



#### 1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product Identity 19 Ultra, Asphalt Cements/Mastics/Coatings
Alternate Names 19 Ultra, Asphalt Cements/Mastics/Coatings

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended useSee Technical Data Sheet.Application MethodSee Technical Data Sheet.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name LRS

Seamless waterproofing systems

Prees Green Whitchurch SY132BN

01948 841877

www.lrs-systems.co.uk www.karnakcorp.com

CHEMTREC (USA) (800) 424-9300

**24 hour Emergency Telephone No.** NHS 111, 07983631893

Customer Service: Karnak Corporation 1-800-526-4236

### 2. Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Lig. 3;H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

Skin Sens. 1;H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Carc. 2;H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

STOT RE 1:H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Specific Target

Organs: (central nervous system)

#### 2.2. Label elements

Emergency

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.









### Danger

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### [Prevention]:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

P235 Keep cool.

P240 Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

#### [Response]:

P301+310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P302+352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove / Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P308+313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.

P314 Get Medical advice / attention if you feel unwell.

P321 Specific treatment (see information on this label).

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P333+313 If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.





P370+378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing media listed in section 5 of SDS for extinction.

#### [Storage]:

P403+233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

#### [Disposal]:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

| Ingredient/Chemical Designations  | Weight % | GHS Classification                 | Notes  |
|---|----------|------------------------------------|--------|
| Asphalt (petroleum)<br>CAS Number: 0008052-42-4                         | 50 – 75  | Not Classified                     | [1][2] |
| Stoddard solvent<br>CAS Number: 0008052-41-3                            | 10 – 25  | STOT RE 1;H372<br>Asp. Tox. 1;H304 | [1][2] |
| Magnesium aluminium silicate<br>CAS Number: 0012174-11-7                | 10 – 25  | Carc. 2;H351                       | [1]    |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic<br>CAS Number: 0064742-95-6 | 1.0 – 10 | Asp. Tox. 1;H304                   | [1]    |
| Styrene-Butadiene polymer<br>CAS Number: 0009003-55-8                   | 1.0 – 10 | Skin Sens. 1;H317                  | [1]    |
| Cellulose<br>CAS Number: 0009004-34-6                                   | 1.0 – 10 | Not Classified                     | [1][2] |

In accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200, the specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

#### 4. First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Skin: Moderately irritating. Ingestion: Abdominal irritation.

Inhalation: If enlivened by primer or heat, over exposure to fume could cause irritation,

dizziness.

<sup>[1]</sup> Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

<sup>[2]</sup> Substance with a workplace exposure limit.

<sup>[3]</sup> PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.
\*The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.





Inhalation If respiratory discomfort occurs, remove to fresh air. If discomfort continues,

administer oxygen and get medical attention.

Eyes Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids

apart and seek medical attention.

Skin If this product comes in contact with skin, remove material with mineral oil, then

wash with soap and plenty of water.

Ingestion If swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Overview** Pre-existing eye, skin, and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to these products. Exposure to high concentrations of fumes may have an anesthetic effect.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Eye Contact: May cause tearing, stinging, redness, irritation, and burns.

**Inhalation:** Irritating to respiratory tract. Prolonged or repeated breathing of very high vapor concentrations cause euphoria, excitation, and dizziness, headaches, nausea, and vomiting, abdominal pain, fatigue, muscular weakness. Aspiration into the lungs can cause CNS (central nervous system) and subsequent aspiration into the lungs can cause pulmonary edema and chemical pneumonia depression. Chronic overexposure in high concentrations may produce CNS depression.

**Ingestion:** Irritation of the mouth, esophagus, and stomach can develop following ingestion. Symptoms include burning of the mouth, sore throat, vomiting, nausea, dizziness, loss of consciousness. Due to its light viscosity, there is danger of aspiration into the lungs during vomiting. Aspiration can result in severe lung damage or death.

**Skin Contact:** Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause moderate to severe irritation including itching and redness of the skin, defatting, and/or dermatitis. This product can also be absorbed through the skin and produce CNS symptoms. Single prolonged exposure is not likely to result in the product being absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. **Signs And Symptoms Of Exposure:** Eye irritation, respiratory irritation, drying and cracking of skin, dizziness, fatigue, headache, unconsciousness or asphyxiation. Chronic effects of ingestion and subsequent aspiration into the lungs can cause pneumatocele (lung cavity) formation and chronic lung dysfunction. Repeated breathing of vapors can cause effects to liver and kidneys.

