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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Sikalastic D-10 RoofPro

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Surfaces protection

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name of supplier	:	Sika Limited
		Watchmead Welwyn Garden City
		Hertfordshire. AL7 1BQ
Telephone	:	+44 (0)1707 394444
Telefax	:	+44 (0)1707 329129
E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS	:	EHS@uk.sika.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National Chemical Emergency Centre (NCEC) 24 Hour Emergency Telephone Number +44 870 190 6777

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 3 Respiratory sensitisation, Category 1	H226: Flammable liquid and vapour. H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin sensitisation, Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - single ex- posure, Category 3, Central nervous system	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction. H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat- egory 3	H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting ef- fects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Danger



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Hazard statements :	H226 H317 H334	Flammable liquid and vapour. May cause an allergic skin reac May cause allergy or asthma sy	
	H336	breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizzir	
	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long fects.	
Precautionary statements :	Prevention:		
	P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfa open flames and other ignition smoking.	•
	P261	Avoid breathing mist or vapours	S.
	P280	Wear protective gloves/ protect eye protection/ face protection.	ive clothing/
	Response:		
	P304 + P340 +	P312 IF INHALED: Remove pe air and keep comfortable for bro POISON CENTER/ doctor if yo	eathing. Call a
	P342 + P311	If experiencing respiratory sympolic POISON CENTER/ doctor.	otoms: Call a
	P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use dry sand, dr alcohol-resistant foam to exting	

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

bis[2-[2-(1-methylethyl)-3-oxazolidinyl]ethyl] hexane-1,2-diylbiscarbamate

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate

2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl)butyl acrylate

Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues

4-morpholinecarbaldehyde

2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Additional Labelling

EUH211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

"As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use."

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.



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Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
	EC-No.		(% w/w)
	Registration number		
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	Flam. Liq. 3; H226	>= 10 - < 20
Contains:	203-603-9	STOT SE 3; H336	
2-methoxypropyl acetate <= 1 %	01-2119475791-29- XXXX		
Diphenyl tolyl phosphate MCS	Not Assigned	Aquatic Acute 1;	>= 10 - < 20
	945-730-9	H400	
	01-2119511174-52-	Aquatic Chronic 3;	
	XXXX	H412	
bis[2-[2-(1-methylethyl)-3-	59719-67-4	Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 5 - < 10
oxazolidinyl]ethyl] hexane-1,2-	261-879-6	Skin Sens. 1B; H317	
diylbiscarbamate	UK-01-6693092877-	Aquatic Chronic 2;	
	6-0001	H411	
Titanium dioxide (> 10 μm)	13463-67-7		>= 5 - < 10
	236-675-5		
	01-2119489379-17-		
	XXXX		
propyl acetate	109-60-4	Flam. Liq. 2; H225	>= 2,5 - < 5
	203-686-1	Eye Irrit. 2; H319	
	01-2119484620-39-	STOT SE 3; H336	
	XXXX	(Central nervous	
		system)	
		EUH066	

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4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocya-	101-68-8	Acute Tox. 4; H332	>= 0,1 - < 1
nate	202-966-0 01-2119457014-47- XXXX	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Carc. 2; H351 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) STOT RE 2; H373	
		specific concentration limit Eye Irrit. 2; H319 >= 5 % STOT SE 3; H335 >= 5 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315 >= 5 % Resp. Sens. 1; H334 >= 0,1 %	
		Acute toxicity esti- mate	
		Acute inhalation tox- icity (dust/mist): 1,5 mg/l	
o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate	5873-54-1 227-534-9 01-2119480143-45- XXXX	Acute Tox. 4; H332 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Carc. 2; H351 STOT RE 2; H373	>= 0,1 - < 1
		specific concentration limit Eye Irrit. 2; H319 >= 5 % STOT SE 3; H335 >= 5 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315 >= 5 % Resp. Sens. 1; H334 >= 0,1 %	

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2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl)butyl acrylate	15625-89-5 239-701-3 01-2119489896-11- XXXX	Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1	>= 0,025 - < 0,25
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues	9016-87-9 Not Assigned	Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Carc. 2; H351 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) STOT RE 2; H373	>= 0,1 - < 1
		specific concentration limit Eye Irrit. 2; H319 >= 5 % Resp. Sens. 1; H334 >= 0,1 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315 >= 5 % STOT SE 3; H335 >= 5 %	
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	4394-85-8 224-518-3 01-2119987993-12- XXXX	Skin Sens. 1; H317	< 1





