to national guidance
DNELs/DMELs No DNELs/DMELs available.		
PNECs No PNECs available		
8.2 Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use proventilation or other engineering controls to k contaminants below any recommended or s controls also need to keep gas, vapour or de explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation	teep worker exposure to airborne statutory limits. The engineering ust concentrations below any lower
Individual protection measur	es	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly before eating, smoking and using the lavato Appropriate techniques should be used to re Wash contaminated clothing before reusing safety showers are close to the workstation	bry and at the end of the working period. Emove potentially contaminated clothing. Ensure that eyewash stations and
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved assessment indicates this is necessary to a gases or dusts. Use eye protection accordin against liquid splashes. If contact is possibl worn, unless the assessment indicates a hig glasses with side-shields.	void exposure to liquid splashes, mists, ng to EN 166, designed to protect le, the following protection should be
Skin protection		
Hand protection	: Use chemical resistant gloves classified und against chemicals and micro-organisms. R gloves. When prolonged or frequently repea protection class of 6 (breakthrough time gre 374) is recommended. When only brief cond protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough according to EN 374) is recommended. The of type of glove selected for handling this pri into account the particular conditions of use assessment. NOTICE: The selection of a s and duration of use in a workplace should a workplace factors such as, but not limited to handled, physical requirements (cut/punctur protection), potential body reactions to glove specifications provided by the glove supplied the exposed areas of the skin but should no occurred.	Recommended: Viton® or Nitrile ated contact may occur, a glove with a vater than 480 minutes according to EN tact is expected, a glove with a in time greater than 30 minutes e user must check that the final choice oduct is the most appropriate and takes , as included in the user's risk pecific glove for a particular application lso take into account all relevant o: Other chemicals which may be re protection, dexterity, thermal e materials, as well as the instructions/ r. Barrier creams may help to protect



AkzoNobel

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.EN ISO 13688 When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary according to EN529. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Colour	:	Orange.
Odour	:	Solvent.
Odour threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	Lowest known value: 155 to 217°C (311 to 422.6°F)(Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy).
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 39°C
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy)
Vapour pressure	:	Not available.
Vapour density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	1.01
Solubility(ies)	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): 201 mm ² /s
Explosive properties	:	Not available.
Oxidising properties	:	Not available.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stabilit	SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity				
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.				
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.				
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.				
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.				
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials				
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.				

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LD50 Oral	Rat	6000 mg/kg	-
XYLENES - REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE AND M- XYLENE AND P-XYLENE	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	LD50 Oral	Rat	1098 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	79710.1 mg/kg
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	108.7 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
XYLENES - REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE AND M- XYLENE AND P-XYLENE	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Sensitisation</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 05/03/2019			Δ	kzoNobel
ersion : 4	8/14				

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
XYLENES - REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE AND M-XYLENE AND P-XYLENE	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
XYLENES - REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE AND M-XYLENE AND P-XYLENE	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result		
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1		

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	No specific data.
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo muscle weakness unconsciousness
	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 05/03/2019

AkzoNobel

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

XInternational.

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
XYLENES - REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE AND M- XYLENE AND P-XYLENE	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	10 to 2500	high
XYLENES - REACTION MASS OF	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
ETHYLBENZENE AND M- XYLENE AND P-XYLENE			
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	-	15600	high

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment		
PBT	: Not applicable.	
vPvB	: Not applicable.	

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Code number	Waste designation
<u>European waste catalogu</u>	<u>e (EWC)</u>
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Methods of disposal	 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Code number	Waste designation	
EWC 08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances	
Packaging		
Methods of disposal	 Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. 	
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.	

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111	111	
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Special provisions 640 (E) Tunnel code (D/E)	-	-

IMDG Code Segregation : Not applicable. group

14.6 Special precautions for user: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.



SECTION 14: Transport information

14.7 Transport in bulk: Not available.according to Annex II ofMarpol and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances,

mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

Europe inventory : Not determined.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted : Not applicable. with child-resistant fastenings

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	-	-		Repr. 2, H361f (Fertility) (oral)

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

National regulations

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	UK Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL	cobalt compounds	Carc.	-
References : Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II and Regulation				

(EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)

15.2 Chemical safety : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

05/03/2019

:

assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information the second s	hat has changed from previously issued version.
Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic





SECTION 16: Other information

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

XInternational

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classif	ication	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226		On basis of test data
Full text of abbreviated H statements	: H226 H302 H304 H312 H315 H317 H319 H332 H335 H361f (Fertility) (or H373 H412	Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. al) Suspected of damaging fertility if swallowed. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	: Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Aquatic Chronic 3, Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Repr. 2, H361f (Fe (oral) Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 2, H373 STOT SE 3, H335	 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 H412 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) (oral) - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Date of printing	: 05/03/2019	
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 05/03/2019	
Date of previous issue	: 05/06/2017	
Version	: 4	

Notice to reader

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

MANUFACTURER'S DISCLAIMER: the conditions, methods and factors affecting the handling, storage, application, use and disposal of the product are not under the control and knowledge of the manufacturer. Therefore the manufacturer does not assume responsibility for any adverse events which may occur in the handling, storage, application, use, misuse or disposal of the product and, so far as permitted by applicable law, the manufacturer expressly disclaims liability for any and all loss, damages and/or expenses arising out of or in any way connected to the storage, handling, use or disposal of the product. Safe handling, storage, use and disposal are the responsibility of the users. Users must comply with all applicable health and safety



SECTION 16: Other information



laws.

Unless we have agreed to the contrary, all products are supplied by us subject to our standard terms and conditions of business, which include limitations of liability. Please make sure to refer to these and / or the relevant agreement which you have with AkzoNobel (or its affiliate, as the case may be). © AkzoNobel



AkzoNobel