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage. See section 2 for further details.

**Skin** May cause an allergic skin reaction.

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### 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Class "B" dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or other suitable extinguishing material such as dry sand. Do not use halogenated agents. When flames have been eliminated, cover residue with dry extinguishing agent or dry sand and allow it to remain undisturbed until it has cooled. If fire appears to increase in intensity, stop using these agents. Apply Class "D" extinguishing agent or more dry, inert, granular material. Ring fire with extinguishing material and allow the fire to burn out.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: Oxides of carbon, various hydrocarbon fragments

Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

Keep cool.

Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

#### 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

When heated above flash point, material will release flammable vapors which can burn or be explosive in confined spaces if ignited. Do not mix with strong oxidants such as liquid chlorine or concentrated oxygen.

If the fire does not respond to above agents or they are not available, use foam or water FOG as a last resort. Water may also be used to cool exposed, but not burning, containers. These products may float and be re-ignited on top of water.

Closed containers may explode in a fire. Keep containers cool and remove to a safe location.

In a confined space, wear positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus, (SCBA) with a full face-piece and protective clothing. Persons without respiratory protection should leave area.

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#### 6. Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.





#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill as quickly as possible. Keep flowing material away from heat, sparks, or open flames. Do not smoke near a spill. Use clay (Oil Dry™), sand, earth, etc. to absorb the spill. Put material into a suitable steel drum which can be closed securely.

Eliminate ignition sources. Soak up with noncombustible absorbent material. Remove absorbent material for proper disposal.

### 7. Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

The requirements of the Highly Flammable Liquids and Liquefied Petroleum Gases Regulations apply if the flashpoint is between 21°C and 32°C.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in cool, dry area, away from heat, sparks and naked flames.

Keep containers sealed when not in use.

Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry ventilated area. Maintain package labeling during storage.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents

**Other Precautions:** All labeled precautions must be observed when handling, storing and transporting empty containers due to product residues. Do not reuse containers. Empty containers may contain material residues which can ignite with explosive force. Cutting or welding of empty containers can cause fire, explosion, or release fumes from residues. Keep containers closed and drum bungs in place. Dispose of in a licensed facility.

See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Health studies have shown that many petroleum hydrocarbons pose potential human health risks which may vary from person to person. As a precaution, exposure to liquids, vapors, mists or fumes should be minimized.

### 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Exposure**

| CAS No.      | Ingredient       | Source                            | Value                                  |
|--------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 0008052-41-3 | Stoddard solvent | ont OSHA TWA 500 ppm (2900 mg/m3) | TWA 500 ppm (2900 mg/m3)               |
|              |                  | ACGIH                             | TWA: 290 mg/m3STEL: 580 mg/m3          |
|              |                  | NIOSH                             | TWA 350 mg/m3 C 1800 mg/m3 [15-minute] |





|   |   | Supplier | No Established Limit                    |
|---|---|----------|---|
| 0008052-42-4                              | Asphalt (petroleum)                         | OSHA     | No Established Limit                    |
|   |   | ACGIH    | TWA: 0.5 mg/m32B                        |
|   |   | NIOSH    | Ca C 5 mg/m3 [15-minute]                |
|   |   | Supplier | No Established Limit                    |
| 0009003-55-8                              | Styrene-Butadiene polymer                   | OSHA     | No Established Limit                    |
|   |   | ACGIH    | No Established Limit                    |
|   |   | NIOSH    | No Established Limit                    |
|   |   | Supplier | No Established Limit                    |
| 0009004-34-6                              | Cellulose                                   | OSHA     | TWA 10 mg/m3 (total) TWA 5 mg/m3 (resp) |
|   |   | ACGIH    | TWA: 10 mg/m3                           |
|   |   | NIOSH    | TWA 10 mg/m3 (total) TWA 5 mg/m3 (resp) |
|   |   | Supplier | No Established Limit                    |
| 0012174-11-7 Magnesium aluminium silicate |   | OSHA     | No Established Limit                    |
|   |   | ACGIH    | No Established Limit                    |
|   |   | NIOSH    | No Established Limit                    |
|   |   | Supplier | No Established Limit                    |
| 0064742-95-6                              | Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | OSHA     | No Established Limit                    |
|   |   | ACGIH    | No Established Limit                    |
|   |   | NIOSH    | No Established Limit                    |
|   |   | Supplier | No Established Limit                    |