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2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocya- nate	2536-05-2 219-799-4 01-2119927323-43- XXXX	Acute Tox. 4; H332 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Carc. 2; H351 STOT RE 2; H373 specific concentration limit Eye Irrit. 2; H319 >= 5 % STOT SE 3; H335 >= 5 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315 >= 5 % Resp. Sens. 1; H334 >= 0,1 %	< 0,1

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

An Booomption of mot ala mououre	•
General advice :	Move out of dangerous area. Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
If inhaled :	Move to fresh air. Consult a physician after significant exposure.
In case of skin contact :	Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
In case of eye contact :	Remove contact lenses. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
If swallowed :	Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Rinse mouth with water. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
4.2 Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms :	Asthmatic appearance Allergic reactions



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	Loss of balance Vertigo See Section 11 for more detailed inforn and symptoms.	nation on health effects
Risks	: sensitising effects	
	May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms ties if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	s or breathing difficul-
4.3 Indication of any immediate	medical attention and special treatment n	needed
Treatment	: Treat symptomatically.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sures	
SECTION 5: Firefighting mean	sures	
5.1 Extinguishing media	 Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical Water 	
5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical	
5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing	 Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical Water High volume water jet 	
5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	 Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical Water High volume water jet 	ay scatter and spread
 5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.2 Special hazards arising from Specific hazards during fire- fighting 	 Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical Water High volume water jet the substance or mixture Do not use a solid water stream as it m 	
 5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.2 Special hazards arising from Specific hazards during fire- fighting Hazardous combustion prod- 	 Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical Water High volume water jet the substance or mixture Do not use a solid water stream as it m fire. 	
 5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.2 Special hazards arising from Specific hazards during fire- fighting Hazardous combustion prod- ucts 	 Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical Water High volume water jet the substance or mixture Do not use a solid water stream as it m fire. No hazardous combustion products are 	e known

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	: Use personal protective equipment.
	Remove all sources of ignition.
	Deny access to unprotected persons.
	Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentra-



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	tions. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.	
6.2 Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions :	Prevent product from entering drains. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or respective authorities.	drains inform
6.3 Methods and material for conta	ainment and cleaning up	
Methods for cleaning up :	Contain spillage, and then collect with non-con sorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaced miculite) and place in container for disposal ac / national regulations (see section 13).	ous earth, ver-
6 4 Deference to other continue		

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling :	 Avoid formation of aerosol. Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8). Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. For personal protection see section 8. Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours). Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical products
Advice on protection against : fire and explosion	Use explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges.
Hygiene measures :	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.
Conditions for cafe storage incl	luding onv incompatibilities

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage	:	Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated
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areas and containers	place. Containers which are opened sealed and kept upright to prevent le ance with local regulations.	
Further information on stor- age stability	: No decomposition if stored and appli	ed as directed.
7.3 Specific end use(s) Specific use(s)	: Cleaning with aprotic polar solvents r Consult most current local Product D use.	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters *	Basis *	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	STEL	100 ppm 550 mg/m3	2000/39/EC	
	Further inform	ation: Identifies the		ificant uptake	
	through the sk		. , , ,	•	
		TWA	50 ppm 275 mg/m3	2000/39/EC	
		TWA	50 ppm 274 mg/m3	GB EH40	
	Further inform	ation: Can be absor	bed through the s	skin. The as-	
	signed substa	nces are those for w	which there are co	ncerns that	
	dermal absorp	tion will lead to syst	temic toxicity.		
		STEL	100 ppm 548 mg/m3	GB EH40	
Titanium dioxide (> 10 µm)	13463-67-7	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40	
		TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40	
propyl acetate	109-60-4	TWA	200 ppm 849 mg/m3	GB EH40	
		STEL	250 ppm 1.060 mg/m3	GB EH40	
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40	
	Further information: Capable of causing occupational asthma.				
		STEL	0,07 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40	
o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate	5873-54-1	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40	
	Further information: Substances that can cause occupational				
	asthma (also known as asthmagens and respiratory sensitisers)				
	can induce a state of specific airway hyper-responsiveness via an				
	immunological irritant or other mechanism. Once the airways have				
	become hyper-responsive, further exposure to the substance,				

