## United Kingdom (UK) **SELEMIX**

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision : 13 June 2022 Version : 17

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

: SELEMIX 7-310 CELLULOSE TOPCOAT **Product name** 

**Product code** : 1.773.1000/E16K

Other means of identification

Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Professional applications, Used by spraying.

Use of the substance/

: Coating.

mixture

**Uses advised against** : Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Industries Italia S.r.I., Via Comasina, 121, 20161 Milano, Italy Tel: +39 02 6404.1

PPG Industries (UK) Ltd., Needham Road, Stowmarket, Suffolk, IP14 2AD, UK Tel: +44 (0) 1449 773 338

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Company emergency telephone number: +39 02 6404.1 (0800-1700)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Mam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1B, H350 **STOT SE 3, H336** 

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

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### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

**Hazard pictograms** 









Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause cancer.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** : Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from

heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

: F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse Response

cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

**Storage** : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**Disposal** Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

P280, P210, P308 + P313, P305 + P351 + P338, P403 + P233, P501

: n-butyl acetate **Hazardous ingredients** 

> 4-methylpentan-2-one 2-methylpropan-1-ol formaldehvde

Supplemental label

elements

: Not applicable.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: Restricted to professional users.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

**Product meets the criteria** for PBT or vPvB

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing

temperatures greater than 60C/140F.

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## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% by weight	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
<mark>ଜ-</mark> butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
4-methylpentan-2-one	REACH #: 01-2119473980-30 EC: 203-550-1 CAS: 108-10-1 Index: 606-004-00-4	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
Urea, polymer with formaldehyde, butylated isobutylated	CAS: 68071-44-3	≥5.0 - ≤10	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	-	[1]
2-methylpropan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1	≥1.0 - ≤6.9	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≥5.0 - ≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
butan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119484630-38 EC: 200-751-6 CAS: 71-36-3 Index: 603-004-00-6	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	ATE [Oral] = 790 mg/ kg	[1] [2]
acetone	REACH #: 01-2119471330-49 EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1 Index: 606-001-00-8	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5 CAS: 64742-95-6	≥1.0 - ≤4.2	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	EUH066: C ≥ 20%	[1]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≥1.0 - ≤3.0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	ATE [Dermal] = 1700 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
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## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

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	Index: 601-022-00-9		Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
propan-2-ol	REACH #: 01-2119457558-25 EC: 200-661-7 CAS: 67-63-0 Index: 603-117-00-0	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
toluene	REACH #: 01-2119471310-51 EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3 Index: 601-021-00-3	≥1.0 - <3.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1] [2]
2-butoxyethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475108-36 EC: 203-905-0 CAS: 111-76-2 Index: 603-014-00-0	≥1.0 - ≤3.5	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	ATE [Oral] = 1200 mg/ kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
formaldehyde	REACH #: 01-2119488953-20 EC: 200-001-8 CAS: 50-00-0 Index: 605-001-00-5	<1.0	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H335	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 270 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (gases)] = 700 ppm Skin Corr. 1B, H314: C ≥ 25% Skin Irrit. 2, H315: 5% ≤ C < 25% Eye Dam. 1, H318: C ≥ 25% Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 5% ≤ C < 25% Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.2% STOT SE 3, H335: C ≥ 5%	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Xylene: Several REACH registrations cover the REACH registered substance with xylene isomers, ethylbenzene (and toluene). The other REACH Registrations include: 01-2119555267-33 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene, 01-2119486136-34 Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8, 01-2119539452-40 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene.

