

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

: Penguard FC Comp A
: 2280
: Paint.
: Liquid.
: Not available.
: HS96-9093-A00E-15SM

Use in coatings - Industrial use

See Annex to the Safety data sheet for additional information in the Exposure Scenario(s).

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd. Stather Road Flixborough, Scunthorpe North Lincolnshire DN15 8RR England Jotun A/S P.O.Box 2021 3202 Sandefjord Norway

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SDSJotun@jotun.no

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Contact NHS Direct; phone 0845 4647 or 111. Open 24/7.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS] Flam. Liq. 3, H226

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Signal word

Hazard pictograms



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SECTION 2: Hazards identification Hazard statements : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Precautionary statements : Not applicable. General : Not applicable. Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames ar

Flevention		 P200 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye of race protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.
Response	:	 P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	1	P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	epoxy resin (MW 700-1200) xylene hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics butan-1-ol oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]derivs
Supplemental label elements	1	Not applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	er	<u>its</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	1	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

3.2 Mixtures :	Mixture			
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	Weight %	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
epoxy resin (MW 700-1200)	CAS: 25036-25-3	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5 CAS: 128601-23-0	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
butan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119484630-38 EC: 200-751-6 CAS: 71-36-3 Index: 603-004-00-6	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy) methyl]derivs	REACH #: 01-2119485289-22 EC: 271-846-8 CAS: 68609-97-2	≤3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1B, H317	[1]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
Oleic acid, compound	EC: 251-846-4 CAS: 34140-91-5	≤0.1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid m	neasures
General	: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
4.3 Indication of any imm	ediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

-		-
5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	ron	n the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pre	ive equipment and emergency procedures	
For non-emergency personnel	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapo Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.	ur or mist.
For emergency responders	f specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of a nformation in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also nformation in "For non-emergency personnel".	
6.2 Environmental precautions	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminate ivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with I egulations.	
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e. earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disper according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a c Avoid using solvents.	osal
6.4 Reference to other sections	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipm See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.	ient.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
butan-1-ol ethylbenzene	 EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 154 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 552 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
procedures atmo of the prote the fi the a limit	TWA: 441 mg/m ³ 8 hours. a product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace sphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness a ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory ctive equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as billowing: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for ssessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace spheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

