

## Safety Data Sheet

### MAPEFLOOR I 302 SL/A

Safety Data Sheet dated: 14/06/2022 - version 5



## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: MAPEFLOOR I 302 SL/A

Trade code: 905HA9990

UFI: FX80-K09T-H007-FKMX

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Epoxy paint

Uses advised against: Data not available

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: MAPEI U.K. Ltd - Mapei House Steel Park Road

Halesowen - West Midlands B62 8HD

phone: +44(0)121 508 6970 - fax: +44(0)121 5086 960 - [www.mapei.co.uk](http://www.mapei.co.uk) (office hour 8:30-17:30)

Responsible: [sicurezza@mapei.it](mailto:sicurezza@mapei.it)

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

call NHS 111 or a doctor/OHES Environmental Ltd +44(0)333 333 9962

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification



### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Skin Irrit. 2	Causes skin irritation.
Eye Irrit. 2	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin Sens. 1A	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Aquatic Chronic 2	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

### 2.2. Label elements

#### Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

#### Pictograms and Signal Words



Warning

#### Hazard statements:

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Precautionary statements:

P261	Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P391	Collect spillage.

#### Special Provisions:

EUH208	Contains reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700). May produce an allergic reaction.
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EUH208	Contains oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.. May produce an allergic reaction.
EUH205	Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### Contains:

Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol

#### Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

Other Hazards: No other hazards

This product contains crystalline silica (quartz sand). IARC has classified crystalline silica as a Group 1 carcinogen. Both IARC and NTP consider silica as a known human carcinogen. Evidence is based on the chronic and long-term exposure workers have had to respirable sized crystalline silica dust particles. Because this product is in liquid or paste form, it does not pose a dust hazard; therefore, this classification is not relevant. (Note: sanding of the hardened product may create a silica dust hazard)

This preparation contains low molecular weight epoxy resins. Cross sensitisation to other epoxies is possible. Avoid also exposure to spray mist and vapour.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Not Relevant

### 3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: MAPEFLOOR I 302 SL/A

#### Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Concentration (%) w/w	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
$\geq 25$ - $< 50$ %	reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight $\leq 700$ )	CAS:1675-54-3, 25068-38-6, 25085-99-8 EC:216-823-5 Index:603-073-00-2	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411  Specific Concentration Limits: C $\geq 5\%$ : Skin Irrit. 2 H315 C $\geq 5\%$ : Eye Irrit. 2 H319	01-2119456619-26
$\geq 10$ - $< 20$ %	Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol	CAS:9003-36-5 EC:500-006-8	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	01-2119454392-40-XXXX
$\geq 5$ - $< 10$ %	oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	CAS:68609-97-2 EC:271-846-8 Index:603-103-00-4	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1B, H317	01-2119485289-22-XXXX
$\geq 5$ - $< 10$ %	free crystalline silica ( $\varnothing < 10 \mu$ )	CAS:14808-60-7 EC:238-878-4	STOT RE 1, H372	
$\geq 1$ - $< 2.5$ %	benzyl alcohol	CAS:100-51-6 EC:202-859-9 Index:603-057-00-5	Acute Tox. 4, H332; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Eye Irrit. 2, H319	01-2119492630-38-XXXX
$\geq 0.016$ - $< 0.025$ %	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	CAS:108-65-6 EC:203-603-9 Index:607-195-00-7	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; STOT SE 3, H336	01-2119475791-29-XXXX

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and the hazard label.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

#### **4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Eye irritation

Eye damages

Skin Irritation

Erythema

#### **4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Treatment:

(see paragraph 4.1)

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### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### **5.1. Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

#### **5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

#### **5.3. Advice for firefighters**

Use suitable breathing apparatus.

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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### **6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.

#### **6.2. Environmental precautions**

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Limit leakages with earth or sand.