#### Type

Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

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#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact**: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for

at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

**Ingestion**: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Kadverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness dryness cracking

blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous combustion** products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

**6.2 Environmental** precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. Due to the nitrocellulose content of this product, spray dusts and deposits have a low flammability threshold. The product should not be sprayed in the same booth as coatings that generate heat during drying (for instance air drying or forced dry autoxidising alkyds, styrenated alkyds or polyesters, etc), unless the spray booth and exhaust ducting are completely cleaned between each product change.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values	
<mark>ଜ</mark> -butyl acetate	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019).	
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.	
	STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes.	
	TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours.	
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	
4-methylpentan-2-one	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019).	
	STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes.	
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.	
	TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours.	
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.	
2-methylpropan-1-ol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).	
	TWA: 152 mg/m³ 8 hours.	
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Absorbed through skin.	
	STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes.	
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.	
	TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	
bodon A of	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.	
butan-1-ol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).	
a a a tama	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.	
acetone	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019).	
	TWA: 1210 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.	
vylene		
xylene	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.	
	STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.	
	STEL: 442 mg/m 15 minutes.  STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.	
	TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours.	
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	
propan-2-ol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).	
propert 2 or	STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.	
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.	
toluene	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Absorbed through skin.	
tolugillo	STEL: 384 mg/m³ 15 minutes.	
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.	
	TWA: 192 mg/m³ 8 hours.	
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	
2-butoxyethanol	EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Absorbed through skin.	
	STEL: 246 mg/m³ 15 minutes.	
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.	
	TWA: 98 mg/m³ 8 hours.	
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.	
formaldehyde		
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### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

EU OEL (Europe, 10/2019). Skin sensitiser.

STEL: 0.6 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 0.74 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 0.62 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 0.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
p-butyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	35.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
4-methylpentan-2-one	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11.8 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	14.7 mg/m³	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	14.7 mg/m³	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	83 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	83 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	155.2 mg/m³	General population	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	155.2 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	208 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	208 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
2-methylpropan-1-ol	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	55 mg/m³	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	310 mg/m³	Workers	Local
1-methoxy-2-propanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	33 mg/kg bw/day	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	43.9 mg/m³	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	78 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	183 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	369 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	553.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	553.5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
butan-1-ol	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	55 mg/m³	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	310 mg/m³	Workers	Local

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5625 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	55.357 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
acetone	DNEL	Long term Oral	62 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	62 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	186 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1210 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	2420 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	150 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	25 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	32 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	11 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
xylene	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
propan-2-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	26 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	89 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	319 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	888 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
toluene	DNEL	Long term Oral	8.13 mg/kg bw/day	General population	-
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	56.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	56.5 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	192 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	192 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	226 mg/kg bw/day	General population	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	226 mg/m³	General population	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	226 mg/m³	General population	-
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	384 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	384 mg/m³	Workers	Local
O boots on other or of	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	384 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
2-butoxyethanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	6.3 mg/kg bw/day	General population	-
	DNEL	Short term Oral	26.7 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	59 mg/m³	General population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	75 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	89 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	89 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	98 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL DNEL	Short term Inhalation	147 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
		Short term Inhalation	246 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	426 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	
formaldohydo	DNEL DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1091 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
formaldehyde	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.1 mg/m³	General population	
	DINEL	Long term Inhalation	3.2 mg/m³	General population	Systemic

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

DNEL	Long term Oral	4.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
DNEL	Long term Inhalation	9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
DNEL	Long term Dermal	102 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
DNEL	Long term Dermal	240 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.012 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	General population	Local
DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.037 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	Workers	Local
DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.75 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local

### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
n-butyl acetate	-	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l	-
	-	Marine water	0.018 mg/l	-
	-	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg	-
	-	Marine water sediment	0.0981 mg/kg	-
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	35.6 mg/l	-
	-	Soil	0.0903 mg/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	Fresh water	0.6 mg/l	Assessment Factors
• •	-	Marine water	0.06 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	27.5 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Fresh water sediment	8.27 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Marine water sediment	0.83 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	_	Soil	1.3 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
2-methylpropan-1-ol	_	Fresh water	0.4 mg/l	Assessment Factors
31 1	_	Marine water	0.04 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	_	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	_	Fresh water sediment	1.56 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	_	Marine water sediment	0.156 mg/kg dwt	-
	_	Soil	0.076 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
1-methoxy-2-propanol	_	Fresh water	10 mg/l	Assessment Factors
Timestery 2 proparter	_	Marine water	1 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	_	Sewage Treatment Plant	100 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	_	Fresh water sediment	41.6 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	_	Marine water sediment	4.17 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
		Soil	2.47 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
butan-1-ol	-	Fresh water	0.082 mg/l	_
butan- 1-01		Marine water	0.002 mg/l	
		Fresh water sediment	0.178 mg/kg	
	-	Marine water sediment	0.0178 mg/kg	-
	-	Soil	0.0176 mg/kg	-
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	2476 mg/l	-
acetone	-	Fresh water	10.6 mg/l	- Assessment Factors
acetone	-	Marine water	1.06 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-		1.00 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant Fresh water sediment	30.4 mg/kg dwt	
	-			Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Marine water sediment	3.04 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
vodene	-	Soil	29.5 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
xylene	-	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
	-	Marine water	0.327 mg/l	-
	-		6.58 mg/l	-
	-	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	-	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	-	Soil	2.31 mg/kg	
propan-2-ol	-	Fresh water	140.9 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Marine water	140.9 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Secondary Poisoning	160 mg/kg	-
		Fresh water sediment	552 mg/kg dwt	

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

	-	Marine water sediment	552 mg/kg dwt	-
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	2251 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Soil	28 mg/kg dwt	-
toluene	-	Fresh water	0.68 mg/l	Sensitivity Distribution
	-	Marine water	0.68 mg/l	Sensitivity Distribution
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	13.61 mg/l	Sensitivity Distribution
	-	Fresh water sediment	16.39 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Marine water sediment	16.39 mg/kg dwt	-
2-butoxyethanol	-	Fresh water	8.8 mg/l	Assessment Factors
•	-	Marine water	0.88 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Fresh water sediment	34.6 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Marine water sediment	3.46 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Soil	3.13 mg/kg	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	463 mg/l	Assessment Factors

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Skin protection

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical splash goggles and face shield. Use eye protection according to EN 166.

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Gloves** 

butyl rubber

**Body protection** 

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

**Respiratory protection** : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the

> hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and

particulate filter P3

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid. Colour : Colourless. Odour : Characteristic. **Odour threshold** : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : May start to solidify at the following temperature: -43.77°C (-46.8°F) This is based

on data for the following ingredient: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene. Weighted average:

-92.78°C (-135°F)

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: >37.78°C

**Flammability** : liquid

Upper/lower flammability or

**explosive limits** 

: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.48% Upper: 13.74% (1-methoxy-2-propanol)

: Closed cup: -2°C Flash point

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
2-butoxyethanol	230	446	DIN 51794

**Decomposition temperature** 

: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

pН

: Not applicable. insoluble in water.

**Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s

: 60 - 100 s (ISO 6mm) **Viscosity** 

Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
<mark>∞</mark> old water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure

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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C		Vapou	ır pressu	re at 50°C	
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
etone	180.01	24				

**Evaporation rate** : Highest known value: 6.06 (acetone) Weighted average: 1.45compared with butyl

acetate

Relative density : 0.84

**Vapour density** : Highest known value: 4.1 (Air = 1) (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average:

3.31 (Air = 1)

**Explosive properties** : The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of

vapour or dust with air is possible.

Oxidising properties : Product does not present an oxidizing hazard.