	Long term Oral Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Dermal Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term	1.6 mg/kg bw/day 14.8 mg/m ³ 77 mg/m ³ 108 mg/kg bw/day 180 mg/kg bw/day 289 mg/m ³ 289 mg/m ³ 65.3 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 221 mg/m ³	General population General population Workers General population Workers Workers General population General population General population Workers Workers	Systemic Systemic Systemic Systemic Local Systemic Local Local Systemic Local Systemic
	Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Dermal Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term	14.8 mg/m ³ 77 mg/m ³ 108 mg/kg bw/day 180 mg/kg bw/day 289 mg/m ³ 289 mg/m ³ 65.3 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 221 mg/m ³	General population Workers General population Workers Workers General population General population General population General population Workers	Systemic Systemic Systemic Local Systemic Local Systemic Local
	Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Dermal Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term	77 mg/m ³ 108 mg/kg bw/day 180 mg/kg bw/day 289 mg/m ³ 289 mg/m ³ 65.3 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 221 mg/m ³	population Workers General population Workers Workers General population General population General population General population Workers	Systemic Systemic Systemic Local Systemic Local Systemic Local
	Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Dermal Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term	77 mg/m ³ 108 mg/kg bw/day 180 mg/kg bw/day 289 mg/m ³ 289 mg/m ³ 65.3 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 221 mg/m ³	Workers General population Workers Workers General population General population General population General population Workers	Systemic Systemic Local Systemic Local Local Systemic Local
	Inhalation Long term Dermal Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term	108 mg/kg bw/day 180 mg/kg bw/day 289 mg/m ³ 289 mg/m ³ 65.3 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 221 mg/m ³	Workers General population Workers Workers General population General population General population General population Workers	Systemic Systemic Local Systemic Local Local Systemic Local
	Inhalation Long term Dermal Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term	108 mg/kg bw/day 180 mg/kg bw/day 289 mg/m ³ 289 mg/m ³ 65.3 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 221 mg/m ³	General population Workers Workers General population General population General population Workers	Systemic Systemic Local Systemic Local Local Systemic Local
	Long term Dermal Long term Dermal Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal	bw/day 180 mg/kg bw/day 289 mg/m ³ 289 mg/m ³ 65.3 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 221 mg/m ³ 25 mg/kg	population Workers Workers General population General population General population Workers	Systemic Local Systemic Local Local Systemic Local
	Long term Dermal Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal	bw/day 180 mg/kg bw/day 289 mg/m ³ 289 mg/m ³ 65.3 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 221 mg/m ³ 25 mg/kg	population Workers Workers General population General population General population Workers	Systemic Local Systemic Local Local Systemic Local
	Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day 289 mg/m ³ 289 mg/m ³ 65.3 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 221 mg/m ³ 25 mg/kg	Workers Workers Workers General population General population General population Workers	Local Systemic Local Local Systemic Local
	Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal	bw/day 289 mg/m ³ 289 mg/m ³ 65.3 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 221 mg/m ³ 25 mg/kg	Workers Workers General population General population General population Workers	Local Systemic Local Local Systemic Local
	Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal	289 mg/m ³ 289 mg/m ³ 65.3 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 221 mg/m ³ 25 mg/kg	Workers General population General population General population Workers	Systemic Local Local Systemic Local
	Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal	289 mg/m ³ 65.3 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 221 mg/m ³ 25 mg/kg	Workers General population General population General population Workers	Systemic Local Local Systemic Local
	Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal	65.3 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 221 mg/m ³ 25 mg/kg	General population General population General population Workers	Local Local Systemic Local
	Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal	65.3 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 221 mg/m ³ 25 mg/kg	General population General population General population Workers	Local Local Systemic Local
	Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal	65.3 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 221 mg/m ³ 25 mg/kg	General population General population General population Workers	Local Local Systemic Local
	Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal	260 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 221 mg/m ³ 25 mg/kg	population General population General population Workers	Local Systemic Local
	Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal	260 mg/m ³ 260 mg/m ³ 221 mg/m ³ 25 mg/kg	population General population General population Workers	Local Systemic Local
	Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal	260 mg/m ³ 221 mg/m ³ 25 mg/kg	General population General population Workers	Systemic Local
	Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal	260 mg/m ³ 221 mg/m ³ 25 mg/kg	population General population Workers	Systemic Local
5 	Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal	221 mg/m ³ 25 mg/kg	General population Workers	Local
5 	Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal	221 mg/m ³ 25 mg/kg	General population Workers	Local
	Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal	221 mg/m ³ 25 mg/kg	population Workers	Local
1	Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal	25 mg/kg	Workers	
1	Inhalation Long term Dermal	25 mg/kg		
	Long term Dermal		Workers	Systemic
ydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	-		Workers	Systemic
		hu/dov/		5,000,000
		bw/day		
	Long term	150 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation	_		
	Long term Dermal	11 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	Long toni Donna	bw/day	population	oyotonno
		Dw/day		
		00 / 3	[Consumers]	
	Long term	32 mg/m³	General	Systemic
	Inhalation		population	
			[Consumers]	
	Long term Oral	11 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	0	bw/day	population	,
		Stirday	[Consumers]	
,		0.44 mag/mg3		Curatamia
	Long term	0.41 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	Inhalation		population	
1	Long term	1.9 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation			
	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
	Inhalation	m ³	population	
	Short term	640 mg/m ³	General	Local
		0-0 mg/m		LUCAI
	Inhalation	007 5 5 1	population	1
	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
	Inhalation	m³		
	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
I	Inhalation	mg/m³		
	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
	Inhalation	m ³	population	
				Curatornia
	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation	m³		
utan-1-ol I	Long term Oral	1.5625 mg/	General	Systemic
		kg bw/day	population	
,	Long term Dermal	3.125 mg/	General	Systemic
	Long torn Dornal	5.120 mg/		

