

SAFETY DATA SHEET 428/G123 - METALASTIC, METAL PROTECTIVE PAINT - ALL COLOURS

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of t	he substance/mixture and of the company/u	ndertaking
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	428/G123 - METALASTIC, METAL PROTECTIVE PAINT - ALL COLOURS	
Product number	428/G123/ -	
UFI	UFI: 267P-S2YH-Q006-3M1X	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advise	d against
Identified uses	Paint.	
Uses advised against	No specific uses advised against are iden	tified.
1.3. Details of the supplier of t	the safety data sheet	
Supplier	TEAL & MACKRILL LIMITED Lockwood Street HULL UK HU2 OHN +441482320194 (T) +441482219266 (F) info@teamac.co.uk	TEAL AND MACKRILL EU B.V. Zandvoorrtstaat 69 1976 BN IJMUIDEN THE NETHERLANDS +441482320194 (T) +441482219266 (F) info@teamac.co.uk
Contact person	Technical Department -, 08.30 - 16.30 hrs info@teamac.co.uk	Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri, email:
1.4. Emergency telephone nu	mber	
Emergency telephone	+44 (0) 1482 320194 Teamac (08.30 - 16	.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri)
SDS No.	10647	
SECTION 2: Hazards identific	ation	
2.1. Classification of the subs	tance or mixture	
Classification (EC 1272/2008)	<u>)</u>	
Physical hazards	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	
Health hazards	STOT SE 3 - H336	
Environmental hazards	Not Classified	
2.2. Label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	Warning	

1/18

Hazard statements	H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements	 P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102 Keep out of reach of children. P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
Supplemental label information	EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Contains	HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS, HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS
Supplementary precautionary statements	P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

2.3. Other hazards

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures			
HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2%	AROMATICS	30	0-60%
CAS number: —	EC number: 919-857-5	REACH registration number: 01- 2119463258-33-XXXX	
Classification	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	Xn;R65. R1	0,R66,R67.	
STOT SE 3 - H336			
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304			
Yellow Iron Oxide			1-5%
CAS number: 51274-00-1	EC number: 257-098-5	REACH registration number: 01-	
		2119454754-33-xxxx	
Classification	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Not Classified	-		

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS			1-59
CAS number: —	EC number: 918-668-5	REACH registration number: 01- 2119455851-35-xxxx	
Classification	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	Xn;R65. Xi;	R37. N;R51/53. R10,R66,R67.	
STOT SE 3 - H335, H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304			
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411			
Red Iron Oxide			<1
CAS number: 1309-37-1			
Classification	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Not Classified	-	· · ·	
C.I. Pigment Blue 15:3			<1
CAS number: 147-14-8	EC number: 205-685-1	REACH registration number: 01-	
CAS humber: 147-14-0	EC humber. 205-065-1	2119458771-32-0000	
Classification	Classificati		
Classification Not Classified	-	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Barium Sulphate			<1
CAS number: 7727-43-7	EC number: 231-784-4	REACH registration number: 01-	
		2119491274-35-0001	
Classification	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Not Classified	-		
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, iso	oalkanes, cyclics, <2%		<1
aromatics			
CAS number: —	EC number: 918-481-9	REACH registration number: 01-	
		2119457273-39-XXXX	
Classification			
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304			
Titanium Dioxide			<1
CAS number: 13463-67-7	EC number: 236-675-5	REACH registration number: 01-	
		2119489379-17-xxxx	
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)		
Not Classified	-	01 (07/040/EEC 01 1898/40/EC)	
	_		