#### **6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

#### **6.4. Reference to other sections**

See also section 8 and 13

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### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### **7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

#### **7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

#### **7.3. Specific end use(s)**

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:  
None in particular

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### List of components with OEL value

	OEL Type	Country	Ceiling	Long Term mg/m3	Long Term ppm	Short Term mg/m3	Short Term ppm	Behaviour	Note
free crystalline silica (Ø <10 µ) CAS: 14808-60-7	National	SWEDEN		0,100					SWEDEN, respirable aerosol
	National	NORWAY		0,100					K: Chemicals to be treated as carcinogenic.
	NDS	POLAND		2,000					frakcja wdychalna
	NDS	POLAND		0,300					frakcja respirabilna
	National	DENMARK		0,3		0,600			DENMARK, inhalable aerosol inhalable aerosol
	National	DENMARK		0,100		0,200			DENMARK, respirable aerosol respirable aerosol
	ACGIH			0,025					(R), A2 - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer
	EU			0,025					A2 (R) - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer
	National	AUSTRIA		0,150					A*
	ACGIH			0,025					A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen;lung cancer;pulmonary fibrosis
	National	SWEDEN		0,1					
	National	FRANCE		0,1					
	National	SPAIN		0,05					
	National	DENMARK		0,3					
	National	FINLAND		0,05					
	National	PORTUGAL		0,025					
	National	NORWAY		0,3		0,9			
	National	BELGIUM		0,1					
	NDS	POLAND		0,1					
	NDS	NETHERLANDS		0,075					
	National	CZECH REPUBLIC		0,1					
	National	HUNGARY		0,15					
	Malaysi a OEL	MALAYSIA		0,1					0.1 mg/m3 TWA (respirable dust)
	National	ESTONIA		0,1					
	National	SLOVAKIA		0,1		0,5			
	National	SLOVENIA		0,1					
	National	BULGARIA		0,07					
	National	ROMANIA		0,1					
	National	LITHUANIA		0,1					
	National	CROATIA		0,1					
	National	ITALY		0,100					
benzyl alcohol CAS: 100-51-6	National	FINLAND		45	10				
	National	POLAND		240					
	DFG	GERMANY	C			44	10		

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6	National GERMANY		22	5				
	NDS POLAND		240					
	National CZECH REPUBLIC		40					
	National LATVIA		5					
	National CZECH REPUBLIC	C			80			
	National BULGARIA		5,0					
	National LITHUANIA		5					
	National SLOVENIA		22	5	44	10		
	ACGIH		275,000	50,000	550,000	100,000		Skin
	SUVA		275,000	50				
	National SWEDEN		250,000	50	400,000	75,000		SWEDEN, Short-term value, 15 minutes average value
	National NORWAY		270,000	50				H E
	National FINLAND		270,000	50,000	550,000	100,000		FINLAND, hud
	NDS		260,000					
	NDSch		520,000					
	EU		275,000	50,000	550,000	100,000		Skin
	National GREECE		275	50	550	100		
	National DENMARK		275	50				
	National BELGIUM		275	50	550	100		
	National CZECH REPUBLIC	C			550			
	National SLOVAKIA	C			550			
	EU		275,000	50	550,000	100,000	Indicative	Possibility of significant uptake through the skin
	DFG GERMANY	C			270	50		
	National SWEDEN		275	50				
	National FRANCE		275	50	550	100		
	National SPAIN		275	50	550	100		
	National FINLAND		270	50	550	100		
	National GERMANY		270	50				
	National PORTUGAL		275	50	550	100		
	National NORWAY		270	50	337,5	75		
	NDS POLAND		260					
	NDSch POLAND				520			
	CHE SWITZERLAND				275	50		
	NDS NETHERLANDS		550					
	National CZECH REPUBLIC		270					
	National HUNGARY		275		550			
	National ESTONIA		275	50	550	100		
	National LATVIA		275	50	550	100		
	National SLOVAKIA		275	50				
	National SLOVENIA		275	50	550	100		
	National UNITED KINGDOM		274	50	548	100		
	National BULGARIA		275,0	50	550,0	100		
	National ROMANIA		275	50	550	100		
	TUR TURKEY		275	50	550	100		
	National LITHUANIA		250	50	400	75		

**Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values**

	<b>PNEC Limit</b>	<b>Exposure Route</b>	<b>Exposure Frequency</b>	<b>Remark</b>
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol CAS: 9003-36-5	10 mg/l	Microorganisms in sewage treatments		
	0,003 mg/l	Fresh Water		
	0,294 mg/kg	Freshwater sediments		
	0,0003 mg/l	Marine water		
	0,0294 mg/kg	Marine water sediments		
	0,237 mg/kg	Soil		
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs. CAS: 68609-97-2	0,00072 mg/l	Marine water		
	0,0072 mg/l	Fresh Water		
	66,77 mg/kg	Freshwater sediments		
	6,677 mg/kg	Marine water sediments		
	80,12 mg/kg	Soil		
	10 mg/l	Microorganisms in sewage treatments		
benzyl alcohol CAS: 100-51-6	1 mg/l	Fresh Water		
	0,1 mg/l	Marine water		
	5,27 mg/kg	Freshwater sediments		
	0,527 mg/kg	Marine water sediments		
	39 mg/l	Microorganisms in sewage treatments		
	0,45 mg/kg	Soil		
	2,3 mg/l	Intermittent release		
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6	0,635 mg/l	Fresh Water		
	0,0635 mg/l	Marine water		
	3,29 mg/kg	Freshwater sediments		
	0,329 mg/kg	Marine water sediments		
	6,35 mg/l	Intermittent release		
	100 mg/l	Microorganisms in sewage treatments		
	0,29 mg/kg	Soil		

## Derived No Effect Level. (DNEL)

	Worker Industrial	Worker Professional	Consumer	Exposure Route	Exposure Frequency	Remark
benzyl alcohol CAS: 100-51-6			20 mg/kg	Human Oral		Short Term, systemic effects
			4 mg/kg	Human Oral		Long Term, systemic effects
	110 mg/m3		27 mg/m3	Human Inhalation		Short Term, systemic effects
	22 mg/m3		5,4 mg/m3	Human Inhalation		Long Term, systemic effects
	40 mg/kg		20 mg/kg	Human Dermal		Short Term, systemic effects
	8 mg/kg		4 mg/kg	Human Dermal		Long Term, systemic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6	796 mg/kg		320 mg/kg	Human Dermal		Long Term, systemic effects
	275 mg/m3		33 mg/m3	Human Inhalation		Long Term, systemic effects
			36 mg/kg	Human Oral		Long Term, systemic effects
	550 mg/m3			Human Inhalation		Short Term, local effects

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; EN ISO 374:

Polychloroprene - CR: thickness  $\geq 0,5\text{mm}$ ; breakthrough time  $\geq 480\text{min}$ .

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness  $\geq 0,35\text{mm}$ ; breakthrough time  $\geq 480\text{min}$ .

Butyl rubber - IIR: thickness  $\geq 0,5\text{mm}$ ; breakthrough time  $\geq 480\text{min}$ .

Fluorinated rubber - FKM: thickness  $\geq 0,4\text{mm}$ ; breakthrough time  $\geq 480\text{min}$ .

Neoprene gloves are suggested (0,5 mm) not recommended gloves: not waterproof gloves

Respiratory protection:

Personal Protective Equipment should comply with relevant CE standards (as EN ISO 374 for gloves and EN ISO 166 for goggles), correctly maintained and stored. Consult the supplier to check the suitability of equipment against specific chemicals and for user information.

Respiratory protection must be used where exposure levels exceed workplace exposure limits. Refer to appropriate EN standards, like EN 136, 140, 143, 149, 14387 for information on selection and use of appropriate respiratory protection equipment.