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Le nen e. Exposure controls/personal protection					
		kg bw/day	population		
	Long term	55 mg/m³	General	Systemic	
	Inhalation		population		
	Long term	55.357 mg/	General	Systemic	
	Inhalation	m³	population		
	Long term	310 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic	
	Inhalation				
oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl]	Long term Oral	0.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic	
derivs		bw/day	population		
	Long term Dermal	0.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic	
		bw/day	population		
	Long term	0.87 mg/m³	General	Systemic	
	Inhalation		population		
	Long term Dermal	1 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic	
	-	bw/day		-	
	Long term	3.6 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic	
	Inhalation	_		-	
ethylbenzene	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic	
		bw/day	population		
	Long term	15 mg/m³	General	Systemic	
	Inhalation		population		
	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic	
	Inhalation				
	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic	
		bw/day			
	Short term	293 mg/m³	Workers	Local	
	Inhalation				
	Long term	442 mg/m³	Workers	Local	
	Inhalation				
	Short term	884 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic	
	Inhalation				
Oleic acid, compound	Long term Oral	5 µg/kg	General	Systemic	
		bw/day	population		
	Long term Dermal	5 µg/kg	General	Systemic	
		bw/day	population	o / .	
	Long term Dermal	14 µg/kg	Workers	Systemic	
		bw/day		o	
	Long term	17.4 µg/m³	General	Systemic	
	Inhalation		population		
	Long term	98.4 µg/m³	Workers	Systemic	
	Inhalation				

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.327 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.58 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg dwt	-
butan-1-ol	Fresh water	0.082 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.0082 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	2476 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.178 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0178 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.015 mg/kg dwt	-
ethylbenzene	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.01 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	9.6 mg/Ĭ	-
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	Soil	13.7 mg/kg dwt 2.68 mg/kg dwt 20 mg/kg	- - -

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Individual protection meas	sures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying to EN 166 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Gloves	 There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: PE, butyl rubber May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) < 8 hours: Viton®, Barricade, CPF 3, Responder, neoprene, PVC Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: nitrile rubber, 4H, Teflon, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of
Body protection	use, as included in the user's risk assessment. Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-
	temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387 (as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.
	

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. controls

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties **Appearance Physical state** : Liquid. Colour Brown., Black, Blue., Green., Grey, MCI Base 1, MCI Base 3, Off-white., Orange, Red, Violet., White., Yellow. Odour : Characteristic. **Odour threshold** : Not applicable. pН : Not applicable. Melting point/freezing point : Not applicable. : Lowest known value: 119°C (246.2°F) (butan-1-ol). Weighted average: Initial boiling point and boiling range 146.16°C (295.1°F) : Closed cup: 28°C Flash point Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.7compared **Evaporation rate** with butyl acetate Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable. : 0.8 - 11.3% Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Vapour pressure : Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 0.8 kPa (6 mm Hg) (at 20°C) Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.42 (Air = 1) Vapour density Density : 1.353 to 1.549 g/cm³ : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water. Solubility(ies) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not available. water **Auto-ignition temperature** : Lowest known value: 280 to 470°C (536 to 878°F) (hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics). : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt) **Explosive properties** Not available. 5 **Oxidising properties** : Not available.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: N	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: S	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: L	Jnder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid		When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
10.5 Incompatible materials		Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products		Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
butan-1-ol	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs	LD50 Oral	Rat	17100 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	>5000 mg/kg 3500 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	13514.1 mg/kg 13270.75 mg/kg 175.52 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Exposure	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
epoxy resin (MW 700-1200)	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 μΙ	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
epoxy resin (MW 700-1200) oxirane, mono[skin skin	Mammal - species unspecified Mammal - species	Sensitising Sensitising
(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs		unspecified	Controlling

Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

Fertility effects

- **Developmental effects**
- : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
butan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
Oleic acid, compound	Category 2		-

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Other information

: None identified.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Acute EC50 <10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute IC50 <10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 <10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
xylene	-	-	Readily
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	-	-	Not readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
xylene hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics butan-1-ol oxirane, mono[(c12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs ethylbenzene	3.12 - 1 3.77 3.6	8.1 to 25.9 10 to 2500 - 160 to 263	low high low low	

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>		
Methods of disposal	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not b disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements o all authorities with jurisdiction.	
Hazardous waste	Yes.	
Disposal considerations	 Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority. 	

European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances				
08 01 11*					
Packaging					
Methods of disposal	 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. 				
Disposal considerations	 Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. 				

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

	Result		European waste catalogue (EWC)
CEPE Guidelines		15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances
S	pecial precautions	taken when Empty conta residues ma container. D thoroughly ir	I and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. iners or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product y create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the bo not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned iternally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with ays, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA		
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263		
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint		
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3		
14.4 Packing group	111	111		111		
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.		

