



1. IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER

Paint for maintaining fire rating and as topcoat over FireKill™ Steel and Timber.

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2. COMPOSITION: HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Pigmentation: Titanium dioxide & non toxic inert pigments & extenders
(gold also contains – copper/zinc alloy metal).
Binder: Acrylic copolymer emulsion.
Solvent: Water.

3. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

This product has been assessed under the CHIP Regulations and is classified as follows: Indication(s) of Danger – None.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

PROVIDE THIS DATA SHEET IF TREATMENT IS NEEDED.

In all cases of doubt, or where symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped administer artificial respiration. Give nothing by mouth. If unconscious place in the recovery position. Seek medical advice
Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing, wash skin thoroughly with soap and water, or use a proprietary skin cleanser. Do not use solvents or thinners. Seek medical advice if symptoms persist.
Eye contact: Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding lids apart. Seek medical advice.
Ingestion: If accidentally swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Keep at rest and obtain medical attention.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media: Recommended - alcohol resistant foam, CO2, powders.
Not to be used: Water jet.
Recommendations: Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Fire fighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Closed containers exposed to fire should be cooled with water. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water-courses.

6. LEAK AND SPILL PROCEDURE

Contain and collect spillage using sand or earth. Do not allow to enter drains. Exclude non-essential personnel. Ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapours. Refer to protective measures listed in section 8. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, eg sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth, and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Clean with water. If the product enters drains or sewers, immediately contact the local water company. In the case of contamination of streams, rivers or lakes, contact the relevant environment agency.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Use only in well ventilated areas. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory protection. Avoid contact with skin. Where there is a risk of product entering the eyes, wear suitable eye/face protection. Keep out of reach of children.

8. PERSONAL PROTECTION & EXPOSURE CONTROLS

Respiratory protection: If spraying wear dust mask.
Hand protection: Impermeable gloves recommended.
Eye protection: Eye protection recommended.



Skin protection: Wear suitable overalls; wash with soap and water after handling.
 Hygiene measures: Do not eat drink or smoke when handling product.
 Symptoms of exposure:
 Short term: Splashes entering the eyes will cause discomfort and possible damage.
 Theoretical air quantity to ventilate to o.e.l: Not applicable.

FLATTING: Protective gloves should be worn to avoid the risk of skin irritation. When surfaces are to be prepared for painting, account should be taken of the age of the property and the possibility that lead pigmented paint might be present. There is a possibility that ingestion or inhalation of scrapings or dust arising from the preparation work could cause health effects. As a working rule you should assume that this will be the case if the age of the property is pre 1960. Where possible wet flattening or chemical stripping methods should be used with surfaces of this type to avoid the creation of dust. When dry flattening cannot be avoided, and effective local exhaust ventilation is not available, it is recommended that a dust respirator is worn, that is approved for use with lead dusts, and its type selected on the basis of the occupational hygiene (COSHH) assessment, taking into account the occupational hygiene exposure standard for lead in air. Furthermore, steps should be taken to ensure containment of the dusts created, and that all practicable measures are taken to clean up thoroughly all deposits of dusts in and around the affected area.

The Control of Lead at Work approved code of practice 1998 (ISBN 0 71 7615065) should be consulted for advice on protective clothing and personal hygiene precautions. Care should also be taken to exclude visitors, members of the household and especially children from the affected area, during the actual work and the subsequent clean up operations. All scrapings, dust, etc. should be disposed of by the professional painting contractor as Special (Hazardous) Waste, with the relevant documentation under The Special Waste Regulations 1996 plus amendment 2001, The Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations 1991, The Controlled Waste Registration of Carriers and Seizure of Vehicles Regulations 1991 plus amendment 1998 and the Controlled Waste Regulations 1992 plus amendment 1993. Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film may give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.

Extra precautions will need to be taken when burning off old lead based paints (See above - "Flattening" for relevance to work on older property, ie pre 1960) as fumes containing lead will be produced. It is recommended that a respirator, approved for use with particulate fumes of lead is selected on the basis of the occupational hygiene (COSHH) assessment, taking into account the occupational hygiene exposure standard for lead in air. Similar precautions to those given above under the Flattening section should be taken with reference to protective clothing, disposal of scrapings and dusts, and exclusion of other personnel and especially children from the building during actual work and the subsequent clean up operations.

9. PHYSICAL DATA

Explosive limits vol./vol:	Not applicable
Dry spray mists/dusts:	Not applicable
Physical state:	Liquid
Solubility in water:	Soluble
Ph:	7 - 10
Density:	1.0 - 1.5 kg./litre
Flashpoint:	Not applicable

10. STABILITY & REACTIVITY DATA

Conditions to avoid: extremes of temperature.
 Stability – stable.
 Incompatibility - strong oxidising agents, concentrated nitric and sulphuric acid.
 Hazardous decomposition and combustion products - liquid product will not burn dried film will produce smoke, carbon dioxide and or carbon monoxide.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL

There is no data on the product itself. The product has been assessed following the conventional method in the



CHIP Regulations and is classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term details of the resulting hazard classification.

Eyes: Can cause eye irritation.
Skin: Repeated or prolonged exposure defats the skin and may cause dermatitis in sensitive individuals. Skin contact should therefore be avoided.
Ingestion: Low order of toxicity although product should not be swallowed.
Inhalation: May produce symptoms of headache and nausea in poorly ventilated areas. Where the product is being heated, dried or sprayed sufficient ventilation should be provided.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Bio-accumulation: Not tested.
Ecotoxicity: Spillage's should not be washed into any drain unless it leads to a suitable effluent treatment process. Spillages should not be allowed to enter routes to waterways.

13. WASTE DISPOSAL

Wastes, including emptied containers, should be disposed of in accordance with national regulations. EUROPEAN WASTE CATALOGUE CODES (See 2000/532/EC).
Product as supplied: Assigned as non-hazardous waste code 08 01 12 waste paint and varnish other than those mentioned in 08 01 11.
Part-used containers, containing dried residues of the supplied product: Assigned as non-hazardous waste code 08 01 12 waste paint and varnish other than those mentioned in 08 01 11.
Used containers, rigorously scraped out and containing dried residues of the supplied product: Assigned as nonhazardous waste code 15 01 02 plastic packaging OR non-hazardous waste code 15 01 04 metal packaging
"Rigorously scraped out" means removing the maximum amount of product from the container by physical or mechanical means (draining or scraping) to leave a residue or contamination that cannot be removed by such means.
These codes have been assigned based on the actual composition of the product both as supplied and as dried residues. If mixed with other wastes, the waste codes quoted may not be applicable.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport within user's premises:
Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Not classed as hazardous.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SI 1984/1985: observe the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances regulations.
This product has been assessed under the CHIP Regulations and is classified as follows:
Named Substances: None
Indication of danger: None
Symbol Letters: None

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Last Revised: 12/2/13.

The information contained in this MSDS corresponds to our level of knowledge at the time of publication. All warranties are excluded. Our most current General Sales Conditions shall apply. Please consult the technical Data Sheet prior to use.