

# Marathon 550 Comp A

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: Marathon 550 Comp A
Product code	: 33343
Product description	: Paint.
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.
UFI	: PNAY-D2RD-G00Y-UE0P
<b>1.2 Relevant identified us</b> Use in coatings - Industr Use in coatings - Profess	
1.3 Details of the supplie	r of the safety data sheet

Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd. Stather Road Flixborough, Scunthorpe North Lincolnshire **DN15 8RR** England

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#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Contact NHS Direct; phone 0845 4647 or 111. Open 24/7.

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

# 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms				
Signal word	: Danger.			
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 21.07.2022	Date of previous issue	: 31.01.2022	Version : 4.01

Marathon 550 Comp A
SECTION 2: Hazards identification

	I.	
Hazard statements	:	H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
General	1	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.</li> </ul>
Response		<ul> <li>P391 - Collect spillage.</li> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.</li> </ul>
Storage	÷	Not applicable.
Disposal	1	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	-	epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) silane, trimethyoxy[3-(oxiranyl-methoxy)propyl]- butan-1-ol
Supplemental label elements	:	Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	en	i <u>ts</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	1	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

The mixture may be a skin sensitiser. It may also be a skin irritant and repeated contact may increase this effect.

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	Weight %	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	REACH #: 01-2119456619-26 EC: 216-823-5 CAS: 1675-54-3 Index: 603-073-00-2	≥25 - ≤50	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
silane, trimethyoxy[3-(oxiranyl- methoxy)propyl]-	REACH #: 01-2119513212-58 EC: 219-784-2 CAS: 2530-83-8	≤5	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
butan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119484630-38 EC: 200-751-6 CAS: 71-36-3 Index: 603-004-00-6	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	REACH #: 01-0000017900-73 EC: 432-840-2 CAS: 220926-97-6 Index: 616-201-00-7	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	[1]
benzyl alcohol	REACH #: 01-2119492630-38 EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6 Index: 603-057-00-5	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

. .. .

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

. . . . .

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

This mixture contains  $\geq$  1% of titanium dioxide. The Annex VI classification of titanium dioxide does not apply to this mixture according to Note 10.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Description of first aid m	neasures
General	: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
4.3 Indication of any imm	ediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

Suitable extinguishing media       : Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO2, powders, water spray.         Unsuitable extinguishing media       : Do not use water jet.         5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture       : Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.         Hazardous combustion products       : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.			
mediaUnsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet.5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixtureHazards from the substance or mixture: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.Hazardous combustion products: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.5.3 Advice for firefighters Special protective actions for fire-fighters: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.Special protective: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.	5.1 Extinguishing media		
media5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixtureHazards from the substance or mixtureHazardous combustion productsHazardous combustion products5.3 Advice for firefighters Special protective actions for fire-fightersSpecial protectiveSpecial protectiv	• •	:	Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO <sub>2</sub> , powders, water spray.
<ul> <li>Hazards from the substance or mixture</li> <li>Hazardous combustion products a health hazard.</li> <li>Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.</li> <li>5.3 Advice for firefighters</li> <li>Special protective actions for fire-fighters</li> <li>Special protective</li> <li>Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.</li> <li>Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.</li> </ul>	• •	:	Do not use water jet.
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for fire-fightersdrains or watercourses.Special protective: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.	5.3 Advice for firefighters		
		:	
		:	Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, pre	ive equipment and emergency procedures	
For non-emergency personnel	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapo Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.	ur or mist.
For emergency responders	f specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of a nformation in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also nformation in "For non-emergency personnel".	
6.2 Environmental precautions	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminate ivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with I egulations.	
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e. earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disper according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a c Avoid using solvents.	osal
6.4 Reference to other sections	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipm See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.	ient.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

#### Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations: Not available.Industrial sector specific: Not available.solutions: Not available.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
butan-1-ol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 154 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
procedures atmosphere or of the ventilatio protective equip the following: E the assessmen limit values and atmospheres - of exposure to o (Workplace atm for the measure	ontains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness in or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory oment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for t of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 nospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures ement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Long term Dermal	89.3 µg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	Long term Oral	0.5 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic
	Long term Dermal	0.75 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	Long term Inhalation	0.87 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	Long term	4.93 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
silane, trimethyoxy[3-(oxiranyl-methoxy)	Long term Oral	5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
propyl]-	Long term Dermal	5 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic
	Long term Dermal	10 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	Long term Inhalation	17 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	Long term Inhalation	70.5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	Short term Inhalation	26400 mg/ m³	General population	Systemic
butan-1-ol	Long term Oral	1.5625 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	Long term Dermal	3.125 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	Long term Inhalation	55 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	Long term Inhalation	55.357 mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	Long term Inhalation	310 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
xylene	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	Long term Inhalation	14.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers General	Systemic
	Long term Dermal	108 mg/kg bw/day 180 mg/kg	population Workers	Systemic Systemic
	Short term	bw/day 289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	Inhalation Short term	289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation Long term	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
	Inhalation Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	population General	Local
	Inhalation Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	population General	Systemic
	Inhalation Long term	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	population Workers	Local
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	Inhalation Long term Inhalation	82.5 µg/m³	General population	Local
	Long term Inhalation	332 µg/m³	Workers	Local
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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

