Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 - United Kingdom (UK)

SAFETY DATA SHEET



AQUATOP 2600-52 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identifiundertaking	ication of the substance/mixture and of the company/
1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: KQUATOP 2600-52 - All variants
1.2 Relevant identified use Product description	es of the substance or mixture and uses advised against ∶ Paint.
1.3 Details of the supplier F eknos Group Oy, Takkatie	of the safety data sheet e 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: Prod-safe@teknos.com
<u>National contact</u> Teknos (UK) Limited, 7 Lor	nglands Rd, Bicester, Oxfordshire OX26 5AH, United Kingdom. Tel. +44 (0) 1869 208005.
1.4 Emergency telephone	number
Telephone number	: 🔽 eknos UK Limited; TEL: +44 1608 683 494; Opening hours: MON-FRI, 7am – 6pm.
SECTION 2: Hazard	Is identification
2.1 Classification of the su	bstance or mixture
Product definition	: Mixture
Classification according t Skin Sens. 1, H317	to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
The product is classified as	hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.
•	ext of the H statements declared above.
See Section 11 for more de	etailed information on health effects and symptoms.
2.2 Label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Circul word	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: 📕 317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Precautionary statements General	
	: Not applicable.
Prevention	: ₱280 - Wear protective gloves. P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.
Response	 ₱362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	 F501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
QUATOP 2600-52 - All var	iants Label No :36118

Date of issue/Date of revision

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazardous ingredients	 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one 2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)
Supplemental label elements	: ₩arning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist. Contains biocidal products for in-can preservation: BIT and Bronopol and MIT and OIT and DTBMA and MBIT.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do : Mone known. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
tanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥10 - ≤25	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	[1] [*]
)ipropyleneglycolmethylether	CAS: 13403-07-7 REACH #: 01-2119450011-60 EC: 252-104-2 CAS: 34590-94-8	≤5	Not classified.	[2]
,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	EC: 220-120-9 CAS: 2634-33-5 Index: 613-088-00-6	<0.05	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1)	[1]
-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	EC: 220-239-6 CAS: 2682-20-4	<0.01	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) EUH071	[1]
-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	EC: 247-761-7 CAS: 26530-20-1 Index: 613-112-00-5	<0.0025	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=100) EUH071	[1]
eaction mass of: 5-chloro- -methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC o. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-	CAS: 55965-84-9 Index: 613-167-00-5	<0.001	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330	[1]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

isothiazol-3-one [EC no.	Skin Corr. 1C, H314
220-239-6] (3:1)	Eye Dam. 1, H318
	Skin Sens. 1A, H317
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400
	(M=100)
	Aquatic Chronic 1,
	H410 (M=100)
	EUH071
	See Section 16 for
	the full text of the H
	statements declared
	above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with diameter \leq 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	Imo action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed <u>Over-exposure signs/symptoms</u>

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: 🕅 specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of any immedi	ate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: I case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
SECTION 5: Firefigh	ting measures
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Vise an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	from the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: 🕅 a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous combustion products	: In a fire, decomposition may produce toxic gases/fumes.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Fromptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident in there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fre-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
SECTION 6: Accider	tal ralagon magguron

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: Fspecialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Kvoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and material for o	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

beomon of Accidental release inclusiones			
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product.		
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.		

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Fating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

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Recommendations

: Not available. : Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Dipropyleneglycolmethylether

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 308 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended monitoring procedures	: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
DNELs/DMELs	

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Manium dioxide	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	700 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.33 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	37.2 mg/m ³		Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	121 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	283 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	308 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	C ood general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Individual protection measure	<u>s</u>
Hygiene measures	In Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	E hemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Mitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm Not recommended polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) gloves
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Refer to European Standard EN 14605 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	: Repropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
	Filter type (spray application): 🛛 📈 P
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical	a	nd chemical properties
<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	;	<mark>∠í</mark> quid.
Colour	;	√ arious
Odour	;	<mark>≸</mark> fight
Odour threshold	;	Not available.
рН	;	8.6 to 9 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%]
Melting point/freezing point	;	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	∕Closed cup: >100°C
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	✓ower: Not applicable. Upper: Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	:	Not available.
Vapour density	:	Not available.
Density	:	≸ .2 kg/l
Solubility(ies)	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Explosive properties	:	Not available.
Oxidising properties	:	Not available.
9.2 Other information		
VOC	;	5 7 g/l
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
No additional information.		