#### **Carcinogen Data**

| CAS No.      | Ingredient                       | Source                   | Value   |
|--------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| 0008052-41-3 | Stoddard solvent                 | OSHA                     | Select Carcinogen: No   |
|              |                                  | NTP                      | Known: No; Suspected: No  |
|              |                                  | IARC                     | Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;  |
| 0008052-42-4 | Asphalt (petroleum)              | OSHA                     | Select Carcinogen: No   |
|              |                                  | NTP                      | Known: No; Suspected: No  |
|              |                                  | IARC                     | Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: Yes; Group 3: No; Group 4: No; |
| 0009003-55-8 | Styrene-Butadiene polymer        | e-Butadiene polymer OSHA | Select Carcinogen: No   |
|              |                                  | NTP                      | Known: No; Suspected: No  |
|              |                                  | IARC                     | Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: Yes; Group 4: No; |
| 0009004-34-6 | Cellulose                        | OSHA                     | Select Carcinogen: No   |
|              | NTP                              | NTP                      | Known: No; Suspected: No  |
|              |                                  |                          | Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;  |
| 0012174-11-7 | Magnesium aluminium silicate OSH | OSHA                     | Select Carcinogen: No   |
|              |                                  | NTP                      | Known: No; Suspected: No  |
|              |                                  | IARC                     | Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: Yes; Group 3: No; Group 4: No; |





| 0064742-95-6 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light |          | OSHA   | Select Carcinogen: No    |
|---|----------|--|--------------------------|
|   | aromatic |  | Known: No; Suspected: No |
|   | IARC     | Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No; |                          |

8.2. Exposure controls

**Respiratory** In case of burning material, use SCAB.

**Eyes** Safety glasses or face shield for liquid material.

**Skin** Protective clothing as necessary to prevent wetting of the skin. Wear nitrile or similar

chemical resistant gloves to keep skin contact to a minimum.

Refer to the manufacturer's recommendations regarding the suitability of any gloves used.

**Engineering Controls** 

Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapor below occupational exposure limits

suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Other Work Practices Long sleeves and impervious clothing to protect against splashing.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or

using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

AppearanceDark LiquidOdorMild PetroleumOdor thresholdNot MeasuredpHNot Measured

Melting point / freezing point NA

Initial boiling point and boiling range 149 – 177C

Flash Point (PMCC): 40C min.

Evaporation rate (Ether = 1) (Butyl Acetate=1)@25C: 0.2

Flammability (solid, gas) Not Applicable

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Lower Explosive Limit: Not Measured

Upper Explosive Limit: Not Measured

Vapor pressure (Pa) 3

Vapor Density (Air=1): > 4

**Specific Gravity** (H2O=1): 0.8 - 1.2

Solubility in Water Insoluble





Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)Not MeasuredAuto-ignition temperatureNot MeasuredDecomposition temperatureNot MeasuredViscosity (cSt)Not Measured

9.2. Other information

No other relevant information.

### 10. Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Excessive heat and open flame.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Oxides of carbon, various hydrocarbon fragments

## 11. Toxicological information

#### **Acute toxicity**

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

Based upon animal testing, the C9 aromatic hydrocarbon components (trimethylbenzenes and ethylmethylbenzenes) are presumed to cause fetal toxicity and/or decreased fetal and newborn weights if overexposure occurs during the early gestation period.





| Ingredient   | Oral LD50,<br>mg/kg             | Skin LD50,<br>mg/kg                  | Inhalation<br>Vapor LC50,<br>mg/L/4hr | Inhalation<br>Dust/Mist LC50,<br>mg/L/4hr | Inhalation<br>Gas LC50,<br>ppm |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Asphalt (petroleum) - (8052-42-4)                          | No data available               | No data available                    | No data available                     | No data available                         | No data available              |
| Stoddard solvent - (8052-41-3)                             | No data available               | No data available                    | No data available                     | No data available                         | No data available              |
| Magnesium aluminium silicate - (12174-11-7)                | No data<br>available            | No data available                    | No data<br>available                  | No data available                         | No data<br>available           |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic - (64742-95-6) | 6,800.00, Rat -<br>Category: NA | 3,400.00,<br>Rabbit -<br>Category: 5 | No data<br>available                  | No data<br>available                      | No data<br>available           |
| Styrene-Butadiene polymer - (9003-55-8)                    | No data available               | No data available                    | No data<br>available                  | No data available                         | No data available              |
| Cellulose - (9004-34-6)                                    | 5,000.00, Rat -<br>Category: 5  | 2,000.00,<br>Rabbit -<br>Category: 4 | No data<br>available                  | No data<br>available                      | No data<br>available           |