In case of insufficient ventilation use mask with ABEKP filters (EN 14387).

Hygienic and Technical measures

Not available

Appropriate engineering controls:

Not available

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid

Appearance: paste

Color: various

Odour: Characteristic

Odour threshold: Not available

Melting point / freezing point: Not available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: Not available

Flammability: N.A.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: Not available  
Flash point: Not available  
Auto-ignition temperature: Not available  
Decomposition temperature: Not available  
pH: Not available  
Viscosity: 8,000.00 cPs  
Kinematic viscosity: Not available  
Solubility in water: Insoluble  
Solubility in oil: soluble  
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not available  
Vapour pressure: Not available  
Relative density: 153.00 g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
Vapour density: Not available

**Particle characteristics:**

Particle size: Not available

**9.2. Other information**

Miscibility: Not available  
Conductivity: Not available  
Solid/gas flammability: ==  
No other relevant information

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**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1. Reactivity**

Stable under normal conditions

**10.2. Chemical stability**

Stable under normal conditions

**10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**

None.

**10.4. Conditions to avoid**

Stable under normal conditions.

**10.5. Incompatible materials**

None in particular.

**10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

None.

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**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

**Toxicological information of the mixture:**

a) acute toxicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
b) skin corrosion/irritation	The product is classified: Skin Irrit. 2(H315)
c) serious eye damage/irritation	The product is classified: Eye Irrit. 2(H319)
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	The product is classified: Skin Sens. 1A(H317)
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

**Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:**

reaction product: a) acute toxicity LD50 Skin Rabbit = 20 mg/kg  
bisphenol-A-

(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)

LD50 Oral Rat = 11300 µL/kg  
LD50 Skin Rabbit = 20000 mg/kg

Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol

LD50 Oral Rat > 5000, mg/kg

i) STOT-repeated exposure

LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg  
NOAEL Oral = 250 mg/kg

oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.

a) acute toxicity

LD50 Oral Rat = 19200 mg/kg

LD50 Skin Rabbit = 4000, mg/kg

free crystalline silica (Ø <10 µ)

a) acute toxicity

LD50 Oral Rat = 500 mg/kg

benzyl alcohol

a) acute toxicity

LC50 Inhalation Rat = 11, mg/l 4h

LD50 Oral Rat = 1230, mg/kg

g) reproductive toxicity

NOAEL Rat = 1072, mg/m3

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

a) acute toxicity

LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg

LD50 Skin Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg

LD50 Skin Rabbit > 5, g/kg

e) germ cell mutagenicity

NOAEL Inhalation Rat = 1000, ppm

g) reproductive toxicity

NOAEL Inhalation Rat = 500, ppm

## 11.2 Information on other hazards

### Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

### List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

The product is classified: Aquatic Chronic 2(H411)

### List of components with eco-toxicological properties

#### Component

#### Ident. Numb.

#### Ecotox Infos

Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane and phenol

CAS: 9003-36-5  
- EINECS: 500-006-8

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 5,7 mg/L 96h

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 2,55 mg/L 48h

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae = 1,8 mg/L 72h

oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.

CAS: 68609-97-2  
- EINECS: 271-846-8  
- INDEX: 603-103-00-4

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish > 100 mg/L 96h

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EL50 Daphnia = 7,2 mg/L 48h

benzyl alcohol	CAS: 100-51-6 - EINECS: 202- 859-9 - INDEX: 603-057-00-5	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae = 843 mg/L 72h
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Algae = 500 mg/L 72h
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 230 mg/L 48
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 770 mg/L 1
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae = 770 mg/L 72
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 460 mg/L 96
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	CAS: 108-65-6 - EINECS: 203- 603-9 - INDEX: 607-195-00-7	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Pimephales promelas = 460 mg/L 96h EPA
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 130 mg/L 96h
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia >= 100 mg/L 48h
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish = 47,5 mg/L - 14 d
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia >= 100 mg/L - 21 d
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Algae >= 1000 mg/L

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence/Degradability:
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	Readily biodegradable

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulation
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	Not bioaccumulative

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%.

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

## 12.7 Other adverse effects

Not available

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Recover if possible.

A waste code (EWC) according to European List of Waste (LoW) cannot be specified, due to dependence on the usage. Contact and send to an authorized waste disposal service.

Methods of disposal:

Disposal of this product, solutions, packaging and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Do not dispose of waste into sewers.

Hazardous waste: Yes

Disposal considerations:

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of product according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

Special precautions:

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling untreated empty containers.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.  
Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not re-use empty containers.

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

3082

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (epoxy resins)

IATA-Technical name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (epoxy resins)

IMDG-Technical name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (epoxy resins)

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: 9

IATA-Class: 9

IMDG-Class: 9

### 14.4. Packing group

ADR-Packing Group: III

IATA-Packing group: III

IMDG-Packing group: III

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: Yes

Environmental Pollutant: Yes

IMDG-EMS: F-A, S-F

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Road and Rail (ADR-RID) :

ADR-Label: 9

ADR-Hazard identification number: 90

ADR-Special Provisions: 274 335 375 601

ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): 3 (-)

Air (IATA) :

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: 964

IATA-Cargo Aircraft: 964

IATA-Label: 9

IATA-Subsidiary hazards: -

IATA-Erg: 9L

IATA-Special Provisioning: A97 A158 A197

Sea (IMDG) :

IMDG-Stowage Code: Category A

IMDG-Stowage Note: -

IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: -

IMDG-Special Provisioning: 274 335 969

IMDG-EMS: F-A, S-F

### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not Applicable

These substances, when carried in single or combination packagings containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 l or less for liquids, or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 kg or less for solids, are not subject to provisions of ADR, IMDG and IATA DGR.

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

VOC (2004/42/EC) : (A+B) <200 g/l

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)  
 Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)  
 Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)  
 Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)  
 Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)  
 Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)  
 Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)  
 Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)  
 Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)  
 Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)  
 Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

Seveso III category according to Annex 1, part 1	Lower-tier threshold (tonnes)	Upper-tier threshold (tonnes)
Products belongs to category E2	200	500

#### Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: 3

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 40, 70, 75

#### SVHC Substances:

SVHC substances not present in a concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$  (w/w)

#### National regulations

MAL-kode: 00-5; A+B (4:1)= 00-5

#### German Water Hazard Class (WGK)

Class 2: hazardous for water.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

### SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
2.6/3	Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, Category 3
3.1/4/Inhal	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 4
3.1/4/Oral	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2
3.3/2	Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, Category 2
3.4.2/1	Skin Sens. 1	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1
3.4.2/1A	Skin Sens. 1A	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1A
3.4.2/1B	Skin Sens. 1B	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1B
3.8/3	STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3
3.9/1	STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 1
4.1/C2	Aquatic Chronic 2	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 2

#### Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
3.2/2	Calculation method

3.3/2	Calculation method
3.4.2/1A	Calculation method
4.1/C2	Calculation method

If appropriate, specific provisions in relation to possible training for workers are mentioned in section 2. Any training related to safety in the workplace must in any case refer to a risk assessment that must be carried out by a company safety officer taking into account the specific operating and environmental conditions in which the products are used.

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This SDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive

DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive

EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

ES: Exposure Scenario

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).

IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.

IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care

KAFH: KAFH

KSt: Explosion coefficient.

LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.

LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.

LDLo: Leathal Dose Low

N.A.: Not Applicable

N/A: Not Applicable

N/D: Not defined/ Not available

NA: Not available

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PGK: Packaging Instruction

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

PSG: Passengers

RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.

TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.

TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).

vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.

WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

**\* Sheet model entirely changed in compliance to regulatory update.**