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity				
10.1 Reactivity	1	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.		
10.2 Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.		
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	☑nder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.		
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	No specific data.		
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	No specific data.		
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	✓nder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.		

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1020 mg/kg	-
one				
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	0.11 mg/l	4 hours
3-one	mists			
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	690 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	550 mg/kg	-
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-	LD50 Oral	Rat	53 mg/kg	-
2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-			00	
3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]				
and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-				
3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:				
1)				

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug l	
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	8 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	48 hours 5 %	-
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-	Skin - Severe irritant	Human	-	0.01 %	-
2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-					
3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]					
and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-					
3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:					
1)					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification cr	iteria are	not met.	
Sensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary	: May cause an allergic skin rea	action.			
Mutagenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification ci	iteria are	not met.	
Carcinogenicity					
					1

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SECTION 11: Toxico	log	ical information
Conclusion/Summary	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Teratogenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicit	<u>y (si</u>	ingle exposure)
Not available.		
Specific target organ toxicit	y (re	epeated exposure)
Not available.		
Aspiration hazard		
Not available.		
Information on likely routes	: 1	Not available.
of exposure		
Potential acute health effects	2	
Eye contact	: 🖡	Ko known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: 🖡	Ko known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: 🖡	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: 🖡	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	_	II. chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact		No specific data.
Inhalation	_	No specific data.
Skin contact		Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation
		redness
Ingestion	: 🖡	No specific data.
Deless des dels services distances di		
Short term exposure	ts as	s well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Potential immediate		Not available.
effects	• •	
Potential delayed effects	: 1	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate	: 1	Not available.
effects	_	
Potential delayed effects		Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>	
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	: 🖡	Not available.
General		Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed
	_	to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	_	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity		No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	_	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	_	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: 1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other information	. 6	Not available.
	• •	איטן מימוומטול.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Acute EC50 0.36 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema Costatum	72 hours
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Acute EC50 3.7 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia Magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.9 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Onorhynchus Mykiss	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.15 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema Costatum	72 hours
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Acute EC50 0.18 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
,	Acute LC50 0.07 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Acute EC50 107 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 47 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 74 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 8.5 ppb	Fish - Pimephales promelas	35 days
Conclusion/Summary	: B ased on available data, the classific		

12.2 Persistence and degradability

-					
Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
7,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	EU	24 % - 28 days		-	-
Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.					
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	5	Biodegradability
7,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-		-		Inherent

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
D ipropyleneglycolmethylether	0.004	-	low
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-	3.2	low
2-Octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	2.45	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc})	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
	D.D.

12.5 Results of PB1 a	and VPVB assessment
PBT	: Not applicable.
vPvB	: Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods					
Product					
Methods of disposal :	Disposal of with the req and any reg recyclable p disposed of	this product, solutions uirements of environm ional local authority re products via a licensed	ental protection and w quirements. Dispose o waste disposal contra	should at all times comply aste disposal legislation	
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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Hazardous waste	:	The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	:	Ø 80112
Packaging		
Methods of disposal	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	:	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name				
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)				
14.4 Packing group	F			
14.5 Environmental hazards	N o.	N o.	N o.	No.
Additional information				-

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Fransport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

- 14.7 Transport in bulk : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product. according to IMO
- instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

1.5

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations **Europe inventory**

: Not determined.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU) Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety: Not applicable.assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

F 301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

SECTION 16: Othe	information
Acute Tox. 2 Acute Tox. 3 Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Carc. 2 Eye Dam. 1 Skin Corr. 1 Skin Corr. 1B Skin Corr. 1C Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1A	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 08/02/2022
Date of previous issue	: 06/04/2020
Version	1.05

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.