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	sometimes even in tiny quantities, may cause respiratory symp- toms. These symptoms can range in severity from a runny nose to asthma. Not all workers who are exposed to a sensitiser will be- come hyper-responsive and it is impossible to identify in advance those who are likely to become hyper-responsive. Substances that can cause occupational asthma should be distinguished from substances which may trigger the symptoms of asthma in people with pre-existing airway hyper-responsiveness, but which do not include the disease themselves. The latter substances are not classified as asthmagens or respiratory sensitisers. Further infor- mation can be found in the HSE publication Asthmagen? Critical assessments of the evidence for agents implicated in occupational asthma., Wherever it is reasonably practicable, exposure to sub- stances that can cause occupational asthma should be prevented. Where this is not possible, the primary aim is to apply adequate standards of control to prevent workers from becoming hyper- responsive. For substances that can cause occupational asthma, COSHH requires that exposure be reduced to as low as is rea- sonably practicable. Activities giving rise to short-term peak con- centrations should receive particular attention when risk manage- ment is being considered. Health surveillance is appropriate for all employees exposed or liable to be exposed to a substance which may cause occupational asthma and there should be appropriate consultation with an occupational health professional over the degree of risk and level of surveillance., Capable of causing occu- pational asthma., The 'Sen' notation in the list of WELs has been assigned only to those substances which may cause occupational asthma in the categories shown in Table 1. It should be remem- bered that other substances not in these tables may cause occu- pational asthma. HSE's asthma web pages			
		.uk/asthma) provide STEL	0,07 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues	9016-87-9	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
	Further information	ation: Capable of ca	ausing occupation	
		STEL	0,07 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	2536-05-2	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40



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	include the disease themselve classified as asthmagens or m mation can be found in the HS assessments of the evidence asthma., Wherever it is reaso stances that can cause occup Where this is not possible, the standards of control to preven responsive. For substances th COSHH requires that exposu sonably practicable. Activities centrations should receive pa ment is being considered. He employees exposed or liable may cause occupational asthm consultation with an occupation degree of risk and level of sur pational asthma., The 'Sen' m assigned only to those substa	
	UTLE UTLE	(NCO)

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*The above mentioned values are in accordance with the legislation in effect at the date of the release of this safety data sheet.

Biological occupational exposure limits

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parame- ters	Sampling time	Basis
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 μmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of expo- sure	GB EH40 BAT
o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocy- anate	5873-54-1	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of expo- sure	GB EH40 BAT
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, iso- meres and homologues	9016-87-9	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of expo- sure	GB EH40 BAT
2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	2536-05-2	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati-	At the end of the period of expo- sure	GB EH40 BAT

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nine	
(Urine)	

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
bis[2-[2-(1-methylethyl)- 3-oxazolidinyl]ethyl] hexane-1,2- diylbiscarbamate	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	29,4 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	16,7 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	6,25 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	8,3 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	4,2 mg/kg

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
bis[2-[2-(1-methylethyl)-3- oxazolidinyl]ethyl] hexane-1,2- diylbiscarbamate	Fresh water	0,0186 mg/l
	Marine water	0,00186 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0,709 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0,0709 mg/kg
	Soil	1,131 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection	:	Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166 Eye wash bottle with pure water
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard must be worn at all times when handling chemical products. Reference number EN 374. Follow manufacturer specifications.
		Suitable for short time use or protection against splashes: Butyl rubber/nitrile rubber gloves (> 0,1 mm) Contaminated gloves should be removed. Suitable for permanent exposure: Viton gloves (0.4 mm), breakthrough time >30 min.
Skin and body protection	:	Protective clothing (e.g. Safety shoes acc. to EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved working clothing, long trousers). Rubber aprons and protective boots are additionaly recommended for mixing and stirring work.
Respiratory protection	:	In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
ountry GB 00000609758		12 /



