Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 Kingdom (UK)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

: 11

Version

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 00289049

: 6 September 2021



United

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

: DIMETCOTE STEEL PRIMER 210 LIQUID

Product name Product code

Other means of identification

Not available.

| 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Product use | : Professional applications, Used by spraying. | | |
| Use of the substance/ mixture | : Coating. | | |
| Uses advised against | : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use. | | |

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL Tweemontstraat 104 B-2100 Deurne Belgium Telephone +32-33606311 Fax +32-33606435

e-mail address of person : PMC.Safety@PPG.com

responsible for this SDS

National contact

PPG Architectural Coatings UK Ltd, Huddersfield Road, Birstall, West Yorkshire WF17 9XA, Tel: +44 (0) 1924 354000

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

+31 20 4075210

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

: Mixture **Product definition**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Fam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

English (GB)

United Kingdom (UK)

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

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See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



| Signal word | : Danger |
|---|---|
| Hazard statements | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| Precautionary statements | |
| Prevention | : Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour. |
| Response | : IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. |
| Storage | : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. |
| Disposal | : Not applicable. |
| | P280, P210, P273, P261, P304 + P312, P403 + P233 |
| Hazardous ingredients | : propan-2-ol |
| Supplemental label elements | : Not applicable. |
| Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles | : Not applicable. |
| Special packaging requirem | <u>ents</u> |
| Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings | : Not applicable. |
| Tactile warning of danger | : Not applicable. |
| 2.3 Other hazards | |
| Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB | : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB. |
| Other hazards which do not result in classification | : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. |
| | |

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

: Mixture

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| | | | Classification | |
|-------------------------|---|-------------|--|---------|
| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % by weight | Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] | Туре |
| propan-2-ol | REACH #: 01-2119457558-25 EC: 200-661-7 CAS: 67-63-0 Index: 603-117-00-0 | ≥25 - ≤50 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 | [1] [2] |
| tetraethyl silicate | REACH #: 01-2119496195-28 EC: 201-083-8 CAS: 78-10-4 Index: 014-005-00-0 | ≥5.0 - ≤10 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 | [1] [2] |
| zinc chloride | EC: 231-592-0 CAS: 7646-85-7 Index: 030-003-00-2 | <1.0 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) | [1] [2] |
| | | | See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

| Eye contact | : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. |
|----------------------------|--|
| Inhalation | : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. |
| Skin contact | : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. |
| Ingestion | : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |

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|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| SECTION 4: First aid | | | | | |
| | ns and effects, both acute and delayed | | | | |
| Potential acute health effect | | | | | |
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. | | | | |
| Inhalation | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. | | | | |
| Skin contact | : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. | | | | |
| Ingestion | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. | | | | |
| Over-exposure signs/symp | <u>ptoms</u> | | | | |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness | | | | |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness | | | | |
| Skin contact | Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking | | | | |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. | | | | |
| 4.3 Indication of any immed | iate medical attention and special treatment needed | | | | |
| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. | | | | |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. | | | | |
| SECTION 5: Firefigh | ting measures | | | | |
| 5.1 Extinguishing media | | | | | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. | | | | |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. | | | | |
| 5.2 Special hazards arising f | from the substance or mixture | | | | |
| Hazards from the substance or mixture | : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burs with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. | | | | |
| Hazardous combustion products | Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides | | | | |
| 5.3 Advice for firefighters | | | | | |
| Special precautions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. | | | | |

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| SECTION 5: Firefight | ing measures | | |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents. | | |
| SECTION 6: Accident | tal release measures | | |
| 6.1 Personal precautions, pro | ptective equipment and emergency procedures | | |
| For non-emergency personnel | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. | | |
| For emergency responders | : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". | | |
| 6.2 Environmental precautions | : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. | | |
| 6.3 Methods and material for | containment and cleaning up | | |
| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. | | |
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. | | |
| 6.4 Reference to other sections | : See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information. | | |

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
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|---------------------|---|

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| SECTION 7: Handli | ing and storage |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values | |
|--|--|--|
| propan-2-ol | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). STEL: 1250 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 999 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. | |
| tetraethyl silicate | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). TWA: 44 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. | |
| zinc chloride | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). STEL: 2 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume | |
| procedures atmosphere or the ventilation of protective equi following: Euro assessment of values and me | If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of | |