2-METHYLPENTANE-2,4-DIOL			<1%
CAS number: 107-41-5	EC number: 203-489-0		
Classification Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319	Classificatio Xi;R36/38	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate)			<1%
CAS number: 136-51-6	EC number: 205-249-0	REACH registration number: 01- 2119978297-19-0002	
Classification Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Repr. 2 - H361d			
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether			<1%
CAS number: 34590-94-8	EC number: 252-104-2	REACH registration number: 01- 2119450011-60-XXXX	
Classification Not Classified	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
PHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE			<1%
CAS number: 85-44-9	EC number: 201-607-5	REACH registration number: 01- 2119457017-41-0000	
Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Resp. Sens. 1 - H334 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 STOT SE 3 - H335		on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) 2/43 Xi;R37/38,R41	
Carbon Black			<1%
CAS number: 1333-86-4	EC number: 215-609-9	REACH registration number: 01- 2119384822-32	
Classification Not Classified	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol		<1%
CAS number: 128-37-0	EC number: 204-881-4	REACH registration number: 01- 2119565113-46-xxxx
M factor (Acute) = 1		
Classification	Classification	(67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410	N;R50/53.	
The Full Text for all R-Phrase	es and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Sec	tion 16.
Composition comments	The product contains organic solvents.	
SECTION 4: First aid measu	res	
4.1. Description of first aid m	easures	
General information	Get medical attention immediately. Show this	Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Inhalation	keep warm and at rest in a position comfortal Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or be	It. When breathing is difficult, properly trained ninistering oxygen. Place unconscious person on
Ingestion	or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person fe induce vomiting unless under the direction of should be kept low so that vomit does not en unconscious person. Move affected person to position comfortable for breathing. Place unc	any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water els sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head ter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an o fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a onscious person on their side in the recovery e. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing
Skin contact	Rinse with water.	
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remo apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minute	ove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide es.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate p	protective equipment during any rescue.
4.2. Most important symptom	ns and effects, both acute and delayed	
General information	See Section 11 for additional information on I described will vary dependent on the concent	health hazards. The severity of the symptoms tration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations n application and drying, solvent vapours will b narcotic.	nay damage respiratory system. During e emitted. Vapours in high concentrations are
Ingestion	Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset s be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms a	tomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may as inhalation.
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the	skin. Discoloration of the skin.
Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.	
4.3. Indication of any immedi	ate medical attention and special treatment need	ded
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting mea	asures	

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire- extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.	
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	om the substance or mixture	
Specific hazards	FLAMMABLE. Solvent vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.	
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.	
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak.	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.	
SECTION 6: Accidental release	e measures	
6.1. Personal precautions, prof	ective equipment and emergency procedures	
Personal precautions	No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation.	
6.2. Environmental precautions	3	
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.	
6.3. Methods and material for o	containment and cleaning up	
Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Small Spillages: Collect spillage. Large Spillages: Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. For waste disposal, see Section 13.	
6.4. Reference to other section	IS	
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.	
SECTION 7: Handling and storage		

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage	e, including any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.
Storage class	Flammable liquid storage. The storage and use of this product is subject to the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR). The requirements are given in the HSE Approved Code of Practice and Guidance, Storage of Dangerous Substances: DSEAR. Up to 250 litres of liquids with a flashpoint above 32C but below 55C may be kept in a workroom provided they are kept in closed containers in a marked, fire-resisting cupboard or bin. Larger quantities must be kept in a separate , marked storeroom conforming to the structural requirements contained in the HSE guidance note Storage of Flammable Liquids in Containers.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.
Usage description	Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Yellow Iron Oxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 5 (as Fe) mg/m³ fume Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 10 (as Fe) mg/m³ fume

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 19 ppm 100 mg/m³ vapour

Red Iron Oxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 10 mg/m³ as Fe

C.I. Pigment Blue 15:3

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): MEL 1.5 mg/m3 resp.dust

Barium Sulphate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 4 mg/m³ respirable dust

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 mg/m³

Titanium Dioxide

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m³ respirable dust

2-METHYLPENTANE-2,4-DIOL

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 25 ppm 123 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 25 ppm 123 mg/m³

Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 308 mg/m³ Sk $\,$

PHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m3(Sen) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 12 mg/m3(Sen)

Carbon Black

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 3,5 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 7 mg/m³

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m³ WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Sk = Can be absorbed through skin.

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

DNEL	Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1500 mg/m ³ Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 900 mg/m ³
PNEC	No PNEC available. Substance is a hydrocarbon UVCB. Standard tests for this endpoint are intended for single substances and are not appropriate for the risk assessment of this complex substance.
	Yellow Iron Oxide (CAS: 51274-00-1)
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 10 (inhalable) mg/m ³ Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 inhalable mg/m ³
	HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS
DNEL	Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 11 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 11 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 32 mg/m ³ Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 25 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 150 mg/m ³
PNEC	No PNEC available. Substance is a hydrocarbon UVCB. Standard tests for this endpoint are intended for single substances and are not appropriate for the risk assessment of this complex substance.
Hydroc	arbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics
Ingredient comments	WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