	Short term	25.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
	Inhalation	0	population	
	Short term	51.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	Inhalation	Ũ		
benzyl alcohol	Long term Oral	4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
,	Ũ	bw/day	population	,
	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	Ū.	bw/day	population	-
	Long term	5.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
	Inhalation	_	population	
	Long term Dermal	8 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		bw/day		
	Short term Oral	20 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		bw/day	population	
	Short term Dermal	20 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		bw/day	population	
	Long term	22 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation			
	Short term	27 mg/m³	General	Systemic
	Inhalation		population	
	Short term Dermal	40 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	Short term	110 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation	-		-

#### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Fresh water	0.006 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.0006 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	10 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	0.996 mg/l	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0996 mg/l	-
	Soil	0.196 mg/l	-
butan-1-ol	Fresh water	0.082 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.0082 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	2476 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	0.178 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0178 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.015 mg/kg dwt	-
xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.327 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	6.58 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg dwt	-
benzyl alcohol	Fresh water	1 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.1 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	39 mg/l	-
	Plant	-	
	Fresh water sediment	5.27 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.527 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.456 mg/kg dwt	-

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering	: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be
controls	achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent
	vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Individual protection measured	ures de la constante de la const
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying to EN 166 should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Gloves	<ul> <li>There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.</li> <li>Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) &lt; 1 hour: PE Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) &gt; 8 hours: Teflon, Viton®, 4H May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) &gt; 8 hours: Barricade, CPF 3, Responder, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), neoprene, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, PVC</li> <li>For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.</li> </ul>
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387 (as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.
Environmental exposure controls	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid.
Colour	Aluminium, Brown., Black, Blue., Green., Grey, MCI Base 1, MCI Base 3, MCI Base 5, MCI Base 6, Orange, Red, White., Yellow.
Odour	Characteristic.
Odour threshold	Not applicable.
рН	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Lowest known value: 119°C (246.2°F) (butan-1-ol). Weighted average: 255.58°C (492°F)
Flash point	Closed cup: 38°C
Evaporation rate	Highest known value: 0.77 (xylene) Weighted average: 0.51compared with butyl acetate
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	0.43 - 13%
Vapour pressure	Highest known value: <1 kPa (<7.5 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (butan-1-ol). Weighted average: 0.48 kPa (3.6 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapour density	Highest known value: 11.7 (Air = 1) (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)). Weighted average: 9.96 (Air = 1)
Density	1.65 to 1.761 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Lowest known value: 355°C (671°F) (butan-1-ol).
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)
Explosive properties	Not available.
Oxidising properties	Not available.

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	15600 mg/kg	-
butan-1-ol	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	-

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	12799.17 mg/kg
Dermal Inhalation (vapours)	37130.8 mg/kg
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	418.35 mg/l 105.26 mg/l

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Exposure	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
silane, trimethyoxy[3- (oxiranyl-methoxy)propyl]-	Eyes - Irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rat	-	87 milligrams 8 hours 60 microliters	-
benzyl alcohol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-

#### **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700)	skin	Mammal - species unspecified	Sensitising

#### **Mutagenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Reproductive toxicity

**Developmental effects** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

U			
Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
butan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
xylene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
12-hydroxyoctadecanoic acid, reaction products with 1,3-benzenedimethanamine and hexamethylenediamine	Category 2	-	-

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Other information

: None identified.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) xylene	Acute EC50 1.4 mg/l Acute LC50 3.1 mg/l Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Daphnia Fish - pimephales promelas Fish Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours 96 hours 21 days 48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

#### Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) silane, trimethyoxy[3- (oxiranyl-methoxy)propyl]-	-	-	Not readily Not readily
xylene benzyl alcohol	-	-	Readily Readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700) butan-1-ol	2.64 to 3.78	31	low low
xylene benzyl alcohol	3.12 0.87	8.1 to 25.9 <100	low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.
Disposal considerations	<ul> <li>Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.</li> <li>Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.</li> <li>If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.</li> <li>For further information, contact your local waste authority.</li> </ul>

#### European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation	
08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances	
Packaging	<u>.</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.	
Disposal considerations	<ul> <li>Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.</li> </ul>	
Becult	European wests astalogue (EWC)	

	Result	European waste catalogue (EWC)		
	CEPE Guidelines	15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances	
S	pecial precautions	taken when l Empty conta residues ma container. D thoroughly in	I and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be nandling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. iners or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product y create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the o not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned ternally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with hys, drains and sewers.	

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint. Marine pollutant (epoxy resin (MW ≤ 700))	Paint
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)		3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111	111	111	111
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

<u>Additional information</u>		
ADR/RID	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Hazard identification number 30 Tunnel code (D/E)
ADN	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5$ L or $\leq 5$ kg.
IMDG	:	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq$ 5 L or $\leq$ 5 kg. <b>Emergency schedules</b> F-E, <u>S-E</u>
		Segregation Group: -
ΙΑΤΑ	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
14.6 Special precautions for user	:	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not applicable.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information Other EU regulations** VOC : The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information. VOC for Ready-for-Use : Not available. **Mixture Europe inventory** : Not determined. Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU) Not listed. Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU) Not listed. **Seveso Directive** This product may add to the calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on major accident hazards. **National regulations** Industrial use : The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work. **International regulations Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals** Not listed. **Montreal Protocol** Not listed. Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

### **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

### 15.2 Chemical safety

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.		
	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative	
Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]		

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

#### Marathon 550 Comp A

SECTION 16: Other information		
Classification	Justification	
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data	
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method	
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method	
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method	
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method	

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

11000	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

/ 2 / 3 / 4
SURE -

revision	
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Notice to reader	

#### Notice to reader

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Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.