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

| Classification                | Category | Hazard Description  |
|-------------------------------|----------|---|
| Acute toxicity (oral)         |          | Not Applicable  |
| Acute toxicity (dermal)       |          | Not Applicable  |
| Acute toxicity (inhalation)   |          | Not Applicable  |
| Skin corrosion/irritation     |          | Not Applicable  |
| Serious eye damage/irritation |          | Not Applicable  |
| Respiratory sensitization     |          | Not Applicable  |
| Skin sensitization            | 1        | May cause an allergic skin reaction.                            |
| Germ cell mutagenicity        |          | Not Applicable  |
| Carcinogenicity               | 2        | Suspected of causing cancer.                                    |
| Reproductive toxicity         |          | Not Applicable  |
| STOT-single exposure          |          | Not Applicable  |
| STOT-repeated exposure        | 1        | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| Aspiration hazard             |          | Not Applicable  |

## 12. Ecological information





#### 12.1. Toxicity

The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and GHS and is not classified as dangerous for the environment, but contains substance(s) dangerous for the environment. See section 3 for details

#### **Aquatic Ecotoxicity**

| Ingredient   | 96 hr LC50 fish,<br>mg/l  | 48 hr EC50 crustacea,<br>mg/l | ErC50 algae,<br>mg/l                     |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Asphalt (petroleum) - (8052-42-4)                          | Not Available             | Not Available                 | Not Available                            |
| Stoddard solvent - (8052-41-3)                             | Not Available             | Not Available                 | Not Available                            |
| Magnesium aluminium silicate - (12174-11-7)                | Not Available             | Not Available                 | Not Available                            |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic - (64742-95-6) | 9.22, Oncorhynchus mykiss | 6.14, Daphnia magna           | 19.00 (72 hr), Selenastrum capricornutum |
| Styrene-Butadiene polymer - (9003-55-8)                    | Not Available             | Not Available                 | Not Available                            |
| Cellulose - (9004-34-6)                                    | 100.00, Fish (Piscis)     | Not Available                 | Not Available                            |

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

## 13. Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Bury in an approved landfill according to federal, state, and local regulations. Empty containers that have been completely emptied and the residue allowed to dry are not considered hazardous waste.

### 14. Transport information





**DOT (Domestic** IMO / IMDG (Ocean ICAO/IATA Ground Transportation)

**Transportation**)

UN1999 14.1. **UN** number UN1999 UN1999

14.2. UN proper Not regulated, non-bulk Tars, liquid including road oils and Tars, liquid including road oils

cutback bitumens and cutback bitumens shipping name

14.3. Transport IMDG: 3 Air Class: 3

hazard class(es)

14.4. Packing group Ш

EmS No. F-E, S-E

14.5. Environmental hazards

**IMDG:** Marine Pollutant: No Air Class: 3

14.6. Special precautions for user

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### 15. Regulatory information

The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected **Regulatory Overview** 

regulations are represented. **Toxic Substance** 

All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA Control Act (TSCA)

Inventory.

WHMIS Classification B3 D2A

**US EPA Tier II Hazards** Fire: Yes

Sudden Release of Pressure: No

Reactive: No

Immediate (Acute): Yes Delayed (Chronic): Yes

#### EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### **EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### **EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

Magnesium aluminium silicate





#### Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### **Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### **Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%):

Asphalt (petroleum)

Cellulose

Stoddard solvent

#### Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%):

Asphalt (petroleum)

Cellulose

Stoddard solvent

#### 16. Other information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Disclaimer: This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. The information has been completed to the best of our knowledge and is believed to be accurate and reliable as from the date indicated. However, no warranty is made as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy oneself as to the suitability and completeness of such information for his own particular use.

**End of Document** 