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	Respirator selection must be based on exposure levels, the hazards of the pro- ing limits of the selected respirator. organic vapor (Type A) and particulate f Use a properly fitted NIOSH approved a respirator complying with an approved a sessment indicates this is necessary. A1: < 1000 ppm; A2: < 5000 ppm; A3: < P1: Inert material; P2, P3: hazardous su Ensure adequate ventilation. This can b exhaust extraction or by general ventila ods for determining inhalation exposure ticular to the mixing / stirring area. In ca to keep the concentrations under the oc limits then respiration protection measu	duct and the safe work- filter air-purifying or air-fed standard if a risk as- < 10000 ppm ubstances be achieved by local tion. (EN 689 - Meth- e). This applies in par- ise this is not sufficent ccupational exposure
Environmental exposure co	ontrols	
General advice	 Prevent product from entering drains. If the product contaminates rivers and la respective authorities. 	akes or drains inform

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Colour Odour	:	liquid various hydrocarbon-like
Melting point/range / Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or e	exp	losive limits
Upper explosion limit / Up- per flammability limit	-	
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	1,5 %(V)
Flash point	:	44 °C Method: closed cup
Auto-ignition temperature	:	333 °C
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available



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рН	:	Not applicable	
Viscosity Viscosity, kinematic	:	> 7 mm2/s (40 °C)	
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	insoluble	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	No data available	
Vapour pressure	:	3,1 hPa	
Density	:	1,4 g/cm3 (20 °C)	
Relative vapour density	:	No data available	
Particle characteristics	:	No data available	
9.2 Other information			

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions	:	Stable under recommended storage conditions.	
		Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.	

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : No data available

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.



mation as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 information. e: LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 5.000 mg/kg	
information. e: LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg	
e: LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg	
LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg	
LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg	
LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 5.000 mg/kg	
LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg	
lidinyl]ethyl] hexane-1,2-diylbiscarbamate:	
LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg	
anate:	
LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401	
LC50: 1,5 mg/l	
Exposure time: 4 n Test atmosphere: dust/mist	
Method: Expert judgement	
Acute toxicity estimate: 1,5 mg/l	
Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method	
	blidinyl]ethyl] hexane-1,2-diylbiscarbamate: LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg anate: LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401 LC50: 1,5 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement Acute toxicity estimate: 1,5 mg/l Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Exposure time: 4 h



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	Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement Assessment: The component/mixture is mo short term inhalation.	oderately toxic after				
Acute dermal toxicity :	LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 9.400 mg/kg					
Skin corrosion/irritation Not classified based on available	e information.					
Serious eye damage/eye irrita	tion					
Not classified based on available	e information.					
Respiratory or skin sensitisat	on					
Skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin react	Skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction.					
Respiratory sensitisation May cause allergy or asthma sy	mptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.					
Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified based on available	e information.					
Carcinogenicity Not classified based on available	e information.					
Reproductive toxicity Not classified based on available	Reproductive toxicity Not classified based on available information.					
STOT - single exposure						
May cause drowsiness or dizzin	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.					
STOT - repeated exposure Not classified based on available	STOT - repeated exposure Not classified based on available information.					
Aspiration toxicity Not classified based on available	Aspiration toxicity Not classified based on available information.					
11.2 Information on other hazards						
Endocrine disrupting properti	es					
Product: Assessment :	The substance/mixture does not contain co ered to have endocrine disrupting propertie REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delega (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation levels of 0.1% or higher.	es according to ated regulation				



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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

С	ο	m	ıp	0	ne	nt	ts:

bis[2-[2-(1-methylethyl)-3-oxaz	olidinyl]ethyl] hexane-1,2-diylbiscarbamate:
Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 87,1 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic : plants	EC50 (Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae)): 18,6 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

2,2-bis(acryloyloxymethyl)butyl acrylate:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 0,87 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- icity)	:	1
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)	:	1
Diphenylmethanediisocyan	ate,	, isomeres and homologues:
Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): > 1.000 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1.640 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment	: This substance/mixture contains no components considered
	to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher



7.09.2022

13.1 Waste treatment methods

J.			
	Product	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.
			Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.
			Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
			Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
	European Waste Catalogue	:	08 01 11* waste paint and varnish containing organic sol- vents or other dangerous substances
	Contaminated packaging	:	15 01 10* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances
			Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of as the unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number