Particle characteristics

**Median particle size** : **M**ot applicable.

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

**10.5 Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Formaldehyde.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 <u>Acute toxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<mark>ଜ</mark> -butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	'			

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	_
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>7000 ppm	6 hours
Time aloxy 2 propanel	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.2 g/kg	_
butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	_
acetone	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	76000 mg/m³	4 hours
doctorio	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	_
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3160 mg/kg	_
Tryarocarbono, co, aromanoc	LD50 Oral	Rat -	3492 mg/kg	_
	2500 0141	Female	0 102 mg/kg	
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	_
Aylene	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	_
propan-2-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	72600 mg/m³	4 hours
propari 2 or	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	- 110013
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5045 mg/kg	_
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
loidelle	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8.39 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5580 mg/kg	_
2-butoxyethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	_
2 Butoxyotharior	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	_
formaldehyde	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	250 ppm	4 hours
lomandonyao	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	270 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	_

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Irritation/Corrosion** 

<u>.                                      </u>					_
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
<b>x</b> ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
2-butoxyethanol	Eyes - Irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours	21 days
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	4 hours	28 days

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin
 There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Eyes
 There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Respiratory
 There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitisation** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
p-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
butan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
acetone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
•	Category 3		Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
propan-2-ol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
formaldehyde	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
toluene	Category 2	-	-

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics xylene toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : ☑an cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness dryness cracking

blistering may occur

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently

exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity**: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Contains a substance that may emit formaldehyde if stored beyond its shelf life and/or during cure at curing temperatures greater than 60C/140F. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
<mark>ଜ</mark> -butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 >179 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >4500 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Fresh water		
butan-1-ol	Acute LC50 1376 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
acetone	Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L	Crustaceans -	48 hours
	Marine water	Acartia tonsa -	
		Copepodid	
	Acute LC50 5540 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

	LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
propan-2-ol	Acute EC50 10100 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia	48 hours
	Fresh water	magna	
2-butoxyethanol	Acute LC50 1474 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC >100 mg/l	Fish	21 days
formaldehyde	Acute EC50 3.48 mg/l Fresh	Algae -	72 hours
	water	Desmodesmus	
		subspicatus	

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
<mark>r</mark> -butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	OECD 301F	83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
acetone	-	90.9 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	-	75 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n-butyl acetate	-	-	Readily
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	-	Readily
acetone	-	-	Readily
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	-	-	Readily
xylene	-	-	Readily
toluene	-	-	Readily
2-butoxyethanol	-	-	Readily

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<mark>ଜ</mark> -butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low
butan-1-ol	1	-	low
acetone	-0.23	3	low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
propan-2-ol	0.05	-	low
toluene	2.73	8.32	low
2-butoxyethanol	0.81	-	low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility : Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

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### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

#### **Hazardous waste**

Yes

#### **European waste catalogue (EWC)**

Waste code	Waste designation
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

#### **Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Type of packaging		European waste catalogue (EWC)
Container	15 01 04	metallic packaging

#### **Special precautions**

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## 14. Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II	II

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: 13 June 2022 Code : 1.773.1000/E16K Date of issue/Date of revision **SELEMIX 7-310 CELLULOSE TOPCOAT** 14. Transport information

14.5	No.	Yes.	No.	No.
Environmental				
hazards				
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### **Additional information**

ADR/RID : None identified.

**Tunnel code** : (D/E)

: The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank **ADN** 

vessels.

: None identified. **IMDG** IATA : None identified.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in

bulk according to IMO

instruments

: Not applicable.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

#### **Substances of very high concern**

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Restricted to professional users.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

### Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

#### **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### **Danger criteria**

Ca	ategory
P5	ic

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
formaldehyde	UK Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL	formaldehyde; methanal	Carc.	-

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**SELEMIX 7-310 CELLULOSE TOPCOAT** 

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.2 Chemical safety

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Abbreviations and acronyms**

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA = International Air Transport Association

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Mam. Liq. 2, H225	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Carc. 1B, H350	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

<b>⊮</b> 225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H350	May cause cancer.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
1	

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SECTION 16: Other information	
H413 EUH066	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 4	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 1B	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Muta. 2	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE -
	Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPEČIFÍC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -
	Category 3

#### <u>History</u>

Date of issue/ Date of

revision

: 13 June 2022

Date of previous issue : 20 October 2021

Prepared by : EHS Version : 17

#### **Disclaimer**

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