8/18

Titanium Dioxide (CAS: 13463-67-7) DNEL Industry - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m³ Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 700 mg/kg/day **PNEC** - Fresh water; 0.184 mg/l - marine water; 0.0184 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); >=1000 mg/kg - Sediment (Marinewater); >=100 mg/kg - Soil; 100 mg/kg - STP; 100 mg/kg Calcium bis(2-ethylhexanoate) (CAS: 136-51-6) DNEL Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 5.67 mg/kg Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 39.98 mg/m³ General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 2.83 mg/kg General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 2.83 mg/kg General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 9.86 mg/m³ PNEC STP; 71.7 mg/l Soil; 1.06 mg/kg Intermittent release; 0.493 mg/l Fresh water; 0.36 mg/l marine water; 0.036 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 6.37 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 0.637 mg/kg Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether (CAS: 34590-94-8) DNEL Industry - Dermal; Long term : 65 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; Long term : 310 mg/m³ Consumer - Dermal; Long term : 15 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term : 37.2 mg/m³ Consumer - Oral; Long term : 1.67 mg/kg/day **PNEC** Fresh water; 19 mg/l marine water; 1.9 mg/l STP; 4168 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 70.2 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 7.02 mg/kg Soil; 2.74 mg/kg Intermittent release; 19 mg/l Carbon Black (CAS: 1333-86-4) DNEL Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 2 mg/m³ PNEC - Fresh water; 5 mg/l - marine water; 5 mg/l 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-cresol (CAS: 128-37-0) DNEL Industry - Dermal; : 0.5 mg/kg/day Industry - Inhalation; : 3.5 mg/kg/day

PNEC

- Fresh water; 0.000199 mg/l
- Sediment; 0.0996 mg/l
- marine water; 0.0000199 mg/l
- Soil; 0.04769 mg/l

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment





Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Good general ventilation should be adequate to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.
Hand protection	To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standards EN388 and 374. As a general principle, exposure should be managed by means other than the provision of protective gloves. Manufacturers' performance data suggest that the optimum glove for use should be: Wear protective gloves made of the following material: Nitrile rubber. Thickness: ≥ 0.31 mm Permeation breakthrough time according to EN374 - class: (1-6) e.g. minimum 480 mins. Caution: The performance of gloves under actual working conditions can be significantly affected by many factors and the information provided according to EN374 may not accord with what is achieved in practice. We recommend that expert professional advice is sought that takes into account of the work processes and working environment applicable for each task where gloves are to be worn.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.

Hygiene measures Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Respiratory protection Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140. Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. Wear a respirator fitted with the following cartridge: Gas filter, type A2.

Environmental exposure Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process controls equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties		
9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Appearance	Viscous liquid. Coloured liquid.	
Colour	Various colours	
Odour	Organic solvents.	
Flash point	41°C Closed cup.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: 0.8	
Vapour density	heavier than air	
Relative density	0.92 - 1.15 depending on colour @ @ 20 C°C	
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in water	
Partition coefficient	No information available.	
Viscosity	4.0 (Rotothinner) P @ 25 C°C	
9.2. Other information		
Volatile organic compound	This product contains a maximum VOC content of 400 - 490 g/litre.	
SECTION 10: Stability and read	activity	
10.1. Reactivity		
Reactivity	See the other subsections of this section for further details.	
10.2. Chemical stability		
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidising agents.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	Oxidising materials. Acids - oxidising.	
10.6. Hazardous decomposition	10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological information		
11.1. Information on toxicolog	ical effects	
Toxicological offecto	There is no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been appeared following the	

Toxicological effects	There is no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the
	EC 1272/2008 regulation and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. See Sections 2
	and 3 for details.

Carcinogenicity

IARC carcinogenicity	None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system. During application and drying, solvent vapours will be emitted. In high concentrations, vapours are narcotic and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.
Ingestion	Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Nausea, vomiting. Diarrhoea.
Skin contact	The product contains organic solvents. May be absorbed through the skin. Acts as a defatting agent on skin. May cause cracking of skin, and eczema.
Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.
Medical considerations	Skin disorders and allergies. Avoid vomiting and stomach flushing because of the risk of aspiration.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	3,492.0
Species	Rat
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
ATE oral (mg/kg)	3,492.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	3,160.0
Species	Rabbit
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	3,160.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)	6,193.0
Species	Rat
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	6,193.0
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Animal data	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Serious eye damage/irritation	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
IARC carcinogenicity	None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicit	y - single exposure
STOT - single exposure	STOT SE 3 - H335, H336 May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Target organs	Respiratory system, lungs Central nervous system
Specific target organ toxicit	y - repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration hazard	Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Pneumonia may be the result if vomited material containing solvents reaches the lungs.
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation of nose, throat and airway. Difficulty in breathing. Coughing. Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Central nervous system depression. During application and drying, solvent vapours will be emitted. Vapours in high concentrations are narcotic.
Ingestion	Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.
Skin contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Discoloration of the skin.
Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
Target organs	Central nervous system Respiratory system, lungs
SECTION 12: Ecological information	

Ecotoxicity

There is no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the EC 1272/2008 regulation and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly.