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IMDG	:	UN 1263	
ΙΑΤΑ	:	UN 1263	
14.2 UN proper shipping name			
ADR	:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	
IMDG	:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Paint related material	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)			
ADR	:	3	
IMDG	:	3	
ΙΑΤΑ	:	3	
14.4 Packing group			
ADR Packing group Classification Code Hazard Identification Number Labels Tunnel restriction code		III F1 30 3 (D/E)	
IMDG Packing group Labels EmS Code	:	III 3 F-E, <u>S-E</u>	
IATA (Cargo) Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) Packing instruction (LQ) Packing group Labels		366 Y344 III Flammable Liquids	
IATA (Passenger) Packing instruction (passen- ger aircraft) Packing instruction (LQ) Packing group Labels		355 Y344 III Flammable Liquids	
14.5 Environmental hazards		-	
ADR Environmentally hazardous	:	no	
IMDG Marine pollutant	:	no	
IATA (Passenger) Environmentally hazardous	:	no	



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IATA (Cargo)

Environmentally hazardous : no

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

International Chemical Weapons Schedules of Toxic Chemicals an	· /	Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 or plete the ozone layer	n substances that de- :	Not applicable
Volatile organic compounds :	(VOCV) Volatile organic compour Directive 2010/75/EU of 2 emissions (integrated po	for volatile organic compounds ds (VOC) content: 21,9% w/w 24 November 2010 on industrial lution prevention and control) ds (VOC) content: 21,9% w/w

If other regulatory information applies that is not already provided elsewhere in the Safety Data Sheet, then it is described in this subsection.

Other regulations:

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.



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SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements		
H225	:	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	:	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H315	:	Causes skin irritation.
H317	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319		Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	÷	Harmful if inhaled.
H334		May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul-
11001	•	ties if inhaled.
H335		May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	÷	
H351	÷	Suspected of causing cancer.
H373	·	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
11070		exposure.
H373	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
		exposure if inhaled.
H400	:	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	:	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	:	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	:	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Full text of other abbreviati	one	
	0113	
Acute Tox.	:	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute	:	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic	:	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Carc.	:	Carcinogenicity
Eye Irrit.	:	Eye irritation
Flam. Liq.	:	Flammable liquids
Resp. Sens.	:	Respiratory sensitisation
Skin Irrit.	:	Skin irritation
Skin Sens.	:	Skin sensitisation
STOT RE	:	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT SE	:	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
2000/39/EC	:	Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first
		list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
GB EH40		UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
GB EH40 BAT		UK. Biological monitoring guidance values
2000/39/EC / TWA	:	Limit Value - eight hours
2000/39/EC / STEL	:	Short term exposure limit
GB EH40 / TWA	:	Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
	:	
GB EH40 / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)
ADR	:	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of
		Dangerous Goods by Road
CAS	:	Chemical Abstracts Service
DNEL	:	Derived no-effect level
EC50	:	Half maximal effective concentration
GHS	:	Globally Harmonized System
ΙΑΤΑ	:	International Air Transport Association



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IMDG		International Maritime Code for Danger	ous Goods
LD50	:	Median lethal dosis (the amount of a m	aterial, given all at
		once, which causes the death of 50% (test animals)	one half) of a group of
LC50	:	Median lethal concentration (concentra	
		air that kills 50% of the test animals dur period)	ring the observation
MARPOL	:	International Convention for the Preven	
		Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protoco	ol of 1978
OEL	:	Occupational Exposure Limit	
PBT	:	Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic	
PNEC	:	Predicted no effect concentration	
REACH	:	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the E	European Parliament
		and of the Council of 18 December 200)6 concerning the Reg-
		istration, Evaluation, Authorisation and	a
		cals (REACH), establishing a Europear	
SVHC	:	Substances of Very High Concern	5 9
vPvB	:	Very persistent and very bioaccumulati	ve
Further information			
Classification of the mixtu	ire:	Classification	n procedure:

Classification procedure:		
ment		
3		

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet corresponds to our level of knowledge at the time of publication. All warranties are excluded. Our most current General Sales Conditions shall apply. Please consult the product data sheet prior to any use and processing.

Changes as compared to previous version !

GB / EN