Additional information

ADR/RID	:	ADR/RID: Viscous substance. Not restricted, ref. chapter 2.2.3.1.5 (applicable to receptacles < 450 litre capacity).
		Hazard identification number 30 Tunnel code (D/E)
ADN	:	The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels.
IMDG	:	IMDG: Viscous substance. Transport in accordance with paragraph 2.3.2.5 (applicable to receptacles < 450 litre capacity).
		<u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, <u>S-E</u>
14.6 Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

JJJJJJ	·····
15.1 Safety, health and enviro	onmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907	<u>7/2006 (REACH)</u>
Annex XIV - List of substar	nces subject to authorisation
Annex XIV	
None of the components ar	e listed.
Substances of very high o	<u>concern</u>
None of the components ar	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Other EU regulations	
VOC	: The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	: Not available.
Europe inventory	: At least one component is not listed.
Ozone depleting substance	<u>es (1005/2009/EU)</u>
Not listed.	
Prior Informed Consent (Pl	<u>C) (649/2012/EU)</u>
Not listed.	
Seveso Directive	
This product may add to the major accident hazards.	calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on
National regulations	
Industrial use	: The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.
International regulations	
Chemical Weapon Conventi Not listed.	on List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Montreal Protocol Not listed.	
Stockholm Convention on P Not listed.	Persistent Organic Pollutants
Rotterdam Convention on P Not listed.	rior Informed Consent (PIC)
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on Not listed.	POPs and Heavy Metals
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	: Not applicable.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates	information	that has	changed from	previously	y issued version.

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
-	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 Asp. Tox. 1 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1B STOT RE 2 STOT SE 3		ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -
STOT SE 3		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
Date of printing	: 20.05.2022	
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SECTION 16: Other information

Date of previous issue	: 31.01.2022
Version	: 4

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.



Exposure Scenario: Use in	coatings -	Industrial use	
Sector of Use	: Industrial use		
Process Category	: PROC05 PROC0	7 PROC08a PROC10	
Environmental release category(ies)	: ERC4		

Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including product transfer and preparation, application by brush, spray by hand or similar methods) and equipment cleaning.

Operational conditions and risk management measures

Control of worker exposure

Frequency and duration of use	: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours		
General - Operational conditions	: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature. Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented		
General - Risk management measures	: Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Use suitable eye protection. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.		
Type of activity or process	Risk management measures		
Preparation of material for application	: Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour).		
Roller, spreader, flow application	: Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.		
Spraying - Manual	: Carry out in a vented booth provided with laminar airflow. or Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour). and Wear a		
	respirator conforming to EN140 with type A/P2 filter or better.		

Control of environmental exp	osure
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	: Prevent environmental discharge consistent with regulatory requirements.
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	: External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	 External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.
Additional information	

The exposure scenario for the mixture is based on the following substances:

REACH #: 01-2119488216-32



Exposure Scenario: Use in coatings -		Professional use
Sector of Use	: Professional use	
Process Category	: PROC05 PROC0	08a PROC10 PROC11
Environmental release category(ies)	: ERC8a ERC8d	

Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc) including exposures during use (including product transfer and preparation, application by brush, spray by hand or similar methods) and equipment cleaning.

Operational conditions and risk management measures

Control of worker exposure

Frequency and duration of use	: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours		
General - Operational conditions	: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature. Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented		
General - Risk management measures	: Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Use suitable eye protection. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.		
Type of activity or process	Risk management measures		
Preparation of material for application - Indoor	: Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour). Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour per day. or Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour). Wear a respirator		
	conforming to EN140 with type A/P2 filter or better.		
Preparation of material for application - Outdoor	: Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour per day.		
	Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with type A/P2 filter or better.		
Equipment cleaning and maintenance	: Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours per day.		
Roller, spreader, flow application - Indoor	: Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour). Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with type A/P2 filter or better.		
Roller, spreader, flow application - Outdoor	: Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with type A/P2 filter or better.		
Spraying - Manual - Indoor	: Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with type A/P2 filter or better.		
Spraying - Manual - Outdoor	: Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors. Wear a full-face respirator conforming to EN136 with Type A/P2 filter or better. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours per day.		

Control of environmental exposure Organisational measures to prevent/limit : Prevent environmental discharge consistent with regulatory requirements. Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal : External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information. Conditional information : External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

The exposure scenario for the mixture is based on the following substances:

REACH #: 01-2119488216-32