12.1. Toxicity

Ecological information on ingredients.

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

	Toxicity	Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	Acute aquatic toxicity	
	Acute toxicity - fish	LC₅₀, 96 hours: 9.2 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
	Acute toxicity - aquat invertebrates	ic EC₅₀, 48 hours: 3.2 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 2.9 mg/l,
	Chronic aquatic toxic	ity
	Chronic toxicity - fish life stage	early NOEC, 28 days: 1.23 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
	Chronic toxicity - aqu invertebrates	atic NOEC, 21 : 2.14 mg/l, Daphnia magna
12.2. Persis	tence and degradabilit	<u>y</u>
Persistence	and degradability Th	ere are no data on the degradability of this product.
Ecological in	nformation on ingredie	nts.
		HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS
	Persistence and degradability	The degradability of the product is not known.
	Biodegradation	- 78%: 28 days
12.3. Bioaco	cumulative potential	
Bioaccumul	ative potential No	data available on bioaccumulation.
Partition coe	efficient No	information available.
Ecological in	nformation on ingredie	nts.
		HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS
	Bioaccumulative pote	ntial No data available on bioaccumulation.
	Partition coefficient	Not available.
12.4. Mobili	ty in soil	
Mobility		latile liquid. The product contains organic solvents which will evaporate easily from all rfaces.
Ecological i	nformation on ingredie	nts.
		HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS
	Mobility	No data available.
12.5. Result	ts of PBT and vPvB as	sessment

Results of PBT and vPvB This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

Ecological information on ingredients.

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information	The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.
Disposal methods	Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Waste packaging should be collected for reuse or recycling. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Waste class	When this coating, in its liquid state, as supplied, becomes a waste, it is categorised as hazardous waste, with code 08 01 11* (SOLVENT BASED LIQUID WASTE). Part-used containers, not drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dried residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as hazardous waste, with code 08 01 11* (SOLVENT BASED LIQUID WASTE). If mixed with other wastes, the above waste code may not be applicable. Used containers, drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dry residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as non-hazardous waste, with code 15 01 02 (plastic packaging) or 15 01 04 (metal packaging).

SECTION 14: Transport information

General	

For limited quantity packaging/limited load information, consult the relevant modal documentation using the data shown in this section.

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID)	1263
UN No. (IMDG)	1263
UN No. (ICAO)	1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name PAINT, Contains Low Aromatic White Spirit, Class 3, PG III, (38 °C c.c.)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) PAINT

Proper shipping name (ICAO) PAINT

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 3

IMDG class

Transport labels



(ADR/RID)

14.4. Packing group	
ADR/RID packing group	III
IMDG packing group	Ш
ICAO packing group	Ш

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

3

14.6. Special precautions for user

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

EmS F-E, S-E

Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislationRegulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18
December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of
Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).
Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.
Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16
December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as
amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

Inventories

EU - EINECS/ELINCS

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Other information	
Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	 ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways. RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate. LCso: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population. LDso: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose). ECso: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) Asp. Tox. = Aspiration hazard Flam. Liq. = Flammable liquid STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure
Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008	STOT SE 3 - H336, STOT RE 1 - H372: Calculation method. Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412: Calculation method. Flam. Liq. 3 - H226: Expert judgement.
Training advice	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision comments	Issued in new format for Reach compliance in accordance with EC 1272/2008 Issued in accordance with Annex II to REACH, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 Substitution of neodecanoate acid, cobalt salt with cobalt polymer complex. Update for CLP labelling. Addition of EU supplier information Unique Formula Identifier (UFI) added
Issued by	Technical Dept. (P.E.)
Revision date	07/01/2021
Revision	8.2
Supersedes date	09/07/2019
SDS number	10647
SDS status	Approved.

Hazard statements in full	H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
	H302 Harmful if swallowed.
	H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
	H315 Causes skin irritation.
	H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H318 Causes serious eye damage.
	H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
	H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
	H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
	H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
	H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
	H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Signature	Initials

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.