DNELs

exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| Product/ingredient name | Туре | Exposure | Value | Population | Effects |
|-------------------------|------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|----------|
| propan-2-ol | DNEL | Long term Oral | 26 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 89 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 319 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 500 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 888 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| tetraethyl silicate | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 3 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 3 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 14 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 14 mg/m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 14 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 14 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 56 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 56 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| zinc chloride | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0.83 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 1 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 1.3 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 8.3 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 8.3 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |

PNECs

| Product/ingredient name | Туре | Compartment Detail | Value | Method Detail |
|-------------------------|------|------------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| propan-2-ol | - | Fresh water | 140.9 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | - | Marine water | 140.9 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | - | Secondary Poisoning | 160 mg/kg | - |
| | - | Fresh water sediment | 552 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | - | Marine water sediment | 552 mg/kg dwt | - |
| | - | Sewage Treatment Plant | 2251 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | - | Soil | 28 mg/kg dwt | - |

| 8.2 Exposure controls | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| Appropriate engineering : controls | Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ver or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminant any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to key vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion ventilation equipment. | ts below eep gas, |
| Individual protection measures | | |
| Hygiene measures : | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, I eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clo Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and showers are close to the workstation location. | thing. |
| Eye/face protection : | Chemical splash goggles. Use eye protection according to EN 166. | |
| Skin protection | | |
| Hand protection : | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard sl worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicat is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacture during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It shoul noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommend When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or high (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommend | es this r, check d be different s, the l or ended. ner |
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| | | | product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| | Gloves | : | For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: |
| | | | Recommended: butyl rubber, nitrile rubber |
| | Body protection | : | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. |
| | Other skin protection | | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| R | espiratory protection | : | Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3 |
| | invironmental exposure ontrols | : | Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | |
|--|---|
| Physical state | : Liquid. |
| Colour | : Not available. |
| Odour | : Aromatic. |
| Odour threshold | : Not available. |
| рН | insoluble in water. |
| Melting point/freezing point | May start to solidify at the following temperature: 0°C (32°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: water. Weighted average: -81.09°C (-114°F) |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : >37.78°C |
| Flash point | : Closed cup: 13°C |
| Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | 1.7 (Isopropyl alcohol) compared with butyl acetate liquid Greatest known range: Lower: 1.3% Upper: 23% (tetraethyl silicate) |
| Vapour pressure | 1 () () () () () () () () () (|

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

| | | | Vapour Pressure at 20°C | | Vapour pressure at 50°C | | sure at 50°C | |
|--|----|---|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | Ingredient name | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method |
| | | sopropyl alcohol | 33 | 4.4 | | | | |
| Vapour density | : | Highest known value (Air = 1) | : 7.22 (A | ir = 1) (te | traethyl silica | te). Weię | ghted av | erage: 2.91 |
| Relative density | : | 0.91 | | | | | | |
| Solubility(ies) | : | Insoluble in the following materials: cold water. | | | | | | |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ | : | Not applicable. | | | | | | |
| water | | | | | | | | |
| | : | Ingredient name | | °C | °F | M | ethod | |
| | : | Ingredient name | | ° C 456 | ° F 852.8 | M | ethod | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | | sopropyl alcohol | nended st | 456 | 852.8 | | | tion 7). |
| Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature | : | | | 456 | 852.8 | | | tion 7). |
| water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity Explosive properties | :: | Stable under recomn | 4 mm²/s not explos | 456 torage an | 852.8 d handling co | nditions (| see Sec | |

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

| 10.1 Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|--|---|
| 10.2 Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| 10.4 Conditions to avoid | : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. |
| 10.5 Incompatible materials | : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. |
| 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products | : Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects
<u>Acute toxicity</u>

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|
| propan-2-ol | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 72600 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 12800 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5045 mg/kg | - |
| tetraethyl silicate | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and | Rat | 10 to 16 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | mists | | | |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 5.878 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 6270 mg/kg | - |
| zinc chloride | LD50 Oral | Rat | 0.35 g/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Acute toxicity estimates

| | Route | | 4 | ATE value |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|-------------|---------------|
| Inhalation (vapours) | | | 120.89 mg/l | |
| Irritation/Corrosion | | 1 | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | | | | |
| Skin | : There are no data available | e on the mixture | e itself. | |
| Eyes | : There are no data available | e on the mixture | e itself. | |
| Respiratory | : There are no data available | e on the mixture | e itself. | |
| <u>Sensitisation</u> | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | | | | |
| Skin | : There are no data availab | le on the mixtur | e itself. | |
| Respiratory | : There are no data availab | le on the mixtur | e itself. | |
| <u>Mutagenicity</u> | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data availab | le on the mixtur | e itself. | |
| Carcinogenicity | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data availab | le on the mixtur | e itself. | |
| Reproductive toxicity | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data availab | le on the mixtur | e itself. | |
| Teratogenicity | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data availab | le on the mixtur | e itself. | |
| Specific target organ tox | <u>icity (single exposure)</u> | | | |
| Product/ir | agredient name | Category | Route of | Target organs |

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| propan-2-ol | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| tetraethyl silicate | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| zinc chloride | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard Not available. Information on likely routes of exposure : Not available. Potential acute health effects Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

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| Ingestion | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. | |
| Skin contact | : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. | |
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. | |
| | sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics | |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness | |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. | |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking | |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness | |
| Delayed and immediate effe | ts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure | |
| Short term exposure Potential immediate effects | : Not available. | |
| Potential delayed effects | . Not available | |
| Long term exposure Potential immediate effects | : Not available. | |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. | |
| Potential chronic health effe | | |
| Not available. | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Not available. | |
| General | Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation dermatitis. | ו, cracking and/c |
| Carcinogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |

Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

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: 6 September 2021

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------|---|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| propan-2-ol | Acute EC50 10100 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| zinc chloride | Acute EC50 5.64 mg/l Fresh water | Aquatic plants - Lemna minor | 4 days |
| | Acute EC50 0.2 mg/l Acute LC50 0.4 to 2.2 mg/l | Crustaceans Fish | 48 hours 96 hours |

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
|--------------------|--|
|--------------------|--|

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|
| propan-2-ol | 0.05 | - | low |
| tetraethyl silicate | 3.18 | | low |

| 12.4 Mobility in soil | |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| Soil/water partition | : Not available. |
| coefficient (Koc) | |
| Mobility | : Not available. |

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. 12.6 Other adverse effects

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

| <u>Product</u> | |
|------------------------|---|
| Methods of disposal | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. |
| Hazardous waste | : Yes. |
| European waste catalog | ue <u>(EWC)</u> |

| Waste code | Waste designation | |
|---------------------|--|-------|
| 08 01 11* | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances | |
| Packaging | | |
| Methods of disposal | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised whereve packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only recycling is not feasible. | |
| English (GB) | United Kingdom (UK) | 12/15 |

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

| Type of packaging | European waste catalogue (EWC) | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Container | 15 01 06 mixed packaging | |
| Special precautions | : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. | |

14. Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 14.1 UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 14.4 Packing group | II | II | II | II |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | No. | Yes. | No. | No. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

Additional information

| ADR/RID | : None identified. |
|-----------------------|--|
| Tunnel code | : (D/E) |
| ADN | : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels. |
| IMDG | : None identified. |
| IATA | : None identified. |
| 14.6 Special precuser | autions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. |

| 14.7 Transport in bulk | : Not applicable. |
|------------------------|-------------------|
| according to IMO | |
| instruments | |

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

English (GB)

United Kingdom (UK)

| Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REAC | CH), Annex II, as amended by Regu | lation (EU) No. 2015/830 |
|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Code : 00289049 DIMETCOTE STEEL PRIMER 210 LIQUID | Date of issue/Date of revision | : 6 September 2021 |
| SECTION 15: Regulatory informatio | n | |
| Substances of very high concern | | |
| None of the components are listed. | | |
| Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles | | |
| Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU) | | |
| Not listed. | | |
| Seveso Directive | | |
| This product is controlled under the Seveso Directi | ve. | |
| | | |

Danger criteria

Category

P5c

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA = International Air Transport Association

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification | Justification |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Mam. Liq. 2, H225 | On basis of test data |
| Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | Calculation method |
| STOT SE 3, H336 | Calculation method |
| Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | Calculation method |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

| DIMETCOTE STEEL PRIMER SECTION 16: Other in H225 H226 H302 H314 H318 H319 H335 H336 H400 H410 H412 Full text of classifications [C] Acute Tox. 4 | - | |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| H226 H302 H314 H318 H319 H332 H335 H336 H400 H410 H412 Full text of classifications [C Acute Tox. 4 | | |
| Full text of classifications [C Acute Tox. 4 | | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| Acute Tox. 4 | P/GHS1 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 3 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Skin Corr. 1B STOT SE 3 | | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 |
| <u>History</u> Date of issue/ Date of revision | : 6 September 20 | 21 |
| Date of previous issue Prepared by /ersion | : 23 December 20 : EHS : 11